SCHEME INFORMATION DOCUMENT



Section I

Name of the Scheme: Franklin India Multi Asset Allocation Fund

Type of the Scheme: An open-ended fund investing in equity, debt and commodities.

-	Scheme Riskometer	Benchmark Riskometer as on	
suitable for investors who		June 30, 2025	
are seeking*:			
 Long Term Capital Appreciation Investment in equity, debt 		65% Nifty 500+ 20% Nifty Short Duration Index+ 5% Domestic price of gold+ 5% Domestic price of silver+ 5% iCOMDEX	
and commodities	Low to Moderate Risk Low Risk RISKOMETER The risk of the scheme is Very High risk	Low to Moderate Risk Low Risk RISKOMETER The risk of the benchmark is High risk	

^{*}Investors should consult their financial advisers if in doubt about whether the product is suitable for them.

The above product labelling assigned during the New Fund Offer (NFO) is based on internal assessment of the scheme characteristics or model portfolio and the same may vary post NFO when the actual investments are made.

Please refer to our website (https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/downloadsServlet/pdf/product-labels-jg9o5k7l) or latest Risk-o-meters of scheme and primary benchmark (Tier I) calculated in accordance with Para 5.16 and 17.4 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024.

Offer for Units of Rs. 10 each for cash during the New Fund Offer and Continuous offer for Units at NAV based prices.

New Fund Offer Opens on: July 11, 2025 New Fund Offer Closes on: July 25, 2025 Scheme re-opens on: August 4, 2025

Name of Mutual Fund	Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund	
Name of Asset Management	Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd.	
Company	CIN - U67190MH1995PTC093356	
Name of Trustee Company	Franklin Templeton Trustee Services Pvt. Ltd.	
	CIN - U65991MH1995PTC095500	
Addresses of Asset Management	One International Centre, Tower 2, 12th and 13th Floor,	
Company and Trustee Company	Senapati Bapat Marg, Elphinstone Road (West), Mumbai	
	400013	
Website	www.franklintempletonindia.com	

The particulars of the Scheme have been prepared in accordance with the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations 1996, (herein after referred to as SEBI (MF) Regulations) as amended till date and circulars issued thereunder filed with SEBI, along with a Due Diligence Certificate from the AMC. The units being offered for public subscription have not been approved or recommended by SEBI nor has SEBI certified the accuracy or adequacy of the Scheme Information Document.

The Scheme Information Document (SID) sets forth concisely the information about the scheme that a prospective investor ought to know before investing. Before investing, investors should also ascertain about any further changes to this Scheme Information Document after the date of this Document from the Mutual Fund / Investor Service Centres / Website / Distributors or Brokers.

The investors are advised to refer to the Statement of Additional Information (SAI) for details of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund, Standard Risk Factors, Special Considerations, Tax and Legal issues and general information on https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/downloads/fund-documents.

The SAI is incorporated by reference (is legally a part of the Scheme Information Document). For a free copy of the current SAI, please contact your nearest Franklin Templeton Investor Service Centre or log on to our website.

The Scheme Information Document (Section I and II) should be read in conjunction with the SAI and not in isolation.

This Scheme Information Document is dated July 8, 2025.

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Part I. HIGHLIGHTS / SUMMARY OF THE SCHEME

Sr. No.	Title	Description	
I.	Name of the Scheme	Franklin India Multi Asset Allocation Fund	
II.	Category of the Scheme	Multi Asset Allocation	
III.	Scheme type	An open-ended fund investing in equity, debt and commodities.	
IV.	Scheme Code	FTMF/O/H /MAA/25/06/0051	
V.	Investment Objective	The objective of the scheme is to generate long term capital appreciation by investing in equity and equity related instruments, debt & money market instruments and commodities. However, there is no assurance that the investment objective of the scheme will be realized.	
VI.	Liquidity/ Listing details	The Scheme will open for purchase/subscriptions, repurchase/redemption on all Business Days on August 4, 2025. The redemption proceeds will be despatched to the unitholders within the regulatory time limit of 3 working days of the receipt of the valid redemption request at the OPAT of the Mutual Fund. As per AMFI guidelines dated January 27, 2023, the AMC will endeavour to payout the redemptions within 2 working days of the receipt of valid redemption request s. In case of exceptional situations, additional time for redemption payment may be taken. This shall be in line with AMFI letter dated January 16, 2023.	
VII.	Benchmark (Total Return Index)	The Scheme is not proposed to be listed. Tier I benchmark - Composite Benchmark of 65% Nifty 500+ 20% Nifty Short Duration Index+ 5% Domestic price of gold+ 5% Domestic price of silver+ 5% iCOMDEX The above benchmark suits the expected scheme composition. It is in accordance with paragraph 1.9 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, on 'Guiding Principles for bringing uniformity in Benchmarks of Mutual Fund Schemes' and the policy framework as prescribed by AMFI for Composition of Benchmark of Multi Asset Allocation Fund Category. The Trustee reserves the right to change the benchmark for evaluation of performance of the Scheme from time to time in conformity with the investment objectives and appropriateness of the benchmark subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations, and other prevailing guidelines, if any.	

VIII.	NAV Disclosure	The NAV will be calcula	ated for every Business Day and can	
		be viewed on <u>www.franklintempletonindia.com</u> and		
		<u>www.amfiindia.com</u> . NAV will be calculated up to four decimal places using standard rounding criteria.		
		Particulars NAV declaration time for Business Day & Rationale		
		First NAV	Shall be calculated and declared within 5 business days from the date of allotment of respective Plan(s)/Option(s) under the Scheme	
		If entire or part of AUM the scheme is invested in ETCDs	9 AM on the following business day	
		If nil exposure towards ETCDs	11 PM on same business day	
		If entire or part of AUM is invested in overseas securities	As the prices of overseas securities would be determined as per a different time zone, the Scheme(s) may declare the NAV for a Business Day by the next Business Day by 10 AM	
		Further Details in Section II.		
IX.	Applicable Timelines	Dispatch of redemption proceeds - The redemption proceeds will be despatched to the unitholders within the regulatory time limit of 3 working days of the receipt of the valid redemption request at the OPAT of the Mutual Fund. As per AMFI guidelines dated January 27, 2023, the AMC will endeavour to payout the redemptions within 2 working days of the receipt of valid redemption request. In case of exceptional situations, additional time for redemption payment may be taken. This shall be in line with AMFI letter dated January 16, 2023.		
		Dispatch of Payout of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal (IDCW) option - 7 working days from record date.		
X.	Plans & Options	Plans:		
	Plans/Options and sub options under the scheme	RegularDirect		
		Options:		
		 Growth 		

		 Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal (IDCW) Option (Payout and Reinvestment) Default plan and option: Direct – Growth For detailed disclosure on default plans and options, kindly refer SAI. 	
XI.	Load Structure	 Exit Load: In respect of each purchase of Units Upto 10% of the Units may be redeemed without any exit load within 1 year from the date of allotment*. Any redemption in excess of the above limit shall be subject to the following exit load: 0.50% - if redeemed on or before 1 year from the date of allotment Nil - if redeemed after 1 year from the date of allotment 	
		* This condition is applicable on a yearly basis. In case of multiple transactions, Units will be redeemed on First In First Out (FIFO) basis the date of allotment of such units. If the limit is not availed during a year, it shall not be clubbed or carried forward to the next year.	
		Subject to the Regulations, the Trustee / AMC reserve the right to modify / change the load structure on a prospective basis.	
XII.	Minimum Application Amount/ Switch in	During NFO and on a continuous basis: Subscription: Fresh Purchase - Rs.5,000/- and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter	
XIII.	Minimum Additional Purchase Amount	Rs.1,000/- and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter.	
XIV.	Minimum Redemption/ switch out amount	Rs. 1,000/- and in multiples of Rs. 1 thereafter	
XV.	New Fund Offer Period This is the period during which a new scheme sells its units to the investors.	period Any changes in dates will be published through notice or AMC websit	
XVI.	New Fund Offer Price: This is the price per unit that the investors have to pay to invest during the NFO.	Rs. 10/- per unit	
XVII.	Segregated portfolio/ side pocketing	Not applicable.	

	disclosure		
XVIII.	Swing pricing	Not applicable.	
	disclosure		
XIX.	Stock lending/ short	, 6 G	
	selling	securities in accordance with the guidelines issued by SEBI.	
		For details, kindly refer Section SAI.	
XX. How to Apply and other details		During the NFO and on a continuous basis, investors can subscribe for the Units of the Scheme by completing the Application Form and delivering it at any Investor Service Centre or Collection Centre. KYC complied investor/ Investors who are able to provide necessary information and/or documents to perform KYC can perform a webbased transaction to purchase units of the Scheme on website of the Mutual Fund under the head "Transact Now" (www.franklintempletonindia.com), FT Mobile	
		App or through any other electronic mode introduced from time to time.	
		Financial transactions through email in respect of non-individual investors shall be accepted in terms of AMFI Best Practice Guidelines (BPG) no. 118/2024-25 dated January 31, 2025, and such other circulars issued in this regard from time to time.	
		Please refer to the SAI and the Key Information Memorandum/ Application Form for the instructions.	
		Further details provided in Section II.	
XXI.	Investor services	Contact details for general service requests: Good Shepherd Square, 4th Floor, No.82, MGR Salai (Erstwhile Kodambakkam High Road), Chennai- 600034, Tamil Nadu.	
		Tel: 1-800-425-4255 or 1-800-258-4255 (toll-free numbers). International Callers can reach at 91-44-28885200 or 91-44-69030702 (Local call rates apply to both the numbers) from 8.00 a.m. to 9.00 p.m., Monday to Saturday. Email: service@franklintempleton.com	
		Contact details for complaint resolution: Ms. Rini Krishnan has been appointed as the Investor Relations Officer of the AMC. She can be contacted at the above address.	
XXII.	Specific attribute of the scheme (such as lock in, duration in case of	Not applicable.	
<u> </u>	,		

XXIII.	target maturity scheme/close ended schemes) (as applicable) Special Product/ facility available during the NFO and on ongoing basis	Following facilities are available: • Exchange/Switch • Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) • Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) Variants facility • Step Up SIP • Pause SIP • Any Date SIP • SIP Amount Change • Flexi SIP • Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) • Flex STP • Value Systematic Transfer Plan • Systematic Withdrawal Plan (SWP) • Family Solutions' Facility • Transfer Of Income Distribution Cum Capital Withdrawal Plan (TIDCW) • Facility for subscription, redemption and switch of units through stock exchange infrastructure
XXIV.	Weblink	TER for last 6 months, Daily TER shall be made available under Total Expense Ratio Scheme factsheet shall be made available on www.franklintempletonindia.com/downloads/fund-literature. In case of newly launched scheme TER details shall be available from the first NAV date.

DUE DILIGENCE BY THE ASSET MANAGEMENT COMPANY

It is confirmed that:

- i. The Scheme Information Document submitted to SEBI is in accordance with the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines and directives issued by SEBI from time to time.
- ii. All legal requirements connected with the launching of the Scheme as also the guidelines, instructions, etc., issued by the Government and any other competent authority in this behalf, have been duly complied with.
- iii. The disclosures made in the Scheme Information Document are true, fair and adequate to enable the investors to make a well informed decision regarding investment in the Scheme.
- iv. The intermediaries named in the Scheme Information Document and Statement of Additional Information are registered with SEBI and their registration is valid, as on date.
- v. The contents of the Scheme Information Document including figures, data, yields etc. have been checked and are factually correct.
- vi. A confirmation that the AMC has complied with the compliance checklist applicable for Scheme Information Documents and other than cited deviations/ that there are no deviations from the regulations.
- vii. Notwithstanding anything contained in this Scheme Information Document, the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the guidelines there under shall be applicable.
- viii. The Trustees have ensured that Franklin India Multi Asset Allocation Fund approved by them is a new product offered by Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of any existing scheme/fund/product.

Sd/-

Date: July 8, 2025 Name: Saurabh Gangrade

Place: Mumbai Designation: Compliance Officer

Part II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. HOW WILL THE SCHEME ALLOCATE ITS ASSETS?

Under normal market circumstances, the investment range would be as follows:

Instruments	Indicative Allocations (% of Net assets)	
	Maximum	Minimum
Equity and Equity related instruments;	80	65
Debt & Money Market Instruments, cash & cash	25	10
equivalent@		
Commodities^	25	10
Units issued by REITs and InvITs	10	0

@includes mutual fund units;

Money Market instruments include commercial papers, commercial bills, treasury bills, Tri-party repo, Government securities having an unexpired maturity up to one year, call or notice money, certificate of deposit, and any other like instruments as specified under applicable regulations from time to time;

Cash or cash equivalents with residual maturity of less than 91 days may be treated as not creating any exposure. SEBI vide letter dated November 3, 2021 has clarified that Cash Equivalent shall consist of Government Securities, T-Bills and Repo on Government Securities.

^Includes Gold ETF, Silver ETF, Exchange Traded Commodity Derivatives (ETCDs) & any other mode of investment in commodities as permitted by SEBI from time to time

The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt, derivative positions (including fixed income derivatives), and repo transactions in corporate debt securities, Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs), Infrastructure Investment Trusts (InvITs), other permitted securities/assets and such other securities/assets shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme.

Indicative Table (Actual instrument/ percentages may vary subject to applicable SEBI circulars):

Sl.	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references*
No			
1.	Derivatives including index futures, stock futures, index options, & stock options (including covered call strategy) in line with SEBI guidelines, etc. (excluding commodities) Debt derivatives including Forward Rate	Upto 50% of net assets of the scheme The Scheme may use derivatives for such purposes as may be permitted by the Regulations, including for the purpose of hedging and portfolio balancing, based on the opportunities available and subject to guidelines issued by SEBI from time to	Para 12.25 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024.

Sl. No	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references*
	Agreements, Interest Rate Futures and Interest rate swaps.	time. The margin money deployed on derivative positions would be included in Debt & Money Market Instruments. Derivatives exposure for non-hedging purposes: upto 20%	
2.	Securities Lending	Upto 20% of net assets and the maximum single party exposure will be restricted to 5% of net assets outstanding at any point of time. ^ Presently, Securities lending and borrowing (SLB) is an Exchange traded product. Counterparty is not known for transactions carried out under SLB segment and they are guaranteed by Clearing Corporations and hence do not carry any counter party risk. Accordingly, single party exposure limit will not apply to trades on Stock Exchange platform. Single party exposure limits can only apply in case of OTC (over the counter) trades where counterparty can be identified.	Para 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024 June 27, 2024.
3.	Securitized Debt	Upto 20% of net assets The Scheme shall not invest in foreign securitized debt.	Para 12.15 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024June 27, 2024.
4.	Exchange Traded Commodity Derivatives	The exposure to ETCDs shall not be more than 25% of the net asset value of the scheme.	Para 12.26 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024
5.	Overseas Securities/ETFs	Upto 20% of net assets	Para 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular dated June 27, 2024.

S1. No	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references*
6.	Debt instruments with special features viz. subordination to equity (absorbs losses before equity capital) and /or convertible to equity upon trigger of a prespecified event for loss absorption (For eg. Additional Tier I bonds and Tier 2 bonds issued under Basel III framework)	The Scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its NAV of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments having special features or as permitted by SEBI from time to time.	Referred in Para 12.2 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024
7.	Debt instruments having Structured Obligations / Credit Enhancements	The total exposure towards Credit Enhancement / structured obligations such as corporate / promoter guarantee etc. shall not exceed 10% of debt portfolio of the Scheme and group exposure shall not exceed 5% of debt portfolio of the Scheme.	Overnight & Liquid fund)/ Para 12.3 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024June 27, 2024
8.	Repo/reverse repo transactions in Corporate debt securities	Upto 10% of net assets	Para 12.18 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024June 27, 2024
9.	Units of mutual funds	The scheme may invest in Mutual Fund units including ETFs to the extent of 35% of net assets. This investment is subject to prevailing regulatory limits of aggregate interscheme investment made by all schemes under the same management or in schemes under the management of any other asset management company which shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the mutual fund.	Schedule 7 of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996

S1. No	Type of Instrument	Percentage of exposure	Circular references*
10.	Credit Default Swap transactions	As per applicable regulations	Para 12.28 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024
11.	Securities borrowing and Short Selling activities	The Scheme shall not engage in Securities borrowing and Short Selling activities	Para 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024
12.	Tri-party repos	Upto 100% of net assets	Not applicable
13.	ReITS and InVITS	The scheme may invest upto 10% of the net assets of the scheme in units issued by REITs and InvITs and not more than 5% of the net assets of the Scheme will be invested in InvITs and REITs of any single issuer.	Para 12.21 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024

The fund managers will follow an active investment strategy taking defensive/aggressive postures depending on opportunities available at various points in time. It must be clearly understood that the percentages stated above are only indicative and not absolute and that they can vary substantially (subject to and within the maximum limits prescribed above) depending upon the perception of the Investment Manager, the intention being at all times to seek to protect the interests of the Unit holders. The asset allocation pattern described above may alter from time to time on a short-term basis on defensive considerations (As per Para 1.14.1.2.b of SEBI Master circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024), keeping in view market conditions, market opportunities, applicable regulations and political and economic factors (i.e., for reasons other than downgrade in rating) and would, in such cases, shall be rebalanced within 30 calendar days from date of deviation. However, if the asset allocation pattern is to be altered for other reasons, as this is a fundamental attribute, the procedure outlined in the paragraph on fundamental attributes below, shall be followed.

Portfolio Rebalancing

In the event of deviations the portfolio will be rebalanced as per Para 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024. In the event of deviation from mandated asset allocation mentioned in the Scheme Information Document (SID) due to passive breaches (occurrence of in stances not arising out of omission and commission of AMCs), rebalancing period shall be 30 Bu siness Days. Where the portfolio is not rebalanced within 30 Business Days justification in writin g, including details of efforts taken to rebalance the portfolio shall be placed before the Investme nt Committee. The Investment committee shall then decide on the course of action. The Investment Committee, if so desires, can extend the timelines up to sixty (60) business days from the dat e of completion of mandated rebalancing period. However, at all times the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objectives of the Scheme.

All the reporting and disclosure requirements as mentioned in Para 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 shall be complied with. This includes disclosure to investor s in case the AUM of deviated portfolio is more than 10% of the AUM of main portfolio of scheme.

Deployment of Funds collected in New Fund Offer (NFO) period

Pursuant to SEBI Circular dated February 27, 2025, the AMC shall aim to deploy the funds garnered during the NFO within 30 business days from the date of allotment of units. In exceptional cases, if the AMC is unable to deploy the funds within the 30 business day period, a written explanation, including details of the efforts taken to deploy the funds, shall be placed before the Investment Committee of the AMC. The Investment Committee may extend the deployment timeline by up to 30 business days and will provide recommendations to ensure timely deployment in the future.

In case the funds are not deployed as per the asset allocation mentioned in the SID as per the aforesaid mandated plus extended timelines, AMC shall:

- not be permitted to receive fresh flows in the Scheme till the time the funds are deployed as per the asset allocation mentioned in the SID;
- not be permitted to levy exit load, if any, on the investors exiting the Scheme after 60 business days of not complying with the asset allocation of the scheme;
- inform all investors of the NFO, about the exit option without exit load, via email, SMS or other similar mode of communication;
- report deviation, if any, to Trustees at each of the above stages

B. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

Subject to the SEBI Regulations and the asset allocation pattern mention above for the respective scheme, the Scheme may invest in various types of instruments including, but not limited to, any of the following:

- (a) Equity and Equity related instruments of domestic companies / corporations
- (b) Securities issued, guaranteed or supported by the Central Government or any state government (including but not limited to coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds and treasury bills)
- (c) Gold ETF, Silver ETF and any other mode of investment in commodities as permitted by SEBI from time to time.

- (d) Securities issued by any domestic government agencies, quasi-government or statutory bodies, Public Sector Undertakings, which may or may not be guaranteed or supported by the Central Government or any state government.
- (e) Domestic non-convertible securities as well as non-convertible portion of convertible securities, such as debentures, coupon bearing bonds, zero coupon bonds, deep discount bonds, Mibor-linked or other floating rate instruments, premium notes and other debt securities or obligations of public sector undertakings, banks, financial institutions, corporations, companies and other bodies corporate/entity as may be permitted by SEBI / RBI from time to time
- (f) Domestic securitised debt, pass through obligations, various types of securitisation issuances such as Asset Backed Securitisation, Mortgage Backed Securitisation and so on as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time.
- (g) Domestic Commercial Paper (CP), Certificate of Deposits (CD), Bills Rediscounting, TREPs, Repo, Reverse Repo, Treasury Bills, Tri-party Repo and other Money Market Instruments as may be permitted by SEBI / RBI from time to time.
- (h) Domestic derivatives including including equity, debt and commodities as permitted under applicable regulations from time to time.
- (i) Deposits with domestic banks and other bodies corporate as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time
- (j) Repo of corporate debt securitiesDebt Instruments with Credit Enhancement / structured obligations
- (k) Other schemes managed by the AMC or in the schemes of any other mutual funds
- (I) Units of Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) and Infrastructure Investment Trusts (InvITs)
- (m) Any other domestic debt and money market instruments that may be available or evolve with the development of the securities markets and as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time.

Further, the scheme investing in Foreign Securities may invest in various types of instruments including, but not limited to, any of the following:

- Equity and Equity related instruments of overseas companies listed on recognised stock exchanges overseas
- Initial and follow on public offerings for listing at recognised stock exchanges overseas
- ADRs / GDRs issued by Indian or foreign companies
- Foreign debt securities (convertible or non-convertible), except foreign securitized debt in the countries with fully convertible currencies
- Overseas short term as well as long term debt instruments with rating not below investment grade by accredited/registered credit rating agencies
- Overseas Money market instruments rated not below investment grade
- Overseas repos in the form of investment, where the counterparty is rated not below investment grade (repos shall not however, involve any borrowing of funds by the Scheme)
- Foreign government securities where the countries are rated not below investment grade
- Overseas derivatives traded on recognized stock exchanges overseas (currently permitted only for hedging and portfolio balancing with underlying as securities)
- Short term deposits with banks overseas where the issuer is rated not below investment grade
- Overseas Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs)

- units/securities issued by overseas mutual funds or unit trusts registered with overseas regulators and investing in permitted Foreign Securities, Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) listed in recognized stock exchanges overseas or unlisted overseas securities (not exceeding 10% of their net assets).
- Any other permitted overseas securities / instruments that may be available from time to time.

Investment in Foreign Securities shall be made in accordance with the guidelines issued by SEBI and RBI from time to time.

The securities mentioned above could be listed, unlisted, publicly offered, privately placed, secured, unsecured, rated or unrated and of varying maturity. The securities may be acquired through public offerings (IPOs), secondary market operations, private placement, rights offers or negotiated deals. The Scheme may also enter into repurchase and reverse repurchase obligations in all securities held by it as per the guidelines and regulations applicable to such transactions.

C. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT STRATEGIES?

The investment strategy of the fund is to provide an asset allocation solution to the investors basis our proprietary model (which uses a combination of multiple macroeconomic indicators) and qualitative inputs basis views from the portfolio manager. The fund will achieve its investment objective of generating long term capital appreciation by investing in a diversified portfolio of Equity / equity related instruments, fixed income / money market instruments & Commodities. The investment in commodities will be through Gold ETF, Silver ETF, Exchange Traded Commodity Derivatives (ETCDs) & any other mode of investment in commodities as permitted by SEBI from time to time. However, there can be no assurance or guarantee that the investment objective of the Scheme will be achieved.

Derivatives

As part of the Fund Management process, the Trustee may permit the use of derivative instruments such as index futures, stock futures and options contracts, warrants, convertible securities, swap agreements, Forward Rate Agreement (FRA), ETCDs or any other derivative instruments that are permissible or may be permissible in future under applicable regulations and such investments shall be in accordance with the investment objectives of the scheme.

Index futures/options are meant to be an efficient way of buying/selling an index compared to buying/selling a portfolio of physical shares representing an index for ease of execution and settlement. Index futures/options can be an efficient way of achieving the scheme's investment objective. On the fixed income side, an interest rate swap agreement from fixed rate to floating rate is an example of how derivatives can be an effective hedge for the portfolio in a rising interest rate environment.

Derivatives can be either exchange traded or can be over the counter (OTC). Exchange traded derivatives are listed and traded on Stock Exchanges whereas OTC derivative transactions are generally structured between two counterparties.

Derivatives may be high risk - high return instruments, upon leveraging. As they are highly leveraged, a small price movement in the underlying security could have a large impact on their value and may also result in a loss.

For detailed derivative strategies, please refer to SAI.

Portfolio Turnover

Portfolio turnover is defined as lesser of purchases and sales as a percentage of the average corpus of the Scheme during a specified period of time. Portfolio turnover in the scheme will be a function of market opportunities. The scheme is open-end scheme. It is expected that there would be a number of subscriptions and repurchases on a daily basis. Consequently, it is difficult to estimate with any reasonable measure of accuracy, the likely turnover in the portfolio. The AMC will endeavour to optimise portfolio turnover to optimise risk adjusted return keeping in mind the cost associated with it. A high portfolio turnover rate is not necessarily a drag on portfolio performance and may be representative of arbitrage opportunities that exist for securities held in the portfolio rather than an indication of change in AMC's view on a security etc. However, the AMC will take advantage of the opportunities that present themselves from time to time because of the inefficiencies in the securities markets.

D. HOW WILL THE SCHEME BENCHMARK ITS PERFORMANCE?

The Mutual Fund has identified the following as the benchmark for the scheme:

Benchmark	Justification
Composite Benchmark of	The benchmark suits the expected scheme composition which
65% Nifty 500+ 20% Nifty	consists of equity, debt and commodities.
Short Duration Index+ 5%	
Domestic price of gold+ 5%	
Domestic price of silver+ 5%	
iCOMDEX	

The AMC/ Trustee reserves the right to change the benchmark for evaluation of performance of the Scheme from time to time in conformity with the investment objectives and appropriateness of the benchmark subject to SEBI (MF) Regulations, and other prevailing guidelines, if any.

E. WHO MANAGES THE SCHEME?

Fund Manager	Tenure of managing the scheme
R. Janakiraman	Since inception of the scheme
Rajasa Kakulavarapu	Since inception of the scheme
Rohan Maru	Since inception of the scheme
Pallab Roy	Since inception of the scheme
Sandeep Manam (Dedicated Foreign Fund Manager)	Since inception of the scheme

Name	Qualifications	Functions & Experience	Schemes Managed	
R.	BE, PGDM (IIM Ban	Senior Vice President	• Franklin India	Equity
Janakiraman	galore)	and CIO- Emerging	Advantage Fund	
Age: 53 years			Franklin	India

Name	Qualifications	Functions &	Schemes Managed
		Experience	
Total Experience: 28 years		Markets India(based at Chennai) Prior assignments: Investment Manager, Indian Syntans Invt Pvt. Ltd. (2000-2007). Responsible for investment analysis and managing the investments of the company. Citicorp Information Tech Ltd. (Nov 1999-Feb 2000). Provided domain knowledge to CITIL's software development team. Senior Executive. UTI Securities Exchange Ltd. (1997-1999). Responsible for investment research of certain industrial sectors & later was part of the team responsible for equity sales function.	Opportunities Fund Franklin India Prima Fund Franklin India Flexi Cap Fund Franklin India Smaller Companies Fund Franklin India ELSS Tax Saver Fund Franklin India Technology Fund Franklin India Multicap Fund
Rajasa Kakulavarapu Age: 40 years Total Experience - 16 years	B.Tech. (ECE) from NIT, Jaipur and MBA from Indian Institute of Management, Ahmedabad	Vice President & Sr Research Analyst & Portfolio Manager She is responsible for equity research support and fund management. (based at Chennai) Prior Assignments: • Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd. (Since 2016 till date): AVP/Senior Research	 Franklin India Flexi Cap Fund Franklin India ELSS Tax Saver Fund Franklin India Equity Hybrid Fund Franklin India Dynamic Asset Allocation Fund of Funds Franklin India Debt Hybrid Fund Templeton India Equity Income Fund Templeton India Value Fund Franklin India

Name	Qualifications	Functions & Experience	Schemes Managed
		Analyst. • Jefferies India Pvt. Ltd. (June 2011 to March 2016) • Credit Suisse Securities (India) Pvt. Ltd. (May 2008 to June 2011)	Pension Plan Franklin India Income Plus Arbitrage Active Fund of Funds (erstwhile Franklin India Multi-Asset Solution Fund of Funds) Franklin India Equity Savings Fund Franklin India Balanced Advantage Fund
Rohan Maru	PGeMBA - Mumbai	Vice President &	• Franklin India Debt
Age: 41 years	Education Trust (Finance)	Portfolio Manager – Fixed Income	Hybrid Fund • Franklin India Floating Rate Fund
Total Experience: 17.5 years	Masters in Commerce - RA Podar College, Mumbai University Bachelors in management studies - VES College, Mumbai University.	Vice President-Portfolio Manager, Fixed Income (based in Mumbai). He is responsible for Portfolio Management - Fixed Income. Prior Assignments (last 10 years): ICICI Prudential Asset Management Company Pvt Ltd (05 November 2012 till 27 September 2024)	 Franklin India Liquid Fund Franklin India Money Market Fund Franklin India Overnight Fund Franklin India Equity Savings Fund Franklin India Ultra Short Duration Fund Franklin India Arbitrage Fund Franklin India Low Duration Fund
Pallab Roy Age: 50 years Total Experience: 24 years	MBA (Fin.), M.Com., DBF	Assistant Vice President & Portfolio Manager - Fixed Income Franklin Templeton Asset Management	 Franklin India Debt Hybrid Fund Franklin India Floating Rate Fund Franklin India Pension
years		Asset Management (India) Pvt. Ltd. (June 2001 – till date).	Plan Franklin India Liquid Fund

Name	Qualifications	Functions & Experience	Schemes Managed
		Previous roles included Bond/Money market security trading / Portfolio Management.	 Franklin India Overnight Fund Franklin India Ultra Short Duration Fund Franklin India Arbitrage Fund
Sandeep Manam Age: 38 years Total Experience: 14 years	PGDM- IIM-Ahmedabad B.Tech (Electronics & Communication Engg.)- National Institute of Technology Calicut	AVP/ Senior Research Analyst, Emerging Markets India (based at Chennai) He is responsible for researching on investment opportunities in automotive and airline sectors. Prior Assignments: Cognizant Technology Solutions (April 2014- July 2015) He was supporting UBS lead analyst in covering Indian Auto, Auto component sectors. Also supported coverage of Indian Pharma companies. Shapoorji Pallonji & Company Private Limited (April 2011- March 2014) He was responsible for supporting the Group's Head (Strategy) in driving strategy at group and company level.	Dedicated Fund Manager for investment in Foreign Securities for Franklin Equity Team and also the fund manager of Franklin U.S Opportunities Fund of Funds (erstwhile Franklin India Feeder- Franklin U.S. Opportunities Fund).

F. HOW IS THE SCHEME DIFFERENT?

How is the scheme different from existing schemes of the Mutual Fund?

As per Para 2.6 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, Franklin India Multi Asset Fund is a unique Product. It falls under 'Hybrid – Multi Asset Allocation Category'. The list of existing open ended Schemes falling under the Hybrid Schemes category are mentioned below.

Hybrid Schemes	Scheme Category	Product Positioning
Franklin India Arbitrage Fund (FIAF)	Arbitrage	A fund that invests predominantly in arbitrage opportunities in the cash and derivative segments and by investing the balance in debt and money market instruments.
Franklin India Debt Hybrid Fund (FIDHF)	Conservative Hybrid Fund	A fund that invests predominantly in debt instruments with marginal equity exposure.
Franklin India Equity Hybrid Fund (FIEHF)	Aggressive Hybrid Fund	A hybrid fund predominantly investing in a portfolio of equity, equity related instruments along with exposure to fixed income securities.
Franklin India Equity Savings Fund (FIESF)	Equity Savings Fund	A fund that invests in equity and equity related securities including the use of equity derivatives strategies and arbitrage opportunities with balance exposure in debt and money market instruments
Franklin India Balanced Advantage Fund (FIBAF)	Dynamic Asset Allocation or Balanced Advantage Fund	A fund that invests in a dynamically managed portfolio of equity & equity related securities, fixed income and money market instruments based on an asset allocation model
Franklin India Multi Asset Allocation Fund	Multi Asset Allocation	A fund that invests in equity and equity related instruments, debt & money market instruments and commodities.

For detailed comparative table of the aforesaid schemes, please click here: https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/download/en-in/odd-table-bw-schemes/77b11672-39af-4c36-aa6e-e6865dacbf67/Detailed-Comparative-table-of-existing-schemes.pdf .

G. HOW HAS THE SCHEME PERFORMED?

This scheme is a new scheme and does not have any performance track record.

H. ADDITIONAL SCHEME RELATED DISCLOSURES

i. Scheme's portfolio holdings – Not applicable as this is a new scheme.

- ii. Disclosure of name and exposure to Top 7 issuers, stocks, groups and sectors as a percentage of NAV of the scheme in case of debt and equity ETFs/index funds through a functional website link that contains detailed description- Not applicable
- iii. Portfolio Disclosure Fortnightly / Monthly / Half yearly Not applicable as this is a new scheme. The same will be available on the below link hereinafter:https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/reports and https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/funds-and-solutions/funds-explorer/all-mutual-funds
- iv. Portfolio Turnover Rate Not applicable as this is a new scheme.
- v. Aggregate investment in the Scheme by Concerned scheme's Fund Manager(s): Not applicable as this is a new scheme.

 For any other disclosure w.r.t investments by key personnel and AMC directors including regulatory provisions in this regard kindly refer SAI.
- vi. Investments of AMC in the Scheme Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Private Limited, the asset management company may invest in the Scheme. However, as per SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Private Limited will not charge any Investment Management Fee for its investment in the Scheme. In addition, the funds managed by the sponsors, Franklin Templeton Group may invest in the Scheme.
 - The details are provided on https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/reports under AMC reports
- vii. Risk-o-meter shall be evaluated on a monthly basis and the Risk-o-meter shall be disclosed along with portfolio disclosure on FTMF website (https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/downloadsServlet/pdf/product-labels-ig905k71) and on AMFI website within 10 days from the close of each month.
- viii. Scheme Summary Document (SSD) shall be updated on a Monthly basis or on changes in any specified fields, whichever is earlier. The same shall be uploaded on websites of FTMF (https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/downloads/fund-documents), AMFI and stock exchanges.

Part III. OTHER DETAILS

A. COMPUTATION OF NAV

The Net Asset Value (NAV) is the value of a Unit and is computed as shown below:

NAV =	Market Value of the scheme's investments + other assets (including
(Rs. Per	accrued interest) - all liabilities except unit capital & reserves
unit)	Number of units outstanding at the end of the day

For example, if the market value of securities of a mutual fund scheme is INR 200 lakh and the mutual fund has issued 10 lakh units of INR 10 each to the investors, then the NAV per unit of the fund is INR 20 (i.e.200 lakh/10 lakh).

The NAV will be normally computed for all Business Days of the Scheme and will be calculated to four decimals using standard rounding criteria.

While determining the price of the units, the mutual fund shall ensure that the repurchase price of an open ended scheme is not lower than 95 per cent of the Net Asset Value.

Valuation of the scheme's assets, calculation of the scheme's NAV and the accounting policies & standards will be subject to such norms and guidelines that SEBI may prescribe from time to time. For the detailed Valuation Policy and the accounting policy of the AMC, please refer the Statement of Additional Information.

For other details such as policies w.r.t computation of NAV, procedure in case of delay in disclosure of NAV etc. refer to SAI.

B. NEW FUND OFFER (NFO) EXPENSES

These expenses are incurred for the purpose of various activities related to the NFO like ma rketing and advertising, registrar expenses, printing and stationery, bank charges etc durin g the New Fund Offer and shall be borne by the AMC.

C. ANNUAL SCHEME RECURRING EXPENSES

These are the fees and expenses for operating the scheme. These expenses include Investment Management and Advisory Fee charged by the AMC, Registrar and Transfer Agents' fee, marketing and selling costs etc. as given in the table below.

The AMC has estimated that upto 2.25% of the daily net assets of the scheme will be charged to the scheme as expenses. For the actual current expenses being charged, the investor should refer to the website of the mutual fund: https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/reports?secondFilter=15 under the head Total Expense Ratio of Schemes.

In accordance with Regulations, the asset management company ("AMC") is entitled to charge the scheme with investment and advisory fees. In addition to such fees, the AMC may charge the scheme such expenses as may be permitted under Regulations from time to time.

The maximum annual recurring expenses that can be charged to the Scheme, excluding issue or redemption expenses, whether initially borne by the mutual fund or by the asset management company, but including the investment management and advisory fee shall be within the limits stated in Regulations 52 read with SEBI notification no. SEBI/LAD-NRO/GN/2018/51 dated December 13, 2018 and Para 10. 1 of Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, as follows:

(I) Recurring expenses including the investment management and advisory fee subject to the limits specified in the table below (as % of daily net assets):

on the first Rs. 500 crores	2.25%
on the next Rs. 250 crores	2.00%
on the next Rs. 1,250 crores	1.75%
on the next Rs. 3,000 crores	1.60%
on the next Rs. 5,000 crores	1.50%
On the next Rs. 40,000	Total expense ratio reduction of 0.05% for every increase of
crores	Rs.5,000 crores of daily net assets or part thereof.
Above Rs. 50,000 crores	1.05%

- (II) In addition to the above, the following costs or expenses may be charged to the Scheme, as per sub regulation 52(6A) namely-
- (a) brokerage and transaction costs which are incurred for the purpose of execution of trade up to 0.12 per cent of trade value in case of cash market transactions and 0.05 per cent of trade value in case of derivatives transactions
- (b) expenses not exceeding 0.30% of daily net assets, if the new inflows from retail investors from such cities as specified by SEBI from time to time are at least (i) 30% of gross new inflows in the scheme, or; (ii) 15% of the average assets under management (year to date) of the scheme, whichever is higher.

Provided that if inflows from retail investors from such cities are less than the higher of (i) or (ii) above, such expenses on daily net assets of the scheme shall be charged on proportionate basis.

Provided further that expenses charged under this clause shall be utilised for sales, marketing and distribution expenses incurred for bringing inflows from such cities.

Provided further that amount incurred as expense on account of inflows from retail investors from such cities shall be credited back to the scheme in case the said inflows are redeemed

within a period of one year from the date of investment.

These expenses are in abeyance with effect from March 1, 2023 till further instructions from SEBI.

(c) additional expenses not exceeding 0.05% of daily net assets of the scheme towards various permissible expenses.

Provided that such additional expenses shall not be charged to the schemes where the exit load is not levied or applicable.

Any expenditure in excess of the limits specified in sub-regulations 52 (6) and 52 (6A)] shall be borne by the asset management company or by the trustee or sponsors.

- (III) The AMC may charge Goods and Service Tax on investment and advisory fees to the Scheme in addition to the maximum limit of annual recurring expenses as prescribed in Regulation 52. Further, the below mentioned expenses and charges shall be borne by the Scheme within the maximum limit of annual recurring expenses as prescribed in Regulation 52.
- a) Goods and Service Tax on expenses other than investment and advisory fees; and,
- b) brokerage and transaction costs (including Goods and Service Tax) incurred for the purpose of execution of trade in excess of 0.12% in case of cash market transactions and 0.05% in case of derivatives transactions, if any.

Within such total recurring expenses charged to the scheme as above, the investment management and advisory fee (charged as a percentage of daily net assets) would be as decided by the AMC from time to time, provided that the investment management and advisory fee shall not exceed the aggregate of expenses charged under clause (I) and (II)(c) above.

The total annual recurring expenses of the Scheme including the investment management and advisory fee (together with additional management fee wherever applicable) shall not exceed the limit stated in Regulation 52 read with Para 10.1.16 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, as explained above.

As per Para 10.1.16 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, the AMC shall annually set apart at least 0.02% on daily net assets within the maximum limit of recurring expenses as per Regulation 52 for investor education and awareness initiatives.

The investments under 'Direct' shall have a lower expense ratio excluding distribution expenses, commission, etc., and no commission shall be paid on investments under Direct Plan. The Direct Plan shall also have a separate NAV.

The Trustee / AMC reserves the right to charge higher operating expenses in relation to investing overseas as and when SEBI permits.

The AMC has estimated the following recurring expenses for the first Rs.500 crores of

Average Daily Net Assets:

Particulars	% of Average
	Daily Net Assets
Recurring expenses permissible under Regulation 52(6)(c)(i):	(a) + (b) - not
(a) Investment Management and Advisory Fee	exceeding 2. 25% of
(b) Expenses -	daily net assets
- Custodial Fees	
- Registrar & Transfer Agent Fees including cost related to	
providing accounts statement, IDCW/redemption cheques/warrants etc., Listing Fees	
- Marketing & Selling Expenses including distributor /agent	
Commission, brokerage & transaction Cost pertaining to the	
distribution of units and statutory advertisements - Costs related to investor communications	
- Expenses towards investor education and awareness	
initiatives (at least 0.02%) - Fees and Expenses of Trustees / Audit Fees	
- Costs of fund transfer from location to location	
- Goods and Service Tax on expenses other than investment	
and advisory fees	
- Brokerage and transaction costs (including Goods and	
Service Tax) incurred for the purpose of execution of trade in	
excess of 0.12%(in case of cash market transactions) /0.05%	
(in case of derivatives transactions)	
- Other permissible expenses	
(c) Goods and Service Tax on investment and advisory fees	At actual
(d) Additional expenses permissible under Regulation 52(6A)(c)	not exceeding
towards various permissible expenses	0.05% of daily net
	assets
(e) Expenses in case of inflows from retail investors from cities	not exceeding
beyond Top 30 cities charged proportionately under Regulation	0.30% of daily net
52(6A)(b) (refer II(b) above)	asset (These
	expenses are in
	abeyance with
	effect from March
	1, 2023 till further
	instructions from
	SEBI)

The above estimates have been made in good faith as per the information available to the Investment Manager based on past experience and are subject to change inter-se and types of the expenses charged shall be as per the Regulations.

For the actual Annual Scheme Recurring expenses currently being charged, the investor should refer to https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/reports?secondFilter=15

The tables relating to Annual Scheme Recurring Expenses given above and the Load structure given below have been given to the investor to assist him / her in understanding the various costs and expenses that an investor of the scheme will bear directly or indirectly.

Investment management fees are payable monthly in arrears. The direct expenses incurred by each scheme of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund shall be chargeable to that scheme. The common expenses incurred on various schemes could be allocated to the schemes based on various parameters such as number of unitholders, the size of the corpus / assets, equally or any other basis in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles.

Illustration of expenses and impact on the return						
	Regular Plan			Direct Plan*		
	Amount	Units	NAV Per Unit	Amount	Units	NAV Per Unit
Opening Investment and NAV Per Unit for the Day (a)	1,000,000	100,000	10.0000	1,000,000	100,000	10.0000
Closing Investment and NAV Per Unit for the Day (b)	1,099,940	100,000	10.9994	1,099,970	100,000	10.9997
NAV Movement (c = a - b)	99,940		0.9994	99,970		0.9997
Return for the Day after expenses $(d = (c / a) \%)$	9.9940%		9.9940%	9.9970%		9.9970%
TER % (e)	2%			1%		
Distribution Expenses %(j)	1%					
Expenses for the Day ($f = (b * e)/365 \text{ days}$)	60		0.0006	30		0.0003
Impact on Return due to Expenses % $(g = (f / a) \%)$	0.0060%			0.0030%		
Value of investment prior to expense $(h = b + f)$	1,100,000		11.0000	1,100,000		11.0000
Return prior to expenses for the Day $(i = d + g)$	10.00000%			10.00000%		_

^{*}The investments under 'Direct' has lower expense ratio excluding distribution expenses, commission, etc., and no commission is paid on investments under Direct Plan. The Direct Plan also has a separate NAV as illustrated above.

Notes:

- The above illustration is provided only to explain the impact of expense ratio on scheme's returns, and not to be construed as providing any kind of investment advice or guarantee on returns on investments.
- The Expense are charged on the closing asset under management and are subject to change on a periodic basis.

• The tax impact has not been considered in the above illustration. In view of the individual nature of the implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax advisors/authorised dealers with respect to the specific amount of tax and other implications arising out of his or her participation in the schemes.

D. LOAD STRUCTURE

Exit Load is an amount which is paid by the investor to redeem the units from the scheme. Load amounts are variable and are subject to change from time to time. For the current applicable structure, please visit Franklin Templeton India's website (https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/funds-and-solutions/funds-explorer/all-mutual-funds) or call at 1800 425 4255 or 1800 258 4255 (Please prefix the city STD code if calling from a mobile phone. Local call rates apply to both the number) or contact your distributor.

Type of Load	Load Chargeable (as %age of NAV)		
Exit Load on	If redeemed / switched-out within 1 year from the date of		
redemption/	allotment*:		
repurchase/ switch-out	Upto 10% of units (limit): NIL		
	• In excess of 10% of units: 0.50%		
	• If redeemed / switched-out after 1 year from the date		
	of allotment: NIL		
	*This condition is applicable on a yearly basis. In case of		
	multiple transactions, Units will be redeemed on First In Fir		
	Out (FIFO) basis the date of allotment of such units. If the		
	limit is not availed during a year, it shall not be clubbed or		
	carried forward to the next year.		

Illustration:

Initial purchase on March 1, 2025-10,000 units

Additional purchase on March 15, 2025-5,000 units

The scheme has exit load if redeemed before 1 year.

Maximum redemption permitted without exit load for each purchase transaction: 10% of the units purchased.

Load applicability under various scenarios

Exit load is applied for each purchase transaction separately and no clubbing of transactions will be allowed for computing the maximum load free exit allowed for the respective scheme. Since FIFO method for processing the redemption request is applicable, load free exit for the purchases made subsequent to the initial purchase will be available only after the investor redeems all units purchased by him in the initial purchase.

Accordingly, if the investor redeems the below units on or before February 28, 2026, exit load will be applicable as follows:

Number of units	Load payable on exit	Remarks
redeemed (including previous redemptions, if any)	exit	
Upto 1000 units	Nil	No exit load is applicable, if the number of units redeemed are up to the limit of 10% of initial purchase made on March 1, 2025
1500 units	Exit load of 0.50% will be charged on the NAV for redeeming 500 units	Exit load will be applicable for redemption made over and above the limit of 10% of the initial purchase made on March 1, 2025. Since the Scheme follows FIFO method for redemption, investor will have to redeem the
10000 units	Exit load of 0.50% will be charged on the NAV for redeeming 9000 units	entire units purchased on March 1, 2025 before claiming load free redemption of 500 units from the Additional units purchased on March 15, 2025.
15000 units	Exit load of 0.50% will be charged on the NAV for redeeming 13500 units	1000 units from the initial purchase made on March 1, 2025 and 500 units from additional purchase made on March 15, 2025 will be redeemed without exit load. Exit load will be applicable for the redemption of the balance 13500 units.

For investments under the 'Direct' plan, the Exit load applicable shall be the same as the exit load applicable in the respective Scheme/Scheme Portfolio.

No exit load shall be charged in respect of switches between plans and options within the same Scheme.

The AMC/Trustee reserves the right to modify the Load/Fee mentioned above at any time in future on a prospective basis, subject to the limits prescribed under the SEBI Regulations.

As per Para 10.4.1.a of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, no entry load will be charged for purchase/additional purchase/switches accepted by the Mutual Fund. Similarly, no entry load will be charged with respect to all applications for registrations under the Systematic Investment Plan (SIP)/Systematic Transfer Plan (STP) accepted by the Mutual Fund.

The upfront commission on investment made by the investor, if any, shall be paid to the ARN Holder (AMFI registered distributor) directly by the investor, based on the investor's assessment of various factors including service rendered by the ARN Holder.

All the switches / exchanges will be treated as redemption in the source scheme and subscription in the destination scheme, with the entry and exit load as may be applicable. The switches of Units will be considered on First-in-First-Out (FIFO) basis.

For the information of the investors, any introduction / change of load in the Scheme may be put up on the website (https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/downloads/updates) of the Mutual Fund. The addendum detailing the changes may be circulated among the Investor Service Centres / Distributors / Brokers under directions to display it at their respective offices in form of a Notice and attach it to the copies of Scheme Information Documents and Key Information Memorandum (if required) already in stock. The load may also be disclosed in the account statement issued after the introduction of such load.

The investor is requested to check the prevailing load structure of the scheme before investing.

Exit load (if any) charged to the unit holders by the Mutual Fund on redemption (including switch-out) of units shall be credited to the scheme net of Goods and service tax. Goods and Service tax on exit load, if any, shall be paid out of the exit load proceeds.

Load on bonus/Reinvestment of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal option units: As per Para 10.6 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, no entry and exit load shall be charged on bonus units or units allotted on reinvestment of IDCW.

SECTION II

I. INTRODUCTION

A. DEFINITIONS/INTERPRETATION

Business day:

A day other than: (i) Saturday and Sunday; (ii) a day on which BSE Ltd. (BSE) and / or the National Stock Exchange of India Ltd. (NSE) and/or Multi Commodity Exchange of India Limited (MCX) are closed for business; (iii) a day on which normal business could not be transacted due to storms, floods, bandhs, strikes or such other events as the AMC may specify from time to time;

(iv) a day on which sale and repurchase of units is suspended by the AMC; (v) A day on which register of unitholders is closed; (vii) a day which is a holiday/non-working day at an ISC or a Collection Centre. However, it will be non business day for that location only. The AMC reserves the right to declare any day as a Business Day or otherwise at any or all ISCs or Collection Centres.

For detailed description please click the link: https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/download/en-in/odd-definitions/f92ebc52-1aaa-4233-a032-1445e20b9739/Definitions_scheme-docs.pdf

Words and expression used but not defined in this Scheme Information Document shall have the same meaning respectively assigned to them under the Statement of Additional Information.

In this SID, all references to "U.S.\$" or "\$" are to United States of America Dollars and "Rs." are to Indian Rupees.

B. RISK FACTORS

I. Scheme specific risk factors:

Some of the specific risk factors related to the Scheme include, but are not limited to the following:

- 1. The performance of the scheme may be affected by the corporate performance, macroeconomic factors, changes in Government policies, general levels of interest rates and risk associated with trading volumes, liquidity and settlement systems in the securities markets.
- 2. The AMC/Fund Manager's investment decisions may not always be profitable. This is because actual market movements can differ from anticipated trends. Investors should be aware that predictions and forecasts may not always align with real-world outcome.
- 3. Low trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures may restrict the liquidity of the scheme's investments. Transacting may become difficult due to extreme volatility in the market resulting in constriction in volumes. Additionally, changes in the SEBI/ RBI regulations/Guidelines may have an adverse impact on the liquidity of the scheme. Different segments of the Indian financial markets have different settlement

- periods, and such period may be extended significantly by unforeseen circumstances. The length of time for settlement may affect the Scheme in the event the Scheme has to meet an inordinately large number of redemption requests.
- 4. In addition, the Trustee, at its sole discretion, reserves the right to limit or withdraw sale and/or repurchase/redemption and/or switching of the units in the scheme (including any one of the Plans of the scheme) temporarily or indefinitely under certain circumstances. For details refer the Section 'Suspension of sale of units' and 'Suspension of redemption of units'. The scheme will retain certain investments in cash or cash equivalent for the day-to-day liquidity requirements.

5. Risks associated with investment in equity and equity related instruments-

• Market Risk: The scheme proposes to invest in equity and equity-related securities. Prices, trading volumes, settlement periods and transfer procedures may restrict liquidity of investments in equity and equity-related securities. Market risk is a risk which is inherent to an equity investment.

• Liquidity Risk:

- Risk will be monitored in terms of the number of days it takes to liquidate every stock in the portfolio assuming a share of the average volume traded over the previous one year. Efforts would be made to keep the average liquidation period under prudent limits prescribed internally.
- While securities that are listed on the stock exchange carry lower liquidity risk, the ability to sell these investments may be limited by overall trading volumes of the stock exchanges.
- Securities which are not quoted on the stock exchanges are inherently illiquid in nature and carry a larger liquidity risk in comparison with securities that are listed on the exchanges or offer other exit options to the investors, including put options. This may, however, increase the risk of the portfolio. Additionally, the liquidity and valuation of the Scheme's investments due to its holdings of unlisted securities may be affected if they have to be sold prior to the target date of disinvestment.

• Investment in Mid & Small Cap stocks:

While mid cap and small cap stocks give one an opportunity to go beyond the usual large blue chip stocks and present possible higher capital appreciation, it is important to note that mid/small cap stocks can be riskier and more volatile on a relative basis. Therefore, the risk levels of investing in small cap and mid cap stocks is more than investing in stocks of large well-established companies. Please note that over a period of time these categories have demonstrated different levels of volatility and investment returns and it is important to note that generally, no one class consistently outperforms the others. While smaller and medium size companies may offer substantial opportunities for capital appreciation, they also involve substantial risks. Historically, these companies have been more volatile in price than larger company securities, especially over the short term. Among the reasons for the greater price volatility are the less certain growth prospects of smaller companies, the lower degree of liquidity in the markets for such securities, and the greater sensitivity of smaller companies to changing economic conditions. Smaller companies carry large amount of liquidity risk compared to the Large Cap companies, as the ability to sell is limited by overall trading volume in the

- securities, which it invests.
- In addition, smaller companies may lack depth of management, be unable to generate funds necessary for growth or development, or be developing or marketing new products or services for which markets are not yet established and may never become established. They could also suffer from disadvantages such as outdated technologies, lack of bargaining power with suppliers, low entry barriers and inadequate management depth. Overall, the risks of investing in medium / small companies are (a) transparency/liquidity levels may not be at par with established, large companies; (b) corporate governance may be an issue with some companies; and (c) they may not be resilient enough to withstand shocks of business/economic cycles.
- **Historical Trends and Performance**: The fund manager aims to generate returns based on past statistical trends. However, the performance of the schemes may be affected if there is a change in these trends. There is no assurance that historical trends will continue
- Liquidity in Abnormal Circumstances: In abnormal circumstances, it may be difficult to complete square-off transactions due to poor liquidity in stock futures or the spot market. The fund will aim to take exposure into relatively liquid stocks to minimize the risk of square-off transactions
- **Impact of Government Policy Changes**: Changes in government policy, especially changes in tax benefits applicable to mutual funds, may impact the returns to investors in the schemes or the business prospects of the company in any particular sector

6. Risk Factors associated with investment in Debt and Money Market instruments

- Market Risk/Interest Rate Risk: The Net Asset Value (NAV) of the Scheme(s), to the
 extent invested in Debt and Money Market securities, will be affected by changes in
 the general level of interest rates. The NAV of the Scheme(s) is expected to increase
 from a fall in interest rates while it would be adversely affected by an increase in the
 level of interest rates.
- **Liquidity Risk:** The liquidity of a security may change depending on market conditions leading to changes in the liquidity premium linked to the price of the security. At the time of selling the security, the security can become illiquid leading to loss in the value of the portfolio.
- Credit Risk: Investments in Fixed Income Securities are subject to the risk of an issuer's inability to meet interest and principal payments on its obligations and market perception of the creditworthiness of the issuer.
- Price Risk: Government securities where a fixed return is offered run price-risk like any other fixed income security. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, the prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in the prices is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in the level of interest rates. The new level of interest rate is determined by the rates at which government raises new money and/or the price levels at which the market is already dealing in existing securities. The price-risk is not unique to Government Securities. It exists for all fixed income securities. However, Government Securities are unique in the sense that their credit risk generally remains

- zero. Therefore, their prices are influenced only by movement in interest rates in the financial system.
- **Reinvestment Risk:** This risk refers to the interest rate levels at which cash flows received from the securities in the Scheme are reinvested. The additional income from reinvestment is the "interest on interest" component. The risk is that the rate at which interim cash flows can be reinvested may be lower than that originally assumed.
- **Regulatory Risk:** Changes in government policy in general and changes in tax benefits applicable to Mutual Funds may impact the returns to investors in the Scheme.
- Risks associated with investment in unlisted securities: Except for any security of an associate or group company, the scheme can invest in securities which are not listed on a stock exchange ("unlisted Securities") which in general are subject to greater price fluctuations, less liquidity and greater risk than those which are traded in the open market. Unlisted securities may lack a liquid secondary market and there can be no assurance that the Scheme will realise their investments in unlisted securities at a fair value. The AMC may choose to invest in unlisted securities that offer attractive yields. This may increase the risk of the portfolio.
- **Settlement risk:** The inability of the Schemes to make intended securities purchases due to settlement problems could cause the Schemes to miss certain investment opportunities. By the same rationale, the inability to sell securities held in the Schemes' portfolio due to the extraneous factors that may impact liquidity would result, at times, in potential losses to the Scheme, in case of a subsequent decline in the value of securities held in the Schemes' portfolio.
- Different types of fixed income securities in which the Scheme(s) would invest as given in the Scheme Information Document carry different levels and types of risk. Accordingly, the Scheme(s) risk may increase or decrease depending upon its investment pattern. e.g. corporate bonds carry a higher level of risk than Government securities.
- The AMC may, considering the overall level of risk of the portfolio, invest in lower rated / unrated securities offering higher yields as well as zero coupon securities that offer attractive yields. This may increase the absolute level of risk of the portfolio.
- As zero coupon securities does not provide periodic interest payments to the holder
 of the security, these securities are more sensitive to changes in interest rates.
 Therefore, the interest rate risk of zero coupon securities is higher. The AMC may
 choose to invest in zero coupon securities that offer attractive yields. This may increase
 the risk of the portfolio.
- The Scheme(s) at times may receive large number of redemption requests, leading to an asset-liability mismatch and therefore, requiring the investment manager to make a distress sale of the securities leading to realignment of the portfolio and consequently resulting in investment in lower yield instruments.

Risks associated with investments in Gilt Securities

Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of fixed income securities fall and when interest rates drop, the prices increase. The extent of fall or rise in prices is a function of the existing coupon, days to maturity and the increase or decrease in interest rates.

Price risk is not unique to government securities but is true for all fixed income securities. The default risk however, in respect of Government securities is zero. Therefore, their prices are influenced only by movement in interest rates in the financial system. On the other hand, in the case of corporate or institutional fixed income securities, such as bonds or debentures, prices are influenced by credit standing of the issuer as well as the general level of interest rates.

Even though the Government securities market is more liquid compared to other debt instruments, on occasions, there could be difficulties in transacting in the market due to extreme volatility or unusual constriction in market volumes or on occasions when an unusually large transaction has to be put through.

• Risks associated with Repo in Corporate Debt

- Lending transactions: The scheme may be exposed to counter party risk in case of repo lending transactions in the event of the counterparty failing to honour the repurchase agreement. However in repo lending transactions, the collateral may be sold and a loss is realized only if the sale price is less than the repo amount. The risk may be further mitigated through overcollateralization (the value of the collateral being more than the repo amount). Further, the liquidation of underlying securities in case of counterparty default would depend on liquidity of the securities and market conditions at that time. It is endeavoured to mitigate the risk by following an appropriate counterparty selection process, which include their credit profile evaluation and over-collateralization to cushion the impact of market risk on sale of underlying security.
- Borrowing transactions: In the event of the scheme being unable to pay back the money to the counterparty as contracted, the counter party may dispose of the assets (as they have sufficient margin). This risk is normally mitigated by better cash flow planning to take care of such repayments. Further, there is also a Credit Risk that the Counterparty may fail to return the security or Interest received on due date. It is endeavoured to mitigate the risk by following an appropriate counterparty selection process, which include their credit profile evaluation. Further, there is also a Credit Risk that the Counterparty may fail to return the security or Interest received on due date. It is endeavoured to mitigate the risk by following an appropriate counterparty selection process, which include their credit profile evaluation.

Risk factors associated with investment in Tri-Party Repo

All transactions of the mutual fund in government securities and in Tri-party Repo trades are settled centrally through the infrastructure and settlement systems provided by Clearing Corporation of India (CCIL). This reduces the settlement and counterparty risks considerably.

Mutual funds are member of securities segment and Triparty Repo trade settlement of CCIL. The members are required to contribute an amount from time to time to the default fund maintained by CCIL as a part of the default waterfall (a loss mitigating measure of CCIL in case of default by any member in settling transactions routed

through CCIL). As per the waterfall mechanism, after the defaulter's margins and the defaulter's contribution to the default fund have been appropriated, CCIL's contribution is used to meet the losses. Post utilization of CCIL's contribution if there is a residual loss, it is appropriated from the default fund contributions of the non-defaulting members. Thus, the scheme is subject to risk of the initial margin and default fund contribution being invoked in the event of failure of any settlement obligations. Additionally, the fund contribution is allowed to meet the residual loss in case of default by the other clearing member (the defaulting member). CCIL maintains two separate Default Funds with respect to the Securities Segment. One with a view to meet losses arising out of any default by its members from outright and repo trades and the other for meeting losses arising out of any default by its members from Triparty Repo trades.

Therefore, mutual fund is exposed to the extent of its contribution to the default fund of CCIL, in the event that the contribution of the mutual fund is called upon to absorb settlement/default losses of another member by CCIL, as a result the scheme may lose an amount equivalent to its contribution to the default fund.

• Risk factors associated with investments in Perpetual Debt Instrument (PDI)

Perpetual Debt instruments are issued by Banks, non-banking financial institutions (NBFCs) and corporates to improve their capital profile. Some of the PDIs issued by Banks which are governed by the Reserve Bank of India (RBI) guidelines for Basel III Capital Regulations are referred to as Additional Tier I (AT1 bonds). While there are no regulatory guidelines for issuance of PDIs by corporate bodies, NBFCs issue these bonds as per guidelines issued by RBI. The instruments are treated as perpetual in nature as there is no fixed maturity date. The key risks associated with these instruments are highlighted below:

Risk on coupon servicing:

- o Banks: As per the terms of the instruments, Banks may have discretion at all times to cancel distributions/payment of coupons
- NBFCs: While NBFCs may have discretion at all times to cancel payment of coupon, coupon may also be deferred (instead of being cancelled), in case paying the coupon leads to breach of capital ratios.
- Corporates: Corporates usually have discretion to defer the payment of coupon. However, the coupon is usually cumulative and any deferred coupon shall accrue interest at the original coupon rate of the PDI

Risk of write-down or conversion into equity

O Banks: As per the regulatory requirements, Banks have to maintain a minimum Common Equity Tier-1 (CET-1) ratio of Risk Weighted Assets (RWAs), failing which the AT-1 bonds can get written down. Further, AT-1 Bonds are liable to be written down or converted to common equity, at the discretion of RBI, in the event of Point of Non Viability Trigger (PONV). PONV is a point, determined by RBI, when a bank is deemed to have become non-

viable unless there is a write off/ conversion to equity of AT-1 Bonds or a public sector capital injection happens. The write off/conversion has to occur prior to public sector injection of capital. This risk is not applicable in case of NBFCs and Corporates.

Risk of instrument not being called by the Issuer

- O Banks: The issuing banks have an option to call back the instrument after minimum period as per the regulatory requirement from the date of issuance and specified period thereafter, subject to meeting the RBI guidelines. However, if the bank does not exercise the call on first call date, the Scheme may have to hold the instruments for a period beyond the first call exercise date.
- NBFCs: The NBFC issuer has an option to call back the instrument after minimum period as per the regulatory requirement from date of issuance and specified period thereafter, subject to meeting the RBI guidelines. However, if the NBFC does not exercise the call option the Scheme may have to hold the instruments for a period beyond the first call exercise date.
- Corporates: There is no minimum period for call date. However, if the corporate does not exercise the call option, the Scheme may have to hold the instruments for a period beyond the call exercise date.

• Risks associated with Securitized Debts

The Risks involved in Securitized Papers described below are the principal ones and does not represent that the statement of risks set out hereunder is exhaustive.

 Limited Liquidity & Price Risk
 There is no assurance that a deep secondary market will develop for the Certificates. This could limit the ability of the investor to resell them.

Limited Recourse, Delinquency and Credit Risk

The Credit Enhancement stipulated represents a limited loss cover to the Investors. These Certificates represent an undivided beneficial interest in the underlying receivables and do not represent an obligation of either the Issuer or the Seller or the originator, or the parent or any affiliate of the Seller, Issuer and Originator. No financial recourse is available to the Certificate Holders against the Investors' Representative. Delinquencies and credit losses may cause depletion of the amount available under the Credit Enhancement and thereby the Investor Payouts to the Certificate Holders may get affected if the amount available in the Credit Enhancement facility is not enough to cover the shortfall. On persistent default of an Obligor to repay his obligation, the Servicer may repossess and sell the Asset. However, many factors may affect, delay or prevent the repossession of such Asset or the length of time required to realise the sale proceeds on such sales. In addition, the price at which such Asset may be sold may be lower than the amount due from that Obligor.

- Risks due to possible prepayments and Charge Offs
 In the event of prepayments, investors may be exposed to changes in tenor and yield. Also, any Charge Offs would result in the reduction in the tenor of the Pass Through Certificates (PTCs).
- Bankruptcy of Bank with Liquidity facility
 If the Bank with Liquidity facility, becomes subject to bankruptcy proceedings then an investor could experience losses or delays in the payments.

Risk of Co-mingling

With respect to the Certificates, the Servicer will deposit all payments received from the Obligors into the Collection Account. However, there could be a time gap between collection by a Servicer and depositing the same into the Collection account especially considering that some of the collections may be in the form of cash. In this interim period, collections from the Loan Agreements may not be segregated from other funds of originator. If originator in its capacity as Servicer fails to remit such funds due to Investors, the Investors may be exposed to a potential loss.

7. Risks associated with derivatives

- Derivatives are high risk, high return instruments as they may be highly leveraged. A
 small price movement in the underlying security could have a large impact on their
 value and may also result in a loss. The risks associated with the use of derivatives are
 different from or possibly greater than, the risks associated with investing directly in
 securities and other traditional investments.
- Derivative products are leveraged instruments and can provide disproportionate
 gains as well as disproportionate losses to the investor. Execution of such strategies
 depends upon the ability of the fund manager to identify such opportunities.
 Identification and execution of the strategies to be pursued by the fund manager
 involve uncertainty and decision of fund manager may not always be profitable. No
 assurance can be given that the fund manager will be able to identify or execute such
 strategies.
- The Scheme may find it difficult or impossible to execute derivative transactions in certain circumstances. For example, when there are insufficient bids or suspension of trading due to price limit or circuit breakers, the Scheme may face a liquidity issue.
- The Stock Exchange may impose restrictions on exercise of options and may also restrict the exercise of options at certain times in specified circumstances and this could impact the value of the portfolio.
- In case of investments in index futures, the risk would be the same as in the case of investments in a portfolio of shares representing an index. The extent of loss is the same as in the underlying stocks. In case futures are used for hedging a portfolio of stocks, which is different from the index stocks, the extent of loss could be more or less depending on the coefficient of variation of such portfolio with respect to the index; such coefficient is known as Beta.

- The risks associated with futures are similar to those associated with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mispricing of the futures and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.
- The Long position in the Index (e.g. Nifty Index) will have as much loss as the gain in the short portfolio if hedged completely and would be vice versa if we were holding long portfolio, short Index.
- While Futures markets are typically more liquid than the underlying cash market, there can be no assurance that ready liquidity would exist at all points in time for scheme to purchase or close out a specific futures contract.
- The risk (loss) for an options buyer is limited to the premium paid, while the risk (loss) of an options writer is unlimited, the latter's gains being limited to the premiums earned. However, in the case of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund, all option positions will have underlying assets and therefore all losses due to price movement beyond the strike price will actually be an opportunity loss. The writer of a put option bears a risk of loss if the value of the underlying asset declines below the exercise price. The writer of a call option bears a risk of loss if the value of the underlying asset increases above the exercise price.
- Risks associated with writing Covered Call Options for Equity Shares: A call option
 gives the holder (buyer) the right but not the obligation to buy an asset by a certain
 date for a certain price. Covered calls are an options strategy where a person holds a
 long position in an asset and writes (sells) call options on that same asset to generate
 an income stream. The Scheme may write call options under covered call strategy, as
 permitted by the regulations. Risks associated thereto are mentioned below:
 - Opportunity cost: A covered call strategy limits the upside potential of the underlying stock. If the stock rises sharply, the gains above the call option's strike price will be missed out. When the underlying asset's price rises above the strike price, the short call loses its value as much as the underlying stock gains and as a result the upside of the stock always gets capped. Downside risk is reduced by writing covered call options.
 - Exit issues / Illiquidity risk: If the strike price at which the call option contracts have been written become illiquid, the scheme may not be able to sell the underlying equity shares, which can lead to temporary illiquidity of the underlying equity shares and result in loss of opportunity. Also, if the covered call options are sold to the maximum extent allowed by regulatory authority, the scheme may not be able to sell the underlying equity shares immediately in case where the view changes to sell and exit the stock.
 - The total gross exposure related to option premium paid and received must not exceed the regulatory limits of the net assets of the scheme. This may restrict the ability of scheme to utilize options strategies.
 - Interest rate swaps and Forward Rate Agreement require the maintenance of adequate controls to monitor the transactions entered into, the ability to assess the risk that the derivative adds to the portfolio and the ability to

forecast failure of another party (usually referred to as the "counter-party") to comply with the terms of the derivatives contract. Other risks in using derivatives include the risk of mispricing or improper valuation of derivatives, the credit risk where the danger is that of a counter-party failing to honour its commitment, liquidity risk where the danger is that the derivative cannot be sold at prices that reflect the underlying assets, rates and indices, and price risk where the market price may move in adverse fashion.

• Risk Factors with respect to Imperfect Hedging Using Interest Rate Futures

An Interest Rate Futures is an agreement to buy or sell a debt instrument at a specified future date at a price that is fixed today. Interest Rate Futures are Exchange traded. These future contracts are cash settled.

- Perfect Hedging means hedging the underlying using IRF contract of same underlying.
- Imperfect hedging means the underlying being hedged and the IRF contract has correlation of closing prices of more than 90%.

In case of imperfect hedging, the portfolio can be a mix of:

- Corporate Bonds and Government securities or
- Only Corporate debt securities or
- Only government securities with different maturities

Risk associated with imperfect hedging includes:

- O Basis Risk: The risk arises when the price movements in derivative instrument used to hedge the underlying assets does not match the price movements of the underlying assets being hedged. Such difference may potentially amplify the gains or losses, thus adding risk to the position.
- o Price Risk: The risk of mispricing or improper valuation and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates, and indices.
- o Risk of mismatch between the instruments: The risk arises if there is a mismatch between the prices movements in derivative instrument used to hedge, compared to the price movement of the underlying assets being hedged. For example, when IRF which has government security as underlying is used, to hedge a portfolio that contains corporate debt securities.
- Correlation weakening and consequent risk of regulatory breach: SEBI Regulation mandates minimum correlation criterion of 0.9 (calculated on a 90-day basis) between the portfolio being hedged and the derivative instrument used for hedging. In cases where the correlation falls below 0.9, a rebalancing period of 5 working days has been permitted. Inability to satisfy this requirement to restore the correlation level to the stipulated level, within the stipulated period, due to difficulties in rebalancing would lead to a lapse of the exemption in gross exposure computation. The entire derivative exposure would then need to be included in

gross exposure, which may result in gross exposure in excess of 100% of net asset value.

8. Risk associated with investments in Exchange Traded Commodity Derivatives

An exchange traded commodity derivative (ETCD) is a derivative instrument that mimics the price movements of an underlying commodity, allowing an investor exposure to the commodity without physical purchase.

- Liquidity Risk: While ETCDs that are listed on an exchange carry lower liquidity risk, the ability to sell these contracts is limited by the overall trading volume on the exchanges. The liquidity of the Schemes' investments is inherently restricted by trading volumes of the ETCD contracts in which it invests. Additionally, change in margin requirements or intervention by government agencies to reduce overall volatility in the underlying commodity could lead to adverse impact on the liquidity of the ETCD.
- Price risk: ETCDs are leveraged instruments hence, a small price movement in the
 underlying security could have a large impact on their value. Also, the market for
 ETCDs is nascent in India and hence, arbitrages can occur between the price of the
 physical commodity and the ETCD, due to a variety of reasons such as technical issues
 and volatile movement in the price of the physical good. This can result in mispricing
 and improper valuation of investment decisions as it can be difficult to ascertain the
 amount of the arbitrage.
- Settlement risk: ETCDs can be settled either through the exchange or physically. The inability to sell ETCDs held in the Schemes' portfolio in the exchanges due to the extraneous factors may impact liquidity and would result in losses, at times, in case of adverse price movement. Wherein the underlying commodity is physically delivered in order to settle the derivative contract, such settlement could get impacted due to various issues, such as logistics, Government policy for trading in such commodities.
- Geopolitical and Environmental Risk: Underlying commodities are often sensitive to geopolitical events (e.g., conflicts, trade restrictions) and environmental issues (e.g., droughts, pandemics). These events can cause sudden and unpredictable shifts in prices of the underlying commodity and its derivative

9. Risk associated with investments in Gold ETFs:

• **Investment Risks:** The value of the units in the scheme is directly related to the value of the gold held by Gold ETF. Fluctuations in the price of gold can adversely affect the investment value of the units.

- Factors Affecting Gold Prices: Several factors can influence the price of gold, including:
 - Global gold supplies and demand, influenced by forward selling by gold producers, purchases to unwind gold hedge positions, central bank purchases and sales, and production and cost levels in major gold-producing countries like South Africa, the United States, and Australia.
 - o Investors' expectations regarding the rate of inflation.
 - o Currency exchange rates.
 - Interest rates.
 - o Investment and trading activities of hedge funds and commodity funds.
 - o Global or regional political, economic, or financial events and situations.
 - o Changes in indirect taxes or other levies.
 - o Market movements and trade restrictions imposed by the RBI.
 - o Trade and restrictions on the import/export of gold or gold jewelry.
- **Long-term Value:** There is no assurance that gold will maintain its long-term value in terms of purchasing power. If the price of gold declines, the value of the investment is expected to decline proportionately.
- **Competition:** Investments in the scheme may be adversely affected by competition from other methods of investing in gold.
- **Performance:** The returns from physical gold in which the underlying Gold ETFs invest may underperform compared to general securities markets or other asset classes. Different types of securities tend to go through cycles of outperformance and underperformance.
- Risks of Loss: There is a risk that part or all of the gold held by the Gold ETF could be
 lost, damaged, or stolen. Access to the gold could also be restricted by natural events
 or human actions, which may adversely impact the operations of the scheme and
 consequently the investment redemption in units.
- Trading Prices: The units of Gold ETFs may trade above or below their NAV. The
 NAV of the scheme will fluctuate with changes in the market value of the holdings.
 Trading prices will fluctuate in accordance with changes in their NAV as well as
 market supply and demand. However, large discounts or premiums to the NAV are
 not expected to sustain due to arbitrage opportunities.
- **Operational Risks:** Gold ETFs are relatively new products, and their value could decrease if unanticipated operational or trading problems arise.
- Subscription and Liquidity: The scheme will subscribe to the units of Gold ETFs according to the value equivalent to unit creation size. When subscriptions are not

adequate to invest in creation unit size, they may be deployed in debt and money market instruments, which will have a different return profile compared to gold.

- **Redemption and Liquidity:** The units issued under the scheme, when predominantly invested in Gold ETFs, will derive liquidity from the underlying Gold ETF's creation/redemption process. Prevailing market conditions may affect the ability of the underlying Gold ETFs to sell gold against redemption requests 17. If the underlying Gold ETF is unable to sell for any reason and delivers physical gold, there could be a delay in payment of redemption proceeds.
- **Secondary Market Trading**: The scheme will derive liquidity from trading units of underlying Gold ETFs on the exchange(s) in the secondary market, which may be restricted by trading volumes, settlement periods, and transfer procedures. In the event of a large number of redemption requests or restructuring of the scheme's investment portfolio, the processing of redemption requests may be delayed.
- Creation Unit Size: Gold ETFs would ordinarily repurchase units in creation unit size.
 Units holding less than creation unit size can only be sold through the secondary market on the exchange. The price received upon redemption of units of Gold ETFs may be less than the value of the gold represented by them.

10. Risk associated with investments in Silver ETFs:

- **Investment Risks**: The value of the units is directly related to the value of the silver held by the Silver ETF. Fluctuations in the price of silver can adversely affect the investment value of the units.
- Factors Affecting Silver Prices: Several factors can influence the price of silver, including:
 - Global silver supplies and demand, influenced by forward selling by silver producers, purchases made by silver producers to unwind silver hedge positions, central bank purchases and sales, and production and cost levels in major silver-producing countries.
 - o Investors' expectations regarding the rate of inflation.
 - o Currency exchange rates.
 - Interest rates.
 - o Investment and trading activities of hedge funds and commodity funds.
 - o Global or regional political, economic, or financial events and situations.
 - Changes in indirect taxes or other levies.
 - o Market movements and trade restrictions imposed by the RBI.
 - o Trade and restrictions on the import/export of silver or silver jewelry.

- **Long-term Value:** There is no assurance that silver will maintain its long-term value. If the price of silver declines, the value of the investment in units is expected to decline proportionately.
- **Competition:** Investments in the scheme may be adversely affected by competition from other methods of investing in silver.
- **Performance:** The returns from physical silver in which the underlying Silver ETFs invest may underperform compared to the general securities markets or different asset classes. Different types of securities tend to go through cycles of outperformance and underperformance.
- **Risks of Loss:** There is a risk that part or all of the silver held by the Silver ETF could be lost, damaged, or stolen. Access to the silver could also be restricted by natural events or human actions, which may adversely impact the operations of the scheme and consequently the investment redemption in units.
- **Operational Risks:** Silver ETFs are relatively new products, and their value could decrease if unanticipated operational or trading problems arise
- **NAV Fluctuations:** The units of Silver ETFs may trade above or below their NAV. The NAV of the scheme will fluctuate with changes in the market value of the holdings. The trading prices will fluctuate in accordance with changes in their NAV as well as market supply and demand.
- Subscription and deployment: The scheme will subscribe to the units of Silver ETFs
 according to the value equivalent to unit creation size. When subscriptions are not
 adequate to invest in creation unit size, the subscriptions may be deployed in debt and
 money market instruments, which will have a different return profile compared to
 silver.
- Liquidity: The units issued under the scheme, when invested in Silver ETFs, will derive liquidity from the underlying Silver ETF's creation/redemption process. Prevailing market conditions may affect the ability of the underlying Silver ETFs to sell silver against redemption requests. Additionally, the scheme will derive liquidity from trading units of underlying Silver ETFs on the exchange(s) in the secondary market, which may be restricted by trading volumes, settlement periods, and transfer procedures.
- Redemption Delays: In case the underlying Silver ETF is unable to sell for any reason
 and delivers physical silver, there could be a delay in payment of redemption proceeds
 pending such realization. The processing of redemption requests may also be delayed
 in the event of an inordinately large number of redemption requests or restructuring
 of the scheme's investment portfolio.

Creation Unit Size: Silver ETFs would ordinarily repurchase units in creation unit size.
 Thus, unit holdings less than creation unit size can only be sold through the secondary market on the exchange. The price received upon redemption of units of Silver ETFs may be less than the value of the silver represented by them.

11. Risk associated with investments in REITs and InvITS:

- Market Risk: REITs and InvITs are volatile and prone to price fluctuations on a daily basis owing to market movements. Investors may note that AMC/Fund Manager's investment decisions may not always be profitable, as actual market movements may be at variance with the anticipated trends. The NAV of the Scheme is vulnerable to movements in the prices of securities invested in by the scheme, due to various market-related factors like changes in the general market conditions, factors and forces affecting capital market, level of interest rates, trading volumes, Real Estate and Infrastructure sectors, settlement periods and transfer procedures. The scheme will undertake active portfolio management as per the investment objective to reduce the marker risk.
- Liquidity Risk: As the liquidity of the investments made by the Scheme(s) could, at
 times, be restricted by trading volumes and settlement periods, the time taken by the
 Mutual Fund for liquidating the investments in the scheme may be high in the event
 of immediate redemption requirement. Investment in such securities may lead to an
 increase in the scheme portfolio risk. The fund will try to maintain a proper assetliability match to ensure redemption payments are made on time and not affected by
 the illiquidity of the underlying units.
- **Reinvestment Risk:** Investments in REITs & InvITs may carry reinvestment risk as there could be repatriation of funds by the Trusts in form of buyback of units or IDCW pay-outs, etc. Consequently, the proceeds may get invested in assets providing lower returns. However, the reinvestment risk will be limited as the proceeds are expected to be a small portion of the portfolio value.
- Interest Rate Risk: Securities / Instruments of REITs and InvITs run interest rate risk. Generally, when interest rates rise, prices of units fall and when interest rates drop, such prices increase.

The above are some of the common risks associated with investments in REITs & InvITs. There can be no assurance that a Scheme's investment objectives will be achieved, or that there will be no loss of capital. Investment results may vary substantially on a monthly, quarterly or annual basis.

12. Risk associated with investing in units of mutual funds

The scheme may make investments in units of mutual funds. Investments in mutual funds schemes are subject to market risks and there is no assurance or guarantee that the objectives of the scheme will be achieved. Further, any investment in mutual funds is also subject to risk factors outlined in the offer document of the mutual fund and an adverse performance of a mutual fund scheme in which the scheme has made

investments could adversely impact the scheme's performance and NAV of the scheme.

13. Risks associated with Securities Lending

As with other modes of extensions of credit, there are risks inherent to securities lending, including the risk of failure of the other party, in this case the approved intermediary, to comply with the terms of the agreement entered into between the lender of securities i.e. the Scheme and the approved intermediary. Such failure can result in the possible loss of rights to the collateral put up by the borrower of the securities, the inability of the approved intermediary to return the securities deposited by the lender and the possible loss of any corporate benefits accruing to the lender from the securities deposited with the approved intermediary. The scheme may not be able to sell lent out securities, which can lead to temporary illiquidity & loss of opportunity.

14. Risks associated with Short-selling of Securities

Purchasing a security entails the risk of the security price going down. Short selling of securities (i.e. sale of securities without owning them) entails the risk of the security price going up there by decreasing the profitability of the short position. Short selling is subject to risks related to fluctuations in market price, and settlement/liquidity risks. If required by the Regulations, short selling may entail margin money to be deposited with the clearing house and daily mark to market of the prices and margins. This may impact fund pricing and may induce liquidity risks if the fund is not able to provide adequate margins to the clearing house. Failure to meet margin requirements may result in penalties being imposed by the exchanges and clearing house.

15. Risks associated with overseas investments

To the extent the assets of the scheme are invested in overseas financial assets, there may be risks associated with currency movements, restrictions on repatriation and transaction procedures in overseas market. Further, the repatriation of capital to India may also be hampered by changes in regulations or political circumstances as well as the application to it of other restrictions on investment. In addition, country risks would include events such as introduction of extraordinary exchange controls, economic deterioration, bilateral conflict leading to immobilisation of the overseas financial assets and the prevalent tax laws of the respective jurisdiction for execution of trades or otherwise.

• Currency Risk:

The fund may invest in overseas mutual fund / foreign securities as permitted by the concerned regulatory authorities in India. Since the assets will be invested in securities denominated in foreign currencies, the Indian Rupee equivalent of the net assets, distributions and income may be adversely affected by changes/fluctuations in the value of the foreign currencies relative to the Indian Rupee.

Country Risk:

The Country risk arises from the inability of a country, to meet its financial obligations. It is the risk encompassing economic, social and political conditions in a foreign country, which might adversely affect foreign investors' financial interests.

16. Risk factors associated with processing of transaction through Stock Exchange

Mechanism

The trading mechanism introduced by the stock exchange(s) is configured to accept and process transactions for mutual fund units in both Physical and Demat Form. The allotment and/or redemption of Units through NSE and/or BSE or any other recognised stock exchange(s), on any Business Day will depend upon the modalities of processing viz. collection of application form, order processing/settlement, etc. upon which the AMC has no control. Moreover, transactions conducted through the stock exchange mechanism shall be governed by the operating guidelines and directives issued by respective recognized stock exchange(s).

C. RISK MITIGATION STRATEGIES

The Scheme, by utilizing a holistic risk management strategy will endeavor to manage risks associated with investing in equity and debt markets. The risk control process involves identifying & measuring the risk through various risk measurement tools.

The Scheme has identified the following risk management strategies, which are embedded in the investment process to manage such risks.

Type of Risks	Measures/ Strategies to control risks
Equity and Equity related instruments	• Investment strategy: The fund will comply with the prescribed SEBI limits on exposure. Risk is monitored and necessary action would be taken on the portfolio, if required. Attribution analysis is done to monitor the under or over performance vis a vis the benchmark and the reasons for the same.
	• Portfolio volatility & concentration: The overall volatility of the portfolio would be maintained in line with the objective of the scheme Volatility would be monitored with respect to the benchmark and peer set.
	• Liquidity: The scheme predominantly invests across market capitalisations which are actively traded and thereby liquid. The fund manager may also keep some portion of the portfolio in debt and money market instruments and/or cash within the specified asset allocation framework for the purpose of meeting redemptions. The liquidity would be monitored and necessary action would be taken on the portfolio if required. Stock turnover is monitored at regular intervals. The debt/money market instruments that are invested by the fund will have a short term duration.

Debt and Money Market instruments

- Credit Risk: Management analysis will be used for identifying company specific risks. Management's past track record will also be studied. In order to assess financial risk a detailed assessment of the issuer's financial statements will be undertaken.
- Price-Risk or Interest-Rate Risk: The Scheme may primarily invest the debt portion of the portfolio in short term debt & money market instruments, units of Liquid and Overnight schemes thereby mitigating the price volatility due to interest rate changes generally associated with long-term securities.
- Risk of Rating Migration: The Scheme may primarily invest the debt portion of the portfolio in shortterm debt & money market instruments, units of Liquid and Overnight schemes thereby mitigating the risk of rating migration generally associated with long-term securities.
- Basis Risk: The debt allocation of scheme is primarily as a cash management strategy and such strategy returns are expected to reflect the very short-term interest rate hence investment is done in short term debt and money market instruments.
- Spread Risk: The Scheme may primarily invest the debt portion of the portfolio in short-term debt & money market instruments, units of Liquid and Overnight schemes thereby mitigating the risk of spread expansion which is generally associated with long-term securities
- Reinvestment Risk: The debt allocation of scheme is primarily as a cash management strategy and such strategy returns are expected to reflect the very short-term interest rate hence investment is done in short term debt and money market instruments. Reinvestment risks will be limited to the extent of debt instruments, which will be a very small portion of the overall portfolio value.
- Liquidity Risk: The Scheme may, however, endeavour to minimize liquidity risk by primarily investing the debt portion of the portfolio in relatively liquid short-term debt & money market instruments, units of Liquid and Overnight schemes.

Government securities and Triparty repo on Government securities or treasury bills:

As a member of securities segment and Triparty repo segment, maintenance of sufficient margin is a mandatory requirement. CCIL monitors these on a real time basis and requests the participants to provide sufficient margin to enable the trades etc. Also, there are stringent conditions / requirements before registering any participants by CCIL in these segments. Since settlement is guaranteed the loss on this account could be minimal though there could be an opportunity loss.

Repo Transactions This risk is largely mitigated, as the choice of counterparties is largely restricted and their credit rating is taken into account before entering into such transactions. Also, operational risks are lower as such trades are settled on a DVP basis. In the event the counterparty is unable to pay back the money to the scheme as contracted on maturity, the scheme may dispose of the assets (as they have sufficient margin) and the net proceeds may be refunded to the counterparty. **Derivatives** The Scheme may invest in derivative for the purpose of hedging, portfolio balancing and other purposes as may be permitted under the Regulations. Equity Derivatives will be used in the form of Index Options, Index Futures, Stock Options and Stock Futures and other instruments as may be permitted by SEBI. Derivatives can be either exchange traded or can be over the counter (OTC). Exchange traded derivatives are listed and traded on stock exchanges whereas OTC derivative transactions are generally structured between two counterparties. Exposure with respect to derivatives shall be in line with regulatory limits and the limits specified in the SID. Investments in units of Liquidity risk: Inability to buy/sell appropriate quantity of Gold ETF and Silver ETF units **Gold ETF/ Silver ETF** For small amounts of inflows/outflows which are less than the creation size of Gold ETF and Silver ETF, the Scheme will buy/sell Gold ETF and Silver ETF units directly on the stock exchange without waiting for additional subscription redemption to minimize tracking error. The underlying scheme may retain certain investments in cash or cash equivalents for its day-to-day liquidity requirements. The underlying scheme has to sell gold only to bullion bankers / traders who are authorized to buy gold. Though, there are adequate numbers of players (commercial or bullion bankers) to whom the underlying scheme can sell gold and Silver, the underlying scheme may have to resort to distress sale of gold and Silver if there is no or low demand for gold and silver to meet its cash needs of redemption or expenses. The Trustee, in general interest of the Unit holders of the underlying scheme offered under its Scheme Information Document and keeping in view of the unforeseen circumstances / unusual market conditions, may limit the total number of Units, which can be redeemed on any Business Day. Event risk/Custody Risk: Risk of loss, damage, theft, impurity etc. of Gold/Silver

	There is a risk that part or all physical Silver belonging to the underlying scheme could be lost, damaged or stolen. To ensure safety, the said Gold/Silver is stored by the underlying scheme with custodian in its vaults. Gold/Silver held by custodian is also insured. The					
Commodity Derivatives	 custodian will insure/cover all such risks. Diversification: Spread investments across different asset classes o commodities to reduce exposure to single commodity specific risk (for example copper). 					
	 Monitoring and Technical Analysis: Continuously monitor factoring copper prices and use technical indicators for bettiming. 					
	• Fundamental Research: Stay informed about copper production levels, inventory reports, and economic indicators to avoid speculative trades.					
	Contract Selection and Rollover Planning: Choose contracts with higher liquidity and plan rollovers in advance to minimize costs.					
	Periodic Review and Adjustment: Regularly review trading performance and adapt strategies based on changing market conditions.					
REITs and InvITS	The fund will comply with the prescribed SEBI limits on exposure. The scheme will endeavour to invest in liquid REITs & InvITs.					
Units of mutual fund schemes	Mutual Fund portfolios are generally well diversified and typicall endeavour to provide liquidly on aT+1/T+2 basis and aim to mitigat any risks arising out of underlying investments. Commodity ETF's ar quite liquid as they can either be created / redeemed with the fun house or traded on the exchange					
Securities Lending	The SLB shall be operated through Clearing Corporation/Clearing House of stock exchanges having nation-wide terminals who are registered as Approved Intermediaries (AIs)." The risk is adequately covered as Securities Lending & Borrowing (SLB) is an Exchange traded product. Exchange offers an anonymous trading platform and gives the players the advantage of settlement guarantee without the worries of counter party default. However, the Fund may not be able to sell such lent securities during contract period or have to recall the securities which may be at higher than the premium at which the security is lent.					

Securitized Debt	In addition to careful scrutiny of credit profile of borrower/pool additional security in the form of adequate cash collaterals and other securities may be obtained.
Structured Obligation (SO) & Credit Enhancement (CE) rated securities	Scheme wise investments as prescribed by the regulations limits the exposure to such securities. Additionally, covenants of such structured papers are reviewed periodically for adequate maintenance of covers as prescribed in the Information Memorandum of such papers.

Note: The information contained herein is based on current market conditions and may change from time to time based on changes in such conditions, regulatory changes and other relevant factors. Accordingly, our investment strategy, risk mitigation measures and other information contained herein may change in response to the same.

II. INFORMATION ABOUT THE SCHEME

A. WHERE WILL THE SCHEME INVEST?

Detailed description of the instruments (including overview of debt markets in India, if applicable) mentioned in Section I is provided below:

• Equity Securities:

Equity and Equity related instruments include convertible debentures, equity warrants, convertible preference shares and equity derivatives.

• Debt Securities:

Debt instruments (in the form of non-convertible debentures, bonds, secured premium notes, zero interest bonds, deep discount bonds, floating rate bonds/notes, securitised debt, pass through certificates, asset backed securities, mortgage backed securities and any other domestic fixed income securities including structured obligations etc.) include, but are not limited to:

- 1. Debt issuances of the statutory bodies (which may or may not carry a state/central government guarantee),
- 2. Debt securities that have been guaranteed by Government of India and State Governments,
- 3. Debt securities issued by Corporate Entities (Public / Private sector undertakings),
- 4. Debt securities issued by Public/Private sector banks and development financial institutions,
- 5. Securitized Debt, Structured Obligations, Credit enhanced Debt,
- 6. Non Convertible Preference Shares.

• Money Market Instruments include:

- 1. Commercial papers
- 2. Commercial bills
- 3. Tri-party Repos on Government securities or treasury bills (TREPS)
- 4. Certificate of deposit
- 5. Usance bills
- 6. Permitted securities under a repo/reverse repo agreement
- 7. Any other like instruments as may be permitted by RBI/SEBI for liquidity requirements from time to time.

Commodities

- 1. Gold ETF
- Silver ETF
- 3. Exchange Traded Commodity Derivatives (ETCDs)
- 4. Any other mode of investment in commodities as permitted by SEBI from time to time.

Investment In Foreign Securities

The Scheme may invest in permitted Foreign Securities and any other overseas instruments as may be permitted by SEBI/RBI/other regulatory authorities from time to time.

As per Para 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, has issued guidelines pertaining to investments in overseas financial assets. Accordingly, the investments in Foreign Securities shall be made in compliance with the said circular.

The Fund has appointed a dedicated fund manager for the purpose of investment in overseas financial assets (except for investment in units/securities of overseas mutual funds/unit trusts/ETFs and such other securities/instruments as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time) as prescribed in the aforesaid SEBI circular. Service of custodian and other intermediaries/advisors of international repute will be used for managing and administering such investments. The appointment of such intermediaries shall be in accordance with the applicable requirements of SEBI and within the permissible ceilings of expenses. The fees and expenses would include, besides the investments management fees, custody fees and costs, fees of appointed advisors and sub-managers, transaction costs and overseas regulatory costs.

Offshore investment will be made subject to any/ all approvals/conditions thereof as may be stipulated by SEBI/ RBI/ other regulatory authorities. Boards of asset management companies (AMCs) and trustees shall exercise due diligence in making investment decisions as required under Regulation 25(2). They shall make a detailed analysis of risks and returns of investment in foreign securities and how these investments would be in the interest of investors. Investment must be made in liquid actively traded securities/instruments and such other types of securities/instruments as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time. Boards of AMCs and trustees may prescribe detailed parameters for making such investments, which may include identification of countries, country rating, country limits, etc. They shall satisfy themselves that the AMC has experienced key personnel, research facilities and infrastructure for making such

investments. Other specialised agencies and service providers associated with such investments e.g. custodian, bank, advisors, etc should also have adequate expertise and infrastructure facilities. Their past track record of performance and regulatory compliance record, if they are registered with foreign regulators, may also be considered. Necessary agreements may be entered into with them as considered necessary. All investment decisions shall be recorded in accordance with para 12.19.3.2.a of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024. Such investments shall be disclosed while disclosing half-yearly portfolios in the prescribed format by making a separate heading "Foreign Securities/overseas ETFs." Scheme-wise percentage of investments made in such securities shall be disclosed while publishing half-yearly results in the prescribed format, as a footnote.

It is the investment manager's belief that overseas securities offer new investment and portfolio diversification opportunities into multi-market and multi-currency products. However, such investments also entail additional risks.

Investment in derivatives traded on recognised stock exchanges overseas shall be made only for hedging and portfolio balancing with underlying as securities.

As advised by SEBI, in order to avoid breach of industry-wide overseas investment limits as allowed by RBI and as per Para 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular of Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, the total investment in overseas funds or securities across all schemes of FTMF is capped at the level as of February 1, 2022. The aforesaid capping is temporary in nature and will continue only till further enhancement of limit by Regulators in this regard.

Investments In Derivative Instruments

As part of the Fund Management process, the Trustee may permit the use of derivative instruments such as index futures, stock futures and options contracts, warrants, convertible securities, swap agreements, Forward Rate Agreement (FRA), ETCDs or any other derivative instruments that are permissible or may be permissible in future under applicable regulations and such investments shall be in accordance with the investment objectives of the scheme.

Index futures/options are meant to be an efficient way of buying/selling an index compared to buying/selling a portfolio of physical shares representing an index for ease of execution and settlement. Index futures/options can be an efficient way of achieving the scheme's investment objective. On the fixed income side, an interest rate swap agreement from fixed rate to floating rate is an example of how derivatives can be an effective hedge for the portfolio in a rising interest rate environment.

Derivatives can be either exchange traded or can be over the counter (OTC). Exchange traded derivatives are listed and traded on Stock Exchanges whereas OTC derivative transactions are generally structured between two counterparties.

Derivatives may be high risk - high return instruments, upon leveraging. As they are highly leveraged, a small price movement in the underlying security could have a large

impact on their value and may also result in a loss.

Position Limits:

The scheme may enter into derivative transactions in line with the guidelines prescribed by SEBI from time to time. The exposure limit per scrip/instrument shall be to the extent permitted by the SEBI Regulation for the time being in force. These limits will be reviewed by the AMC from time to time. Trading in derivatives by the scheme shall be restricted to hedging and portfolio balancing purposes.

Currently, the position limits for Mutual Funds and its schemes, as permitted by the SEBI Regulations, are as under:

The cumulative gross exposure through equity, debt and derivative positions (including commodity and fixed income derivatives), and repo transactions in corporate debt securities, Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs), Infrastructure Investment Trusts (InvITs), other permitted securities/assets and such other securities/assets as may be permitted by SEBI from time to time) should not exceed 100% of the net assets of the scheme. Exposure due to hedging positions may not be included in the above mentioned limit subject to the following:

- Hedging positions are the derivative positions that reduce possible losses on an existing position in securities and till the existing position remains.
- Hedging positions cannot be taken for existing derivative positions. Exposure due to such positions shall have to be added and treated under limits mentioned above.
- Any derivative instrument used to hedge has the same underlying security as the existing position being hedged.
- The quantity of underlying associated with the derivative position taken for hedging purposes does not exceed the quantity of the existing position against which hedge has been taken.
- Exposure due to derivative positions taken for hedging purposes in excess of the underlying position against which the hedging position has been taken, shall be treated under the limits mentioned above.

Further, the total exposure related to option premium paid must not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme. Pursuant to SEBI letter dated November 03, 2021, Cash or cash equivalents shall consist of following securities having residual maturity of less than 91 days which are not considered for the purpose of calculating gross exposure limit:

- 1) Government Securities
- 2) T-Bills
- 3) Repo on Government Securities

Mutual Funds shall not write options or purchase instruments with embedded written options.

- i. Position limit for Mutual Funds in index options contracts:
- 1. The Mutual Fund position limit in all index options contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 crore or 15% of the total open interest of the market in index options, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.

- 2. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all options contracts on a particular underlying index.
- ii. Position limit for Mutual Funds in index futures contracts:
- 1. The Mutual Fund position limit in all index futures contracts on a particular underlying index shall be Rs. 500 crore or 15% of the total open interest of the market in index futures, whichever is higher, per Stock Exchange.
- 2. This limit would be applicable on open positions in all futures contracts on a particular underlying index.
- iii. Additional position limit for hedging

In addition to the position limits at point (i) and (ii) above, Mutual Funds may take exposure in equity index derivatives subject to the following limits:

- 1. Short positions in index derivatives (short futures, short calls and long puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of stocks.
- 2. Long positions in index derivatives (long futures, long calls and short puts) shall not exceed (in notional value) the Mutual Fund's holding of cash, government securities, T-Bills and similar instruments.
- iv. Position limit for Mutual Funds for stock based derivative contracts

The Mutual Fund position limit in a derivative contract on a particular underlying stock, i.e. stock option contracts and stock futures contracts shall be 20% of the applicable Market Wide Position Limit (MWPL).

v. Position limit for each scheme of a Mutual Fund

The position limits for each scheme of mutual fund and disclosure requirements shall be identical to that prescribed for a sub-account of a FII. Therefore, the scheme-wise position limit/disclosure requirements shall be –

1. For stock option and stock futures contracts, the gross open position across all derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock of a scheme of a mutual fund shall not exceed the higher of:

1% of the free float market capitalisation (in terms of number of shares)

Or

- 5% of the open interest in the derivative contracts on a particular underlying stock (in terms of number of contracts)
- 2. This position limits shall be applicable on the combined position in all derivative contracts on an underlying stock at a Stock Exchange.
- 3. For index based contracts, Mutual Funds shall disclose the total open interest held by its scheme or all schemes put together in a particular underlying index, if such open interest equals to or exceeds 15% of the open interest of all derivative contracts on that underlying index.

Purpose of investment:

 Trading in derivatives by the scheme shall be restricted to hedging and portfolio balancing purposes.

- The scheme shall fully cover its positions in the derivatives market by holding underlying securities/cash or cash equivalents/option and/or obligation for acquiring underlying assets to honour the obligations contracted in the derivatives market.
- Separate records shall be maintained for holding the cash and cash equivalents/securities for this purpose.
- The securities held shall be marked to market by the AMC to ensure full coverage of investments made in derivative products at all time.

Valuation:

- The traded derivatives shall be valued at market price in conformity with the stipulations of sub clauses (i) to (v) of clause 1 of the Eighth Schedule to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.
- The valuation of untraded derivatives shall be done in accordance with the valuation method for untraded investments prescribed in sub clauses (i) and (ii) of clause 2 of the Eighth Schedule to the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996.

Stock and Index Options:

Option contracts are of two types - Call and Put; the former being the right, but not obligation, to purchase a prescribed number of shares at a specified price before or on a specific expiration date and the latter being the right, but not obligation, to sell a prescribed number of shares at a specified price before or on a specific expiration date. The price at which the shares are contracted to be purchased or sold is called the strike price. Options that can be exercised on or before the expiration date are called American Options, while those that can be exercised only on the expiration date are called European Options. In India, all individual stock options are American Options, whereas all index options are European Options. Option contracts are designated by the type of option, name of the underlying, expiry month and the strike price.

Strategies that employ Options:

Buying a Call Option: Let us assume that the Fund buys a call option of XYZ Ltd. with strike price of Rs. 1000, at a premium of Rs. 25. If the market price of ABC Ltd on the expiration date is more than Rs. 1000, the option will be exercised. The Fund will earn profits once the share price crosses Rs. 1025 (Strike Price + Premium i.e. 1000+25). Suppose the price of the stock is Rs. 1100, the option will be exercised and the Fund will buy 1 share of XYZ Ltd. from the seller of the option at Rs 1000 and sell it in the market at Rs. 1100, making a profit of Rs. 75. In another scenario, if on the expiration date the stock price falls below Rs. 1000, say it touches Rs. 900, the Fund will choose not to exercise the option. In this case the Fund loses the premium (Rs. 25), which will be the profit earned by the seller of the call option.

Risks:

In case of buying options either call/put, the maximum loss would be the premium paid in case of options expiring out of the money.

Buying a Put Option: Let us assume the Fund owns the shares of XYZ Ltd, which is trading at Rs. 500. The fund wishes to hedge this position in the short-term as it perceives some downside to the stock in the short-term. It can buy a Put Option at Rs. 500 by paying a premium of say Rs, 10/- In case the stock goes down to Rs. 450/- the fund has protected its downside to only the premium i.e Rs 10 instead of Rs. 50. On the contrary if the stock moves up to say Rs. 550/- the fund may let the Option expire and forego the premium thereby capturing Rs. 40/- upside. The strategy is useful for downside protection at cost of foregoing some upside.

Risks:

In case of buying options either call/put, the maximum loss would be the premium paid in case of options expiring out of the money.

Stock and Index Futures:

The Stock Exchange, Mumbai and the National Stock Exchange have introduced Index futures on BSE Sensex (BSE 30) and Nifty (NSE-50). Generally, three futures of 1 month, 2 months and 3 months are presently traded on these exchanges. These futures will expire on the last working Thursday of the respective month.

There are futures based on stock indices as mentioned above as also futures based on individual stocks. Individual stock futures are also widely used derivative instruments for enhancing portfolio returns. Stock futures trade either at a premium or at discount to the spot prices, usually the level of premium reflective of the cost of carry. Many a times the stock-specific sentiments too have a bearing on Futures as speculators may find futures as a cost-effective way of executing their view on the stock. However such executions usually increase the premium/discount to the spot significantly, thereby giving rise to clean arbitrage opportunities for a fund.

Strategies that employ Index Futures:

Illustrative list of strategies that can employ index futures:

- (a) The fund has an existing equity portion invested in a basket of stocks. In case the fund manager has a view that the equity markets are headed downwards, the fund can then hedge the exposure to equity either fully or partially by initiating short futures positions in the index. A similar position in the long direction can also be initiated by the fund to hedge its position of cash and permissible equivalents. The extent to which this can be done is determined by existing guidelines.
- (b) To the extent permissible by extant regulations the scheme can initiate a naked short position in an underlying index future traded on a recognized stock exchange.

In case the Nifty near month future contract trading at say, 1850, and the fund manager has a view that it will depreciate going forward, the fund can initiate a sale transaction of nifty futures at 1850 without holding a portfolio of equity stocks or any other underlying long equity position. Once the price falls to 1800 after say, 20 days the fund can initiate a square-up transaction by buying the said futures and book a profit of 50. Correspondingly the fund can take a long position without an underlying cash/ cash equivalent subject to the extant regulations.

Risks:

- The risks associated with index futures are similar to those associated with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mispricing of the futures and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.
- The Long position in the Nifty will have as much loss as the gain in the short portfolio if hedged completely and would be vice versa if we were holding long portfolio, short Index.

Strategies that employ Stock Futures:

Sell Spot Buy Future: To illustrate, let us assume the fund holds the stock XYZ Ltd which is trading @ Rs. 100/- at the spot market. If for some reasons the stock trades at Rs. 98 in the futures, the fund may sell the stock and buy the futures. On the date of expiry, the fund may reverse the transactions (i.e. Buy Spot & Sell futures) and earn a risk-free Rs. 2/- (2% absolute) on its holdings. Since this is done without diluting the fund's view on the underlying stock, the fund will benefit from any upside move i.e. if on the date of futures expiry, the stock is trading at Rs. 110/- the futures too will be trading at Rs. 110- and the fund will capture the 10% upside the stock provided and along with it the 2% arbitrage too, thereby enhancing returns to 12%

Risks:

- While Futures markets are typically more liquid than the underlying cash market, there can be no assurance that ready liquidity would exist at all points in time for scheme to purchase or close out a specific futures contract.
- The risks associated with stock futures are similar to those associated with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mispricing of the futures.

Buy Spot Sell Future: If the fund holds a stock XYZ Ltd which trades @ Rs 100/- at the spot market and is trading at Rs. 102/- in the futures market. The fund may buy the spot and sell the futures and earn the premium of Rs.2 /- which is risk-free. However this strategy can be used only when the fund is sitting in cash and is looking at enhancing the returns on the cash.

Risks:

- While Futures markets are typically more liquid than the underlying cash market, there can be no assurance that ready liquidity would exist at all points in time for scheme to purchase or close out a specific futures contract.
- The risks associated with stock futures are similar to those associated with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mispricing of the futures.

Sell Future: This helps in shorting the market and taking a direct short position in the market. Futures facilitate a short position if fund manager has a bearish view in the market. A sold Futures can be re-purchased any time up to the date of its expiry. If not repurchased, it is automatically squared off on the expiry date at Spot Rate.

Risks:

The risks associated with stock futures are similar to those associated with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mis-pricing of the futures and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.

Buy Future: If the fund wants to initiate a long position in a stock whose spot price is at say, Rs.100 and futures is at 98, the fund may just buy the futures contract instead of the spot thereby benefiting from a lower cost option.

Risks:

The risks associated with stock futures are similar to those associated with equity investments. Additional risks could be on account of illiquidity and potential mis-pricing of the futures and the inability of derivatives to correlate perfectly with underlying assets, rates and indices.

Interest Rate Swaps:

The Indian markets have faced high volatility in debt and equity markets. An interest rate swap is a contractual agreement between two counter-parties to exchange streams of interest amount on a national principal basis. In this, one party agrees to pay a fixed stream of interest amount against receiving a variable or floating stream of interest amount. The variable or floating part is determined on a periodical basis.

The Scheme may enter into plain vanilla Interest Rate Swaps (IRS) for hedging purposes. The value of the notional principal in such cases must not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the scheme.

In case of participation in IRS is through over the counter transactions, the counter party has to be an entity recognized as a market maker by RBI and exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions should not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme. However, if Scheme is transacting in IRS through an electronic trading platform offered by the Clearing Corporation of India Ltd. (CCIL) and CCIL is the central counterparty for such transactions guaranteeing settlement, the single counterparty limit of 10% shall not be applicable.

Purpose of Interest Rate Swaps:

- The Indian markets have faced high volatility in debt and equity markets. An interest rate swap is a contractual agreement between two counter-parties to exchange streams of interest amount on a national principal basis. In this, one party agrees to pay a fixed stream of interest amount against receiving a variable or floating stream of interest amount. The variable or floating part is determined on a periodical basis.
- The scheme shall use derivative position for hedging the portfolio risk on a non-leverage basis. The scheme shall fully cover their positions in the derivatives market by holding underlying securities / cash or cash equivalents / option and / or obligation for acquiring underlying assets to honour the obligations

contracted in the derivatives market.

Let us look at an example of an interest rate swap:

Entity A has Rs.20 crores, 3 month asset which is being funded through call. Entity B, on the other hand, has deployed Rs.20 crores in overnight call money market, 3 month liability. Both the entities are taking on an interest rate risk.

To hedge against the interest rate risk, both the entities can enter into a 3 month swap agreement based on say MIBOR (Mumbai Inter Bank Offered Rate). Through this swap, entity B will receive a fixed pre-agreed rate (say 8%) and pay NSE MIBOR ("the benchmark rate") which will neutralize the interest rate risk of lending in call. Similarly, entity A will neutralize its interest rate risk from call borrowing as it will pay 8% and receive interest at the benchmark rate.

Assuming the swap is for Rs.20 crores 1 September to 1 December, Entity A is a floating rate receiver at the overnight compounded rate and Entity B is a fixed rate receiver. On a daily basis, the benchmark rate fixed by NSE will be tracked by them.

On December 1, they will calculate as explained below:

Entity A is entitled to receive daily compounded call rate for 92 days and pay 8% fixed. Entity B is entitled to receive interest on Rs.20 crores @ 8% i.e. Rs.40.33 lakhs, and pay the compounded benchmark rate.

Thus on December 1, if the total interest on the daily overnight compounded benchmark rate is higher than Rs.40.33 lakhs, entity B will pay entity A the difference and vice versa.

Forward Rate Agreement (FRA)

A FRA is basically a forward starting IRS. It is an agreement between two parties to pay or receive the difference between an agreed fixed rate (the FRA rate) and the interest rate (reference rate) prevailing on a stipulated future date, based on a notional principal amount for an agreed period. The only cash flow is the difference between the FRA rate and the reference rate. As is the case with IRS, the notional amounts are not exchanged in FRAs.

Example: Let us assume that a scheme has an investment of Rs.10 crore in an instrument that pays interest linked to NSE Mibor. Since the NSE Mibor would vary daily, the scheme is running interest rate risk on its investment and would stand to lose if rates go down. To hedge itself against this risk, the scheme could do an IRS where it receives a fixed rate (assume 10%) for the next 5 days on the notional amount of Rs. 10 crore and pay a floating rate (NSE Mibor). In doing this, the scheme would effectively lock itself into a fixed rate of 10% for the next five days. The steps would be:

1. The scheme enters into an IRS on Rs. 10 crore from December 1 to December 6. It receives a fixed rate of interest at 10% and the counter party receives the floating rate (NSE Mibor). The scheme and the counter party exchange a contract of having entered into this IRS.

- 2. On a daily basis, the NSE Mibor will be tracked by the counterparties to determine the floating rate payable by the scheme.
- 3. On December 6, the counterparties will calculate the following:
- The scheme will receive interest on Rs. 10 crore at 10% p.a. for 5 days i.e. Rs.1,36,986/-
- The scheme will pay the compounded NSE Mibor for 5 days by converting its floating rate asset into a fixed rate through the IRS.
- If the total interest on the compounded NSE Mibor rate is lower than Rs. 1,36,986/-, the scheme will receive the difference from the counterparty and vice-versa. In case the interest on compounded NSE Mibor is higher, the scheme would make a lower return than what it would have made had it not undertaken IRS.

Risks:

Interest rate swaps and Forward Rate Agreement require the maintenance of adequate controls to monitor the transactions entered into, the ability to assess the risk that the derivative adds to the portfolio and the ability to forecast failure of another party (usually referred to as the "counter-party") to comply with the terms of the derivatives contract. Other risks in using derivatives include the risk of mis-pricing or improper valuation of derivatives, the credit risk where the danger is that of a counter-party failing to honour its commitment, liquidity risk where the danger is that the derivative cannot be sold at prices that reflect the underlying assets, rates and indices, and price risk where the market price may move in adverse fashion.

As is clear from the above examples, engaging in derivatives has the potential to help the scheme in minimising the portfolio risk and/or improve the overall portfolio returns.

Please note these examples are hypothetical in nature and are given for illustration purposes only. The actual returns may vary depending on the market conditions.

The AMC retains the right to enter into such derivative transactions as may be permitted by the applicable regulations from time to time.

SECURITIES LENDING

If permitted by SEBI under extant regulations/guidelines, the Scheme may also engage in scrip lending as provided under Securities Lending Scheme 1997, as per Para 12.11 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, and other applicable guidelines/regulations, as amended from time to time. Scrip lending means lending a security to another person or entity for a fixed period of time, at a negotiated compensation. The security lent will be returned by the borrower on or before the expiry of the stipulated period.

The AMC will comply with the required reporting obligations and the Trustee will carry out the reviews required under SEBI/RBI guidelines. Further a maximum of 40% of net assets will be deployed in securities lending and the maximum single party exposure will be restricted to 10%# of net assets outstanding at any point of time.

Presently, Securities lending and borrowing (SLB) is an Exchange traded product.

Counterparty is not known for transactions carried out under SLB segment and they are guaranteed by Clearing Corporations and hence do not carry any counter party risk. Accordingly, single party exposure limit will not apply to trades on Stock Exchange platform. Single party exposure limits can only apply in case of OTC (over the counter) trades where counterparty can be identified.

Engaging in scrip lending is subject to risks related to fluctuations in the collateral value / settlement / liquidity / counter party.

INVESTMENT IN SECURITISED DEBT

1. How the risk profile of securitized debt fits into the risk appetite of the scheme

Securitization is the fact or process of securitizing assets i.e. the conversion of loans into securities, usually in order to sell them on to other investors. This is done by assigning the loans to a special purpose vehicle (a trust), which in turn issues Pass-Through-Certificates (PTCs). These PTCs are transferable securities with fixed income characteristics. The risk of investing in securitized debt is similar to investing in debt securities. However it differs mainly in two respects. One, the liquidity of securitized debt is less than similar debt securities. Two, for certain types of securitized debt (backed by mortgages, personal loans, credit card debt, etc.), there is an additional pre-payment risk. Pre-payment risk refers to the possibility that loans are repaid before they are due, which may reduce returns if the re-investment rates are lower than initially envisaged.

Because of these additional risks, securitized debt typically offers higher yields than debt securities of similar credit rating and maturity. After considering these additional risks, the investment is no different from investment in a normal debt security. Considering the investment objective of the scheme, these instruments with medium risk profile can be considered in the investment universe. Thus if the Fund Manager judges that the additional risks are suitably compensated by the higher returns, he may invest in securitized debt up to the limits specified in the asset allocation table.

2. Policy relating to originators based on nature of originator, track record, NPAs, losses in earlier securitized debt, etc

Investments in securitized debt will be done based on the assessment of the originator and the securitized debt which is carried out by the Fixed Income team based on the in-house research capabilities as well as the inputs from the independent credit rating agencies and by following Franklin Templeton's internal credit process.

Specifically, in order to mitigate the risk at the issuer/originator level the Fixed Income team will consider various factors which will include -

- Track record of the originator in the specific business to which the underlying loans correspond to;
- size and reach of the issuer/originator;
- Collection infrastructure & collection policies;

- Post default recovery mechanism & infrastructure;
- Underwriting standards & policies followed by originator;
- Management information systems;
- Financials of the originators including an analysis of leverage, NPAs, earnings, etc.;
- Future strategy of the company for the specific business to which the underlying loans correspond to;
- Performance track record of Originator's portfolio & securitized pools, if any;
- Utilization of credit enhancement in the prior securitized pools;
- The quality of information disseminated by the issuer/ originator; and
- The credit enhancement for different types of issuer/originator.

Also, assessment of business risk would be carried out which includes -

- Outlook for the economy (both domestic and global); and
- Outlook for the industry

In addition, the fund analyses the specific pool and the broad evaluation parameters are as follows:

- Average seasoning of the loans in the pool
- Average Loan to value ratio of the loans in the pool
- Average ticket size of the loans
- Borrower profile (salaried / self employed, etc)
- Geographical profile of the pool
- Tenure profile of the pool
- Obligor concentration
- Credit enhancement cover available over and above the historic losses on Originator's portfolio
- Expected Prepayment rate in the specific asset class experienced by the originator in the past as well as the industry
- Limited Liquidity and Price Risk.

The scheme will invest in securitized debt which are rated investment grade and above by a credit rating agency recognized by SEBI. The investment team analyses the Rating Rationale in detail before investing in any PTCs, and also discusses with the concerned rating agency on a need basis. The rating agency would normally take in to consideration the following factors while rating a securitized debt:

Credit risk at the asset/originator/portfolio/pool level

The quality of the pool is a crucial element in assessing credit risk. In the Indian context, generally, pools are 'cherry-picked' using positive selection criteria. To protect the investor from adverse selection of pool contracts, the rating agencies normally take into consideration pool characteristics such as pool seasoning (seasoning represents the number of installments paid by borrower till date: higher seasoning represents better quality), over dues at the time of selection and Loan to Value (LTV). To assess its risk profile vis-à-vis the overall portfolio, the pool is analyzed with regard to geographical location, borrower profile, LTV, and tenure.

Counterparty risk

- This includes Servicer Risk, co-mingling risk etc. The rating agencies generally mitigate such risks though the usage of stringent counterparty selection and replacement criteria to reduce the risk of failure.

Bankruptcy risk

- Of the Originator
 - Normally, specific care is taken in structuring the securitization transaction so as to minimize the risk of the sale to the trust not being construed as a 'true sale'. It is also in the Interest of the originator to demonstrate the transaction as a true sell to get the necessary revenue recognition and tax benefits.
- Of the Investors' agent
 - All possible care is normally taken in structuring the transaction and drafting the underlying documents so as to provide that the assets/receivables if and when held by Investor's Agent is held as agent and in Trust for the Investors and shall not form part of the personal assets of Investor's Agent.

Legal risks

- The rating agency normally conducts a detailed study of the legal documents to ensure that the investors' interest is not compromised and relevant protection and safeguards are built into the transaction.
 - o Various market risks like interest rate risk, macro-economic risks
 - Assessment of risks related to business for example outlook for the economy, outlook for the industry and factors specific to the issuer/originator.

3. Risk mitigation strategies for investments with each kind of originator

The examples of securitized assets which may be considered for investment by the Scheme and the various risk mitigation parameters (please read in continuation with point 2 above) which will be considered include;

A) Asset backed securities issued by banks or non-banking finance companies.

Underlying assets may include receivables from loans against cars, commercial vehicles, construction equipment or unsecured loans such as personal loans, consumer durable loans. The various factors which will be usually considered while making investments in such type of securities include profile of the issuer, analysis of underlying loan portfolio – nature of asset class, seasoning of loans, geographical distribution of loans and coverage provided by credit-cum-liquidity enhancements.

B) Mortgage backed securities issued by banks or housing finance companies, where underlying assets are comprised of mortgages/home loan.

The various factors which will be usually considered while making investments in such

type of securities include issuer profile of the issuer, quality of underlying portfolio, seasoning of loans, coverage provided by credit-cum-liquidity enhancements and prepayment risks.

C) Single loan securitization, where the underlying asset comprises of loans issued by a bank/non-banking finance company.

The factors which will be usually considered while making investments in such type of securities include assessment of credit risk associated with the underlying borrower as well as the originator. The Fixed Income team will adhere to the Franklin Templeton's internal credit process and perform a detailed review of the underlying borrower prior to making investments. This analysis is no different from the analysis undertaken by Fund when it invests in Debentures or Commercial papers issued by the same borrower.

Critical Evaluation Criteria

Typically the Fund would avoid investing in securitization transaction (without specific risk mitigation strategies / additional cash/security collaterals/ guarantees) if there are concerns on the following issues regarding the originator / underlying issuer:

- 1. High default track record/ frequent alteration of redemption conditions/covenants
- 2. High leverage ratios both on a standalone basis as well on a consolidated level/group level
- 3. Higher proportion of re-schedulement of underlying assets of the pool or loan, as the case may be
- 4. Higher proportion of overdue assets of the pool or the underlying loan, as the case may be
- 5. Poor reputation in market
- 6. Insufficient track record of servicing of the pool or the loan, as the case may be.

Further, investments in securitized debt will be done in accordance with the investment restrictions specified under the SEBI Regulations/ this Scheme Information Document which would help in mitigating certain risks. Currently, as per the Regulations, the Scheme cannot invest more than 10% of its net assets in debt instruments (irrespective of residual maturity) issued by a single issuer which are rated not below investment grade by a credit rating agency authorized to carry out such activity under the Act. Such investment limit may be extended to 12% of the net assets of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees and the Board of the AMC.

4. The level of diversification with respect to the underlying assets, and risk mitigation measures for less diversified investments

The framework which will generally be applied by the Fund Manager while evaluating the investment decision with respect to securitized debt will be as follows:

Characterist ics/ Type of Pool	Mortgag e Loan	Commerci al Vehicle and Constructi on Equipment	CAR	2 wheeler s	Micro Finance Pools	Persona 1 Loans	Single Sell down \$	Other s
Approximat e Average maturity (in Months)	Upto 10 years	Upto 5 years	Upto 5 years	Upto 48 months	Upto 80 weeks	Upto 3 years	Case by case basis	As and when new asset classes of securit ized debt are introd uced, the invest ments in such instru ments will be evalua ted on a case by case basis
Collateral margin (including cash, guarantees, excess interest spread, subordinate tranche)	In excess of 3%	In excess of 4%	In excess of 4%	In excess of 4%	In excess of 5%	In excess of 5%	Case by case basis	
Average Loan to Value Ratio	95% or lower	100% or lower **	95% or lower	95% or lower	Unsecur ed	Unsecur ed	Case by case basis	
Average seasoning of the Pool	Minimu m 2 months	Minimum 2 months	Minim um 2 month s	Minimu m 2 months	Minimu m 2 weeks	Minimu m 2 months	Case by case basis	
Maximum single exposure range *	< 5%	< 5%	NA (retail pool)	NA (retail pool)	NA (Very Small retail pool)	NA (retail pool)	Not applic able	
Average single exposure range % *	< 5%	< 5%	< 2%	<1%	< 1%	<1%	Not applic able	

^{*} denotes % of a single ticket/loan size to the overall assets in the securitized pool.

Notes:

1. Retail pools are the loan pools relating to Car, 2 wheeler, micro finance and personal loans, wherein the average loan size is relatively small and spread over large number of borrowers.

^{**} LTV Based on chassis value

^{\$} Broad evaluation criteria as per point 3 above

2. The information illustrated in the table above is based on current scenario relating to securitized debt market and is subject to change depending upon the change in the related factors.

In addition to the framework stated in the table above, in order to mitigate the risks associated with the underlying assets where the diversification is less, at the time of investment the Fixed Income team could consider various factors including but not limited to -

- Size of the loan the size of each loan is generally analysed on a sample basis and an analysis of the static pool of the originator is undertaken to ensure that the same matches with the static pool characteristics. It also indicates whether there is high reliance on very small ticket size borrower which could result in delayed and expensive recoveries.
- Average original maturity of the pool of underlying assets
- The analysis of average maturity of the pool is undertaken to evaluate whether the tenor of the loans are generally in line with the average loans in the respective industry and repayment capacity of the borrower.
- Loan to value ratio, average seasoning of the pool of underlying assets these parameters would be evaluated based on the asset class as mentioned in the table above.
- Default rate distribution the Fixed Income team generally ensures that all the contracts in the pool are current to ensure zero default rate distribution.
- Geographical distribution the analysis of geographical distribution of the pool is undertaken to ensure prevention of concentration risk.
- Credit enhancement facility credit enhancement facilities in the form of cash collateral, such as fixed deposits, bank guarantee etc could be obtained as a risk mitigation measure.
- Liquidity facility these parameters will be evaluated based on the asset class as mentioned in the table above.
- Structure of the pool of underlying assets The structure of the pool of underlying assets would be either single asset class or combination of various asset classes as mentioned in the table above. We could add new asset class depending upon the securitization structure and changes in market acceptability of asset classes.

5. Minimum retention period of the debt by originator prior to securitization

The minimum retention period of the debt by the originator prior to securitization and the minimum retention percentage by originator of debts will be as per the guidelines/regulations issued by the RBI/other regulatory agencies from time to time. Also, please refer the table in point 4. The Fund will adopt that policy, whichever is stricter.

6. Minimum retention percentage by originator of debts to be securitized

Same as point 5 above.

7. The mechanism to tackle conflict of interest when the mutual fund invests in

securitized debt of an originator and the originator in turn makes investments in that particular scheme of the fund

An investment by the scheme in any security is done after detailed analysis by the Fixed Income team and in accordance with the investment objectives and the asset allocation pattern of a scheme. All investments are made on an arm's length basis without consideration of any investments (existing/potential) in the schemes made by any party related/involved in the transaction. The robust credit process ensures that there is no conflict of interests when a scheme invests in securitized debt of an originator and the originator in turn makes investments in that particular scheme.

8. The resources and mechanism of individual risk assessment with the AMC for monitoring investment in securitized debt

The resources for and mechanisms of individual risk assessment with the AMC for monitoring investment in securitized debt are as follows:

- Fixed Income Team Currently, the AMC has a well experienced team, which is responsible for credit research and monitoring and fund management, for all exposures including securitized debt.
- Ratings are monitored for any movement Based on the cash flow report and Fixed Income Team's view, periodic review of utilization of credit enhancement shall be conducted and ratings shall be monitored accordingly.
- For legal and technical assistance with regard to the documentation of securitized debt instruments, the team can make use of resources within the internal legal team and if required take help of our external legal counsel as well.

As per the prevailing SEBI guidelines, the investments in securitised debt instruments will be shown as a separate category under debt instruments in the half yearly disclosure of scheme portfolio.

• Usage of Short Term Deposits:

Pending deployment of the funds in securities in terms of investment objective of the Scheme, the AMC may park the funds of the Scheme in short term deposits of the Scheduled Commercial Banks, subject to the guidelines issued by SEBI vide Para 12.16 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, as may be amended from time to time.

• Debt instruments having Structured Obligations / Credit Enhancements

The investment of the scheme in debt instruments having Structured Obligations / Credit Enhancements shall not exceed 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme and the group exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the debt portfolio of the schemes:

- a. Unsupported rating of debt instruments (i.e. without factoring-in credit enhancements) is below investment grade and
- b. Supported rating of debt instruments (i.e. after factoring-in credit enhancement) is above investment grade.

• **Investments in repo of corporate debt securities**: Guidelines for participation in repo of corporate debt securities

As per Para 12.18 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 enabled mutual funds to participate in repos in corporate debt securities as per the guidelines issued by Reserve Bank of India (RBI) from time to time and subject to few conditions listed in the said SEBI circular.

Applicable conditions are as follows:

- The gross exposure of any mutual fund scheme to repo transactions in corporate debt securities shall not be more than 10 % of the net assets of the concerned scheme.
- The cumulative gross exposure through repo transactions in corporate debt securities along with equity, debt and derivatives shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the concerned scheme.
- Mutual funds shall participate in repo transactions only in AA and above rated corporate debt securities.
- In terms of Regulation 44 (2) of the Securities and Exchange Board of India (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996, mutual funds shall borrow through repo transactions only if the tenor of the transaction does not exceed a period of six months.

Other guidelines are as follows:

Category of counter party & Credit rating of counter party

All entities eligible for transacting in corporate bond repos as defined by SEBI and RBI shall be considered for repo investments with the caveat that the credit rating of the counterparty should be equal to or higher than AA- (long term rating).

Tenor of Repo

Tenor of repo shall be capped to 3 months as against maximum permissible tenor of 6 months. Any repo for a tenor beyond 3 months shall require prior approval from investment committee of the fund. There shall be no restriction / limitation on the tenor of collateral.

Applicable haircut

The AMC would be guided by the parameters for applying haircut as may be specified by RBI and/or SEBI for undertaking repo in corporate debt securities, from time to time

As per the SEBI guidelines, Mutual Funds may undertake repo in only AA and above rated corporate bond securities. Also, the Fund Manager may ask for a higher haircut (while lending) or give a higher haircut (while borrowing) depending on the prevailing market situation.

SEBI has recommended for setting up a Limited Purpose Clearing Corporation (LPCC) for clearing and settling repo transactions in corporate debt securities by contributing an amount of INR 150 crore at the industry level. The AMC shall contribute INR 150 Cr. towards share

capital of LPCC in proportion to the Asset Under Management (AUM) of open ended debt oriented mutual fund schemes (excluding overnight, gilt fund and gilt fund with 10 year constant duration but including conservative hybrid schemes) managed by them.

The investment restrictions applicable to scheme's participation in corporate bond repos will also be as prescribed or varied by SEBI or by the Board of Trustee and AMC (subject to SEBI restrictions) from time to time.

B. WHAT ARE THE INVESTMENT RESTRICTIONS?

In pursuance of the Regulations, the following restrictions are currently applicable to the scheme:

- 1. Investment in securities from the scheme's corpus would be only in transferable securities in accordance with Regulation 43 of Chapter VI of SEBI [Mutual Funds] Regulations, 1996.
- 2. The Scheme shall buy and sell securities on the basis of deliveries and shall in all cases of purchases, take delivery of relevant securities and in all cases of sale, deliver the securities; provided that the Scheme may engage in short selling of securities in accordance with the framework relating to short selling and securities lending and borrowing specified by SEBI; provided further that the Scheme may enter into derivatives transactions in a recognised stock exchange, subject to the framework specified by SEBI; provided further that sale of government security already contracted for purchase shall be permitted in accordance with the guidelines issued by the Reserve Bank of India in this regard.
- 3. The Mutual Fund shall, get the securities purchased or transferred in the name of the mutual fund on account of the concerned scheme, wherever investments are intended to be of long term nature.
- 4. No investment shall be made in any Fund of Funds scheme.
- 5. The mutual fund shall not advance any loans for any purpose.
- 6. The Scheme may invest in any other scheme without charging any fees, provided that aggregate interscheme investment made by all schemes under the management of Franklin Templeton Asset Management (India) Private Limited or in schemes under the management of any other AMC shall not exceed 5% of the net asset value of the mutual fund.
- 7. Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund, under all its schemes shall not own more than 10% of any company's voting rights.
- 8. All investments by the scheme in equity shares and equity related instruments shall only be made provided such securities are listed or to be listed.
- 9. The scheme shall not invest more than 10% of its net assets in the equity or equity related instruments of any company.
- 10. The scheme shall not make any investment in debt & money market instrument more than:
 - a. 10% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AAA; or
 - b. 8% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated AA; or
 - c. 6% of its NAV in debt and money market securities rated A and below issued by

a single issuer.

The above investment limits may be extended by up to 2% of the NAV of the scheme with prior approval of the Board of Trustees and Board of Directors of the AMC, subject to compliance with the overall 12% limit specified in clause 1 of Seventh Schedule of MF Regulation.

- 11. Investment in unlisted debt instruments:
 - 11.1. The scheme shall not invest in unlisted debt instruments including commercial papers (CPs), other than (a) government securities, (b) other money market instruments and (c) derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. which are used for hedging.

However, the scheme may invest in unlisted Non-Convertible Debentures (NCDs) not exceeding 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme subject to the condition that such unlisted NCDs have a simple structure (i.e. with fixed and uniform coupon, fixed maturity period, without any options, fully paid up upfront, without any credit enhancements or structured obligations) and are rated and secured with coupon payment frequency on monthly basis.

- 11.2. The implementation of the provisions mentioned above would be subject to the following:
- a. The existing investments of the scheme as on October 1, 2019 in unlisted debt instruments, including NCDs (identified NCDs), may be grandfathered till maturity date of such instruments. The grandfathering of the identified NCDs is applicable across the mutual fund industry. Accordingly, mutual funds can transact in such identified NCDs and the criteria as specified in point 11.1 is not applicable.
- b. With effect from October 1, 2019, all fresh investments in unlisted NCDs shall be made only in NCDs satisfying the conditions mentioned in 11.1 above.
- c. Extension of maturity or rolling over of existing investments in unlisted NCDs shall be subject to the prescribed limits mentioned in point 11.2(a) and the requirements mentioned at 11.1 above.
- d. For mutual fund schemes whose existing investments in unlisted NCDs are more than the threshold limit as on the timeline mentioned at 11.2(a), all fresh investments in NCDs by mutual fund schemes, shall only be in listed NCDs till they comply with the requirements mentioned in 8.1 above.
- e. For the purpose of the provisions of point 11, listed debt instruments shall include listed and to be listed debt instruments.
- f. All fresh investments by the scheme in CPs would be made only in CPs which are listed or to be listed.
- 12. Investment in unrated debt and money market instruments, other than government securities, treasury bills, derivative products such as Interest Rate Swaps (IRS), Interest Rate Futures (IRF), etc. by the scheme shall be subject to the following:
 - a. Investments should only be made in such instruments, including bills rediscounting, usance bills, etc., that are generally not rated and for which separate investment norms or limits are not provided in SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996 and various circulars issued thereunder.

- b. Exposure of the scheme in such instruments, shall not exceed 5% of the net assets of the scheme.
- c. All such investments shall be made with the prior approval of the Board of AMC and the Board of Trustees.
- d. The investments of the schemes in such instruments as on October 1, 2019 in excess of the aforesaid limit of 5% may be grandfathered till maturity date of such instruments.
- e. The Scheme may enter into plain vanilla Interest Rate Swaps (IRS) for hedging purposes. The value of the notional principal in such cases must not exceed the value of respective existing assets being hedged by the scheme.
- f. In case of participation in IRS is through over the counter transactions, the counter party has to be an entity recognized as a market maker by RBI and exposure to a single counterparty in such transactions should not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme. However, if Scheme is transacting in IRS through an electronic trading platform offered by the Clearing Corporation of India Ltd. (CCIL) and CCIL is the central counterparty for such transactions guaranteeing settlement, the single counterparty limit of 10% shall not be applicable.

13. a. Sector Exposure -

The exposure in a particular sector (excluding investments in Bank CDs, TREPs, G-Secs, T-Bills and AAA rated securities issued by Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) under the portfolio will not exceed 20% of the net assets on account of purchase.

An additional exposure to financial services sector (over and above the limit of 20%) not exceeding 10% of the net assets of the scheme on account of purchase shall be allowed by way of increase in exposure to Housing Finance Companies (HFCs) only. Further, an additional exposure of 5% of the net assets of the scheme shall be allowed for investments in securitized debt instruments based on retail housing loan portfolio and/or affordable housing loan portfolio.

Provided that the additional exposure to such securities issued by HFCs are rated AA and above and these HFCs are registered with National Housing Bank (NHB) and the total investment/ exposure in HFCs shall not exceed 20% of the net assets of the scheme on account of purchase.

The above restriction will not be applicable to the equity portion of the Scheme's portfolio (where applicable).

b. Group Exposure - The total exposure of Scheme in a Group (excluding investments in securities issued by Public Sector Units, Public Financial Institutions and Public Sector Banks) will not exceed 20% of the net assets of the Scheme. Such investment limit may be extended to 25% of the net assets of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees.

Investments by the Scheme in debt and money market instruments of group companies of both the sponsor and the asset management company shall not exceed 10% of the net assets of the scheme. Such investment limit may be extended to 15% of the net assets of the Scheme with the prior approval of the Board of Trustees.

For this purpose, a group means a Group as defined under regulation 2 (mm) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 (Regulations) and shall include an entity, its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, its holding company and its associates. The above restrictions will not be applicable to the equity portion of the Scheme's portfolio.

- 14. Debentures, irrespective of any residual maturity period (above or below one year), shall attract the investment restrictions as applicable for debt instruments as specified under Clause 1 and 1A of Seventh Schedule to SEBI Regulations.
- 15. As per Para 12.19 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, each mutual fund is currently permitted to invest up to US\$1 billion in Foreign Securities irrespective of the size of the assets. The ceiling for investment in overseas ETFs that invest in securities is US\$ 300 million per mutual fund.

Additionally, an investment headroom of 20% of the average AUM in Overseas securities / Overseas ETFs of the previous three calendar months would be available to the Mutual Fund for that month to invest in Overseas securities / Overseas ETFs subject to maximum limits as specified above.

Currently, the mutual funds can invest in ADRs/GDRs issued by Indian or foreign companies, equity of overseas companies listed on recognised stock exchanges overseas, Initial and follow on public offerings for listing at recognized stock exchanges overseas, foreign debt securities in the countries with fully convertible currencies, short term as well as long term debt instruments with rating not below investment grade by accredited/registered credit rating agencies, Money market instruments rated not below investment grade, Repos in the form of investment, where the counterparty is rated not below investment grade (repos should not however, involve any borrowing of funds by mutual funds), Government securities where the countries are rated not below investment grade, Derivatives traded on recognized stock exchanges overseas only for hedging and portfolio balancing with underlying as securities, Short term deposits with banks overseas where the issuer is rated not below investment grade and Overseas Exchange Traded Funds (ETFs) that invest in securities. The mutual funds can also invest in the units/securities issued by overseas mutual funds or unit trusts registered with overseas regulators and investing in (a) aforesaid securities, (b) Real Estate Investment Trusts (REITs) listed in recognized stock exchanges overseas or (c) unlisted overseas securities (not exceeding 10% of their net assets). The restriction on the investments in mutual fund units up to 5% of net assets and prohibition on charging of fees shall not be applicable to investments in mutual funds in foreign countries made in accordance with SEBI Guidelines. However, the management fees and other expenses charged by the mutual fund in foreign countries along with the management fee and recurring expenses charged to the domestic mutual fund scheme shall not exceed the total limits on expenses as prescribed under Regulations. Where the scheme is investing only a part of the net assets in the foreign mutual fund(s), the same principle shall be applicable for that part of investment.

16. Transfers of investments from one Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund scheme to another will be done in inconformity with as per Para 12.30 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 and Interscheme Transfer policy of FTMF

17. No investment shall be made in

- any unlisted security of an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
- any security issued by way of private placement by an associate or group company of the sponsor; or
- the listed securities of group companies of the sponsor which is in excess of 25% of the net assets.
- 18. Pending deployment of funds in securities in terms of investment objectives of the Scheme, the Mutual Fund can invest the funds of the scheme in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks in line with Para 4.5 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 as amended from time to time. The Scheme shall abide by the following guidelines for parking of funds in short term deposits:
 - Such short term deposits shall be held in the name of the scheme.
 - The scheme shall not park more than 15% of the net assets in Short term deposit(s) of all the scheduled commercial banks put together. However, such limit may be raised to 20% with prior approval of the Trustees.
 - Parking of funds in short term deposits of associate and sponsor scheduled commercial banks together shall not exceed 20% of total deployment by the mutual fund in short term deposits.
 - The scheme shall not park more than 10% of the net assets in short term deposit(s), with any one scheduled commercial bank including its subsidiaries.
 - The Scheme shall not park funds in short-term deposit of a bank, which has invested in the Scheme. The bank in which the scheme has short-term deposit shall not be permitted to invest in the said scheme until the scheme has short-term deposit with such bank.
 - AMC shall not charge any investment management and advisory fees for parking of funds in short term deposits of scheduled commercial banks.
 - The aforesaid limits are not applicable to term deposits placed as margins for trading in cash and derivatives market.

19. Restrictions on Investment in debt instruments having Structured Obligations / Credit Enhancements:

- Investment of the scheme in the following instruments shall not exceed 10% of the debt portfolio of the scheme and the Group exposure in such instruments shall not exceed 5% of the debt portfolio of the scheme:
 - a) Unsupported rating of debt instruments (i.e. without factoring-in credit enhancements) is below investment grade.; and
 - b) Supported rating of debt instruments (i.e. after factoring-in credit enhancement) is above investment grade.

For this purpose, a group means a Group as defined under regulation 2 (mm) of SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 (Regulations) and shall include an

- entity, its subsidiaries, fellow subsidiaries, its holding company and its associates.
- These investment limits mentioned above shall not be applicable on investments in securitized debt instruments, as defined in SEBI (Public Offer and Listing of Securitized Debt Instruments) Regulations 2008.
- Investment in debt instruments, having credit enhancements backed by equity shares directly or indirectly, shall have a minimum cover of 4 times considering the market value of such shares.
 - AMC may ensure that the investment in debt instruments having credit enhancements are sufficiently covered to address the market volatility and reduce the inefficiencies of invoking of the pledge or cover, whenever required, without impacting the interest of the investors. In case of fall in the value of the cover below the specified limit, AMC shall initiate necessary steps to ensure protection of the interest of the investors.
- The existing investments by the scheme as on October 1, 2019 in debt instruments that are not in terms of the provisions of point herewith may be grandfathered till maturity date of such debt instruments.

20. Repo transactions in corporate debt securities

- The gross exposure of any mutual fund scheme to repo transactions in corporate debt securities shall not be more than 10 % of the net assets of the concerned scheme.
- The cumulative gross exposure through repo transactions in corporate debt securities along with equity, debt and derivatives shall not exceed 100% of the net assets of the concerned scheme.
- 21. The scheme may invest in certain debt instruments with special features viz. subordination to equity (absorbs losses before equity capital) and /or convertible to equity upon trigger of a pre-specified event for loss absorption (For eg. Additional Tier I bonds and Tier 2 bonds issued under Basel III framework) subject to the following:
 - a) Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund, under all its schemes shall not own more than 10% of such instruments issued by a single issuer
 - b) A Mutual Fund scheme shall not invest:
 - a. more than 10% of its NAV of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments; and
 - b. more than 5% of its NAV of the debt portfolio of the scheme in such instruments issued by a single issuer.

The above investment limit for a mutual fund scheme shall be within the overall limit for debt instruments issued by a single issuer, as specified at clause 1 of the Seventh Schedule of SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996, and other prudential limits with respect to the debt instruments.

The investments of mutual fund schemes in such instruments in excess of the limits specified above as on March 10, 2021 may be grandfathered and such mutual fund schemes shall not make any fresh investment in such instruments until the investment comes below the specified limits.

22. The scheme may consider investment in other financial market investments as per guidelines issued by the Central Government/SEBI/RBI from time to time.

The AMC/Trustee may alter these investment restrictions from time to time to the extent SEBI regulations/applicable rules change/permit so as to achieve the investment objective of the scheme. Such alterations will be made in conformity with SEBI regulations. Further, apart from the investment restrictions prescribed under SEBI regulations, the scheme may follow any internal norms vis-à-vis limiting exposure to a particular scrip or sector, etc.

Portfolio rebalancing

In the event of deviations, the portfolio will be rebalanced as per Para 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024. In the event of deviation from mandated investment restrictions (occurrence of instances not arising out of omission and commission of AMCs), rebalancing period shall be 30 Business Days. Where the portfolio is not rebalanced within 30 Business Days justification in writing, including details of efforts taken to rebalance the portfolio shall be placed before the Investment Committee. The Investment committee shall then decide on the course of action. The Investment Committee, if so desires, can extend the timelines up to sixty (60) business days from the date of completion of mandated rebalancing period. However, at all times the portfolio will adhere to the overall investment objectives of the Scheme.

All the reporting and disclosure requirements as mentioned in Para 2.9 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024, shall be complied with. This includes disclosure to investors in case the AUM of deviated portfolio is more than 10% of the AUM of main portfolio of scheme.

C. FUNDAMENTAL ATTRIBUTES

Following are the Fundamental Attributes of the scheme, in terms of Clause 1.14 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024:

(i) Type of a scheme

- o Open ended/Close ended/Interval scheme
- o Sectoral Fund/Equity Fund/Balance Fund/Income Fund/Index Fund/Any other type of Fund:- Multi Asset Allocation

(ii) Investment Objective

- o Main Objective Growth/Income/Both
- Investment pattern Please refer to the section "How will the scheme allocate its assets?". The fund retains the option to alter the asset allocation on a short-term basis in the interest of unitholders on defensive considerations.

(iii) Terms of Issue

- o **Liquidity provisions such as listing, repurchase, redemption -** Please refer to the Part I.
- o **Aggregate fees and expenses charged to the scheme:** Please refer to the Part III Other Details.

o **Any safety net or guarantee provided:** None

In accordance with Regulation 18(15A) of the SEBI (MF) Regulations and Clause 1.14.1.4 / of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 the Trustees shall ensure that no change in the fundamental attributes of the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder or the trust or fee and expenses payable or any other change which would modify the Scheme(s) and the Plan(s) / Option(s) thereunder and affect the interests of Unitholders is carried out unless:

- SEBI has reviewed and provided its comments on the proposal
- A written communication about the proposed change is sent to each Unitholder and an advertisement is given in one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation as well as in a newspaper published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated; and
- The Unitholders are given an option for a period of atleast 30 calendar days to exit at the prevailing Net Asset Value without any exit load.

D. INDEX METHODOLOGY

(Applicable for index funds, ETFs and FOFs having one underlying domestic ETF) Not applicable

E. PRINCIPLES OF INCENTIVE STRUCTURE FOR MARKET MAKERS (FOR ETFS) Not applicable

F. FLOORS AND CEILING WITHIN A RANGE OF 5%

Floors and ceiling within a range of 5% of the intended allocation against each sub class of asset, as per clause 13.6.2 of SEBI master circular for mutual funds dated June 27, 2024 (only for close ended debt schemes)

Not applicable

Listing and transfer of units | The Scheme is open ended and the Units are not listed

- -

G. OTHER SCHEME SPECIFIC DISCLOSURES

on any stock exchange. However, the Mutual Fund			
, at its sole discretion, list the Units on one or more			
Stock Exchanges at a later date, and thereupon the			
Mutual Fund will make suitable public announcement			
to that effect. The Mutual Fund will offer and redeem			
s on a continuous basis during the Continuous			
Offer Period.			
Unit holders are given an option to hold the Units			
vay of an Account Statement (physical form) or in			
naterialized (demat form). Units held in Demat form			
transferable (subject to lock-in period, if any and			
ect to lien, if any marked on the units) in accordance			
the provisions of SEBI (Depositories and			
icipants) Regulations, 1996, as may be amended			

from time to time. Transfer can be made only in favor of transferees who are capable of holding Units and having a Demat Account. The delivery instructions for transfer of Units will have to be lodged with the DP in requisite form as may be required from time to time and transfer will be effected in accordance with such rules / regulations as may be in force governing transfer of securities in dematerialized mode. Further, for the procedure of release of lien, the investors shall contact their respective DP.

For units held in paper form, normally, units are not certified. However, if an applicant so desires to transfer units, the AMC, upon submission of documents which will be prescribed from time to time, shall certify the units and issue a fresh statement/certificate to the extent of certified units to the investor within 5 business days of the receipt of request. If the investor intend to transfer units, it could be done to the extent of certified units mandatorily using the statement/certificate issued post certification of units. Certificate/ statement issued post certifying of units must be duly discharged by the Unit holder(s) and surrendered along with the request for Transfer / Redemption / Switch or any other transaction of Units covered therein. AMC reserves the right to accept the request for certification of units. The AMC reserves the right to reject the application for transfer, post acceptance of the same, if any of the requisite documents / declarations are unavailable or incomplete.

However, if a person becomes a holder of the Units consequent to operation of law or upon enforcement of a pledge, the Mutual Fund will, subject to production of satisfactory evidence, effect the transfer, if the transferee is otherwise eligible to hold the Units. Similarly, in cases of transfers taking place consequent to death, insolvency etc., the transferee's name will be recorded by the Mutual Fund subject to production of satisfactory evidence.

Dematerialization of units

The Unit holders have an option to hold the Units in dematerialized (demat) form or account statement (non-demat) form. Units held in Demat Form are freely transferable. The Applicant intending to hold Units in demat form will be required to have a beneficiary account with a Depository Participant (DP) of the NSDL/CDSL and will be required to mention in the

	application form DP's Name, DP ID No. and Beneficiary	
	Account No. with the DP at the time of purchasing	
	Units.	
Minimum Target amount (This is the minimum amount required to operate	INR 10 crore	
the scheme and if this is not collected during the NFO		
period, then all the		
investors would be refunded the amount		
invested		
without any return.)		
Maximum Amount to be raised (if any)	Not applicable.	
Dividend Policy (IDCW)	The Trustee may, at its sole discretion distribute income under IDCW option/plan in the fund at any time and at such frequency (such as daily, weekly, monthly, quarterly, half-yearly, annually etc.) as it deems appropriate. Although there is every intention to distribute income, there is no assurance or guarantee as to the frequency or quantum of such distribution nor that the distributions be regularly paid. Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal (IDCW) is based on the availability of adequate distributable surplus in the scheme. Distributions can be made out of available distributable surplus (including Equalization Reserve, which is part of sale price that represents realized gains). Such distributions are payable to the Unitholders in the IDCW Plan, whose names appear on the Unitholders' register on the record date. The Trustee may not distribute income at all in the event of inadequacy of distributable income.	
	The scheme reserves the right to suspend sale of units for such period of time as it deems necessary before the record date to ensure proper processing.	
	The amount of distribution will be distributed within 7 working days from the record date.	
	IDCWs will be paid through electronic mode or by cheque (in exceptional circumstances only), net of taxes as may be applicable, and payments will be in favour of the first-named registered holder in the folio. To safeguard the interest of Unitholders from loss or theft of IDCW cheques, it is mandatory for investors to	

provide the details of their bank account in the Application Form. IDCW cheques or electronic payments will be sent in accordance with such information.

Record dates for declaration of IDCW

The procedure of declaring IDCW and fixing of record dates will be in accordance with Chapter 11 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024.

Allotment (Detailed Procedure)

Subject to the Scheme receiving the minimum subscription, full allotment will be made to all valid applications received during the New Fund Offer (NFO). Allotment of Units on Application shall be made in the following manner:

- a) An Account Statement containing the number of Units allotted will be issued within 5 Business Days from the closure of the NFO. The Units allotted in electronic form will be credited to the investor's Beneficiary Account with a Depository Participant (DP) of CDSL or NSDL as per the details furnished by the investor in the Application Form within 5 Business Days from the closure of the NFO and an intimation / allotment advice specifying the number of units allotted to the investor. The Account Statement of the Beneficiary Account with the DP will be sent by the respective DP's as per their service standards.
- b) Refund of subscription money to applicants, in case applications are invalid or rejected will be made within 5 Business Days from the closure of the NFO without any return. No interest will be payable on any subscription money so refunded. If the Mutual Fund refunds the amount after 5 Business Days from the closure of the NFO, interest at the rate as may be prescribed by SEBI (presently 15% p.a.) shall be paid out of the assets of the AMC for the period thereafter. Refund orders will be marked "A/c Payee only" and drawn in the name of the applicant in the case of a sole applicant and in the name of the first applicant in all other cases.

For applicants applying through the ASBA mode, on allotment, the amount will be unblocked in their respective bank accounts and account will be debited only to the extent required to pay for allotment of Units applied in the application form.

Refund If application is rejected, full amount will be refunded within 5 working days of closure of NFO. If refunded later than 5 working days @ 15% p.a. for delay period will be paid and charged to the AMC. Who can invest The scheme units can be purchased by the following This is an indicative list and entities (subject to the applicable legislation/regulation investors shall consult their governing such entities): financial advisor to ascertain Adult individuals, either singly or jointly (not whether the scheme is exceeding three), resident in India. 2. Parents/Guardian on behalf of minors. suitable to their risk profile. 3. Companies/ Domestic Corporate Bodies/ Public Sector Undertakings registered in India. 4. Charitable, Religious or other Trusts authorised to invest in units of mutual funds. Banks, Financial Institutions and Investment Institutions. Non-Resident Indians (NRIs) and Overseas Citizen of India (OCI) (including erstwhile Person of Indian Origin card holders) on full repatriation basis and on non-repatriation basis but not (a) United States Persons within the meaning of Regulation 'S' under the United States Securities Act of 1933 or as defined by the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission, as amended from time to time or (b) residents of Canada. Foreign institutional investors and their sub accounts on full repatriation basis/ Foreign Portfolio Investors (subject to RBI approval) and such other entities as may be permitted under SEBI (Foreign Portfolio Investors) Regulations, 2014, as amended from time to time. 8. Hindu Undivided Family (HUF). Wakf Boards or Endowments / Societies / Cooperative societies / Association of Persons or Body of individuals (whether incorporated or not), Trusts and clubs authorised to invest in units of mutual funds. Sole Proprietorship, Partnership Firms, Limited 10. Liability Partnerships (LLPs). Army/Air Force/Navy/Para-military funds and other eligible institutions. 12. Scientific and/or industrial research organizations. Other Associations, Institutions, Bodies etc. authorized to invest in the units of mutual funds. 14. Such other individuals/institutions/body corporate etc., as may be decided by the AMC from time

to time, so long as wherever applicable they are in

conformity with SEBI Regulations.

15. Mutual fund Schemes/ Alternative Investment Funds can also invest in the Scheme, subject to SEBI Regulations applicable from time to time.

Units of the schemes of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund is an eligible investment for charitable and religious trusts under the provisions of Section 11(5)(xii) of the Income Tax Act, 1961, read with Rule 17C of the Income Tax Rules, 1962.

In view of the individual nature of implications, the investors are advised to consult their own advisors to ascertain if they are eligible to invest in the scheme as per the laws applicable to them and whether the scheme is suitable for their risk profile.

Who cannot invest

The below mentioned persons/entities shall not be eligible to invest in the Scheme, if such persons/entities are:

1. United States Person (U.S. person*) as defined under the extant laws of the United States of America, except the following:

*The term "U.S. person" means any person that is a U.S. person within the meaning of Regulation S under the Securities Act of 1933 of U.S. or as defined by the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission or as per such further amended definitions, interpretations, legislations, rules etc, as may be in force from time to time.

(a) NRI/PIOs

NRIs/PIOs who may be US Persons may invest/transact, in the Scheme, when present in India, as lump sum subscription, redemption and/or switch transaction and registrations of systematic transactions only through physical form and upon submission of such additional documents/undertakings, etc., as may be stipulated by AMC/Trustee from time to time and subject to compliance with all applicable laws and regulations prior to investing in the Scheme.

(b) FPIs

FPIs may invest in the Scheme as lump sum subscription and/or switch transaction (other than

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systematic transactions) through submission of physical form in India, subject to compliance with all applicable laws and regulations and the terms, conditions, and documentation requirements stipulated by AMC/Trustee from time to time, prior to investing in the Scheme.

2. Residents of Canada

Mutual Fund / AMC /Trustee reserves the right to redeem investors' investments in the event of failure on the part of the investor(s) to redeem his/her/their holdings, subsequent to his/her/their becoming (a) United States Persons with the meaning of Regulation (S) under the United States Securities Act of 1933 or as defined by the U.S. Commodity Futures Trading Commission, as amended from time to time or (b) residents of Canada.

details

How to Apply and other Investors can subscribe for the Units of the Scheme by completing the Application Form and delivering it at any Investor Service Centre or Collection Centre. KYC complied investors/ Investors who are able to provide necessary information and/or documents to perform KYC can perform a web-based transaction to purchase units of the Scheme on website of the Mutual Fund (https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/download s/forms-and-instructions), FT Mobile app or through any other electronic mode introduced from time to time. Please refer to the SAI and Application form for the instructions.

> The Applications Forms shall be made available at Investor Service Centres (ISCs)/Official Points Acceptance (OPAs) of Mutual Fund and/or may be downloaded from the website of AMC.

> The list of the Investor Service Centres (ISCs)/Official Points of Acceptance (OPAs) of the Mutual Fund will be on the website provided of the **AMC** (https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/download/ en-in/odd-list-of-opats/c948bf89-5b6e-4e15-9b17def6817a7fbd/List-of-official-points-of-acceptance.pdf).

Please refer to Application form for the instructions.

Email based non-commercial transactions (NCT) facility

Will also accept specified non-commercial transactions

(NCT) email attachments on on nonfintransaction@franklintempleton.com be dedicated for receiving specified non-commercial transaction requests.

Financial transactions through email in respect of nonindividual investors shall be accepted in terms of AMFI Best Practice Guidelines (BPG) no. 118/2024-25 dated January 31, 2025, and such other circulars issued in this regard from time to time.

The list of Non-commercial Transactions that are eligible for this facility and Terms & Conditions applicable to the NCT requests received through email mode for the same is available on our website https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/downloads /forms-and-instructions

Name, address and contact no. of Registrar and Transfer Agent (R&T), email id of R&T, website address of R&T, official points of acceptance, collecting banker details etc. are also provided on back cover page.

As per the directives issued by SEBI, it is mandatory for applicants to mention their bank account numbers in their applications/ request for redemption and therefore, investors are requested to fill-up the appropriate box in the application form failing which applications are liable to be rejected.

The policy regarding reissue repurchased including the maximum extent, the manner of reissue, the entity (the scheme or the AMC) involved in the same.

Not applicable.

Restrictions, if any, on the Suspension of sale of units right to freely retain or dispose units of offered.

being With the approval of the Boards of Directors of the Trustee and the Asset Management Company, the sale of Units may be suspended temporarily or indefinitely when any of the following conditions exist:

- The equity / debt market stops functioning or trading is restricted.
- 2. Periods of extreme volatility in the equity / debt market, which, in the opinion of the Investment Manager, is prejudicial to the interest of the investors.
- When there is a strike by the banking community or

- trading is restricted by RBI or other authority.
- 4. Period of extreme volatility in the equity / debt / money market, which in the opinion of the Board of Directors of AMC and Trustee is prejudicial to the interest of the scheme's investors.
- 5. As and when directed by the Government of India or RBI or SEBI to do so or conditions relating to natural calamity/external aggression/internal disturbances etc. arises, so as to cause volatile movements in the money or debt market, which in the opinion of the AMC, will be prejudicial to the interest of the unitholders, if further trading in the scheme is continued.
- 6. Break down in the information processing/communication systems affecting the valuation of investments/processing of sale/repurchase request.
- 7. Natural calamity.
- 8. SEBI, by order, so directs.
- 9. Trustee views that increasing the Scheme's size further may prove detrimental to the existing/prospective Unitholders of the Scheme.
- 10. Any other circumstances which in the opinion of the Board of Directors of AMC and Trustee is prejudicial to the interest of the existing/prospective investors.

Suspension of redemption of units

With the approval of the Boards of Directors of the Trustee and the Asset Management Company, the redemption of Units may be suspended temporarily when there are circumstances leading to a systemic crisis or event that severely constricts market liquidity or the efficient functioning of markets such as:

- i. Liquidity issues when market at large becomes illiquid affecting almost all securities rather than any issuer specific security. Further, restriction on redemption due to illiquidity of a specific security in the portfolio of a scheme due to a poor investment decision, shall not be allowed.
- ii. Market failures, exchange closures when markets are affected by unexpected events which impact the functioning of exchanges or the regular course of transactions. Such unexpected events could also be related to political, economic, military, monetary or other emergencies.

iii. Operational issues – when exceptional circumstances are caused by force majeure, unpredictable operational problems and technical failures (e.g. a black out). Such cases can only be considered if they are reasonably unpredictable and occur in spite of appropriate diligence of third parties, adequate and effective disaster recovery procedures and systems.

iv. Based on any other guidance/ circular issued by SEBI from time to time.

Restriction on redemption may be imposed for a specified period of time not exceeding 10 working days in any 90 days period. The approval from the Boards of AMC / Trustee shall also be informed to SEBI in advance.

When restriction on redemption is imposed, the following procedure shall be applied:

i. No redemption requests upto Rs. 2 lakh shall be subject to such restriction.

ii. Where redemption requests are above Rs. 2 lakh, AMC shall redeem the first Rs. 2 lakh without such restriction and remaining part over and above Rs. 2 lakh shall be subject to such restriction.

Any Units which, by virtue of these limitations, are not redeemed on a particular Business Day will be carried forward for redemption on the next following Business Day in order of receipt. Redemptions carried forward will be made at the NAV in effect on the subsequent Business Day(s) on which the condition for redemption request is fulfilled. To the extent multiple redemptions are being satisfied in a single day under these circumstances, such payments will be made pro-rata based on the size of each redemption request. Under such circumstances, redemption cheques may be mailed out to investors within a reasonable period of time and will not be subject to the normal response time for redemption cheque mailing.

In case where more than one application is received for redemption in a scheme for an aggregate redemption amount equal to or more than Rs.2 lakhs on any Business Day across all plans/options of the relevant scheme, then such applications shall be aggregated at

the investor level (same holders/joint holders identified by their Permanent Account Numbers (PAN) in the same sequence).

Such aggregation shall be done irrespective of the number of folios under which the investor is redeeming and irrespective of mode, location and time of application.

Cut off timing for subscriptions/ redemptions/ switches

This is the time before which your application (complete in all respects) should reach the official points of acceptance.

For subscriptions:

Pursuant to SEBI guidelines, the cut off timings and the applicability of Net Asset Value of the scheme is under:

In respect of valid applications received* up to 3:00 p.m. by the Mutual Fund and the funds are available for utilisation on the same day before the cut-off time - the closing NAV of the day on which the funds are available for utilisation shall be applicable.

In respect of valid applications received* after 3:00 p.m. by the Mutual Fund and the funds are available for utilisation on the same day - the closing NAV of the Business Day following the day on which the funds are available for utilisation shall be applicable.

However, irrespective of the time of receipt of application, where the funds are not available for utilisation on the day of the application, the closing NAV of the Business Day on which the funds are available for utilisation before the cut-off time (3:00 p.m.) shall be applicable provided the application is received* prior to availability of the funds.

Investors are encouraged to avail electronic payment modes to transfer funds to the bank account of the Scheme to expedite unit allotment.

For determining the availability of funds for utilisation, the funds for the entire amount of subscription/purchase (including switch-in) as per the application should be credited to the bank account of the scheme before the cut-off time and the funds are available for utilisation before the cut-off time without availing any credit facility whether intra-day or otherwise, by the respective scheme.

For investments through systematic investment routes such as Systematic Investment Plans (SIP), Systematic Transfer Plans (STP), Transfer of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal plan (TIDCW) etc. the units will be allotted as per the closing NAV of the day on which the funds are available for utilization by the destination Scheme irrespective of the instalment date of the SIP, STP or record date of IDCW etc.

The Trustee/AMC may alter the limits and other conditions in line with the SEBI Regulations.

*Received at the Official Points of Acceptance of Transactions of Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund.

For Redemptions:

Pursuant to SEBI guidelines, the cut off timings and the applicability of Net Asset Value of the scheme is under:

In respect of valid applications received up to 3:00 p.m. by the Mutual Fund, same day's closing NAV shall be applicable.

In respect of valid applications received after 3:00 p.m. by the Mutual Fund, the closing NAV of the next business day shall be applicable.

Where can the applications for purchase/redemption switches be submitted?

The Applications Forms may be downloaded from website of AMC www.franklintempleton.com / at Investor Service Centres (ISCs)/Official Points of Acceptance (OPACs) of Mutual Fund.

As per the directives issued by SEBI, it is mandatory for applicants to mention their bank account numbers in their applications/requests and therefore, investors are requested to fill-up the appropriate box in the application form failing which applications are liable to be rejected.

Minimum amount for purchase/redemption/switc hes (mention the provisions for ETFs, as may be applicable, for direct subscription/redemption with AMC.

Subscription: Fresh Purchase - Rs.5,000/-. Additional Purchase - Rs.1,000/-.

Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) – Rs. 500 **Redemption:** Rs.1,000/-.

The amount for subscription, SIP and redemption in excess of the minimum amount specified above is any amount in multiple of Re. 1/-.

There is no upper limit on the investment amount. The Trustee / AMC reserves the right to vary these limits from time to time, in the interest of investors.

Since the redemption request for units held in dematerialized mode can be given only in 'number of units' with Depository Participants or on Stock exchange Platform, the provision pertaining to 'Minimum redemption amount' shall not be applicable to such investors.

The Trustee / AMC reserve the right to vary these limits from time to time, in the interest of investors.

Unitholder may request the redemption of a certain specified Rupee amount or of a certain number of Units. If a redemption request is for both a specified Rupee amount and a specified number of Units, the specified number of Units will be considered the definitive request. In the case where a Rupee amount is specified or deemed to be specified for redemption, the number of Units redeemed will be the amount redeemed divided by the applicable NAV.

Redemption requests will be honoured to the extent permitted by the credit balance in the Unitholder's account. The number of Units so redeemed will be subtracted from the Unitholder's account and a statement to this effect will be issued to the Unitholder. If the redemption request exceeds the Balance in the account then the account would be closed and balance sent to the investors. To pay the investor the redemption amount requested for (in Rupees), Franklin Templeton will redeem that many units as would give the investor the net redemption amount requested for, after deducting exit load as applicable from time to time.

Accounts Statements

The AMC shall send an allotment confirmation specifying the units allotted by way of email and/or SMS within 5 working days of receipt of valid application/transaction to the Unit holders registered email address and/or mobile number (whether units are held in demat mode or in account statement form).

A Consolidated Account Statement (CAS) detailing all the transactions across all mutual funds (including transaction charges paid to the distributor) and holding at the end of the month shall be sent to the Unit holders in whose folio(s) transaction(s) have taken place during the month by mail or email on or before 15th of the succeeding month.

Half-yearly CAS shall be issued at the end of every six months (i.e. September/ March) on or before 21st day of succeeding month, to all investors providing the prescribed details across all schemes of mutual funds and securities held in dematerialized form across demat

	accounts, if applicable			
	For further details, refer SAI.			
Dividend/ IDCW	The payment of dividend/IDCW to the unitholders shall			
21viaena, 12 ev	be made within seven working days from the record			
	date.			
Redemption	The redemption proceeds will be despatched to the			
	unitholders within the regulatory time limit of 3			
	working days of the receipt of the valid redemption			
	request at the OPAT of the Mutual Fund. As per AMFI guidelines dated January 27, 2023, the AMC will			
	endeavour to payout the redemptions within 2 working			
	days of the receipt of valid redemption request.			
	In case of exceptional situations, additional time for			
	redemption payment may be taken. This shall be in line			
	with AMFI letter dated January 16, 2023			
	For list of exceptional circumstances refer para 14.1.3 of			
	SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27,			
	2024			
	For schemes investing atleast 80% of total assets in			
	permissible overseas investments (as per Clause 12.19			
	of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024), the transfer of redemption or repurchase			
	proceeds to the unitholders shall be made within five			
	working days from the date of redemption or			
	repurchase.			
Bank Mandate	As per the directives issued by SEBI, it is mandatory for			
	applicants to mention their bank account numbers in			
	their applications and therefore, investors are requested			
	to fill-up the appropriate box in the application form			
	failing which applications are liable to be rejected.			
	Change in Bank MandateFor investors holding units in demat mode, the			
	procedure for change in bank details would be as			
	determined by the depository participant.			
	• For investors holding units in non-demat mode,			
	the Unit holders may change their bank details			
	registered with the Mutual Fund by submitting an			
	application for the same			
	In an endeavour to protect the investors from possible			
	fraudulent activities, the AMC may require the			
	investors to submit such documents as may be deemed necessary or appropriate from time to time, for			
	verification and validation of the bank account details			
	furnished by the investors. The AMC reserves the right			
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	to deny the request for registration of a bank account for
	the investor's Folio in case the investor fails to submit
	the necessary document to the satisfaction of the AMC.
Delay in payment of redemption / repurchase proceeds/dividend	The Asset Management Company shall be liable to pay interest to the unitholders at rate as specified vide clause 14.2 of SEBI Master Circular for Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 by SEBI for the period of such delay.
Unclaimed Redemption and Income Distribution cum Capital Withdrawal Amount	The unclaimed redemption and IDCW amount may be deployed by the mutual fund in call money market, money market instruments or separate plan of Liquid scheme / Money Market Mutual Fund scheme floated specifically for deployment of the unclaimed amounts only. The investors who claim the unclaimed amounts during a period of three years from the due date shall be paid initial unclaimed amount along-with the income earned on its deployment. Investors, who claim these amounts after 3 years, shall be paid initial unclaimed amount along-with the income earned on its deployment till the end of the third year. After the third year, the income earned on such unclaimed amounts shall be used for the purpose of investor education. The AMC would make a continuous effort to remind the investors through letters to take their unclaimed amounts. The investment management fees charged by the AMC for managing unclaimed amounts will not exceed 50 basis points. The Fund/AMC shall not be liable to pay any interest or compensation on unclaimed amount.
Disclosure w.r.t investment by minors	Investments in the name of a minor acting through guardian
	In case of investments held in the name of a minor, no joint holders will be registered. The minor, acting through the guardian, should be the first and sole holder in the Folio/Account. The guardian should be either the parent (i.e. father or mother) or the court appointed legal guardian. The guardian of the minor may need to submit such declarations and/or other documents/information as a proof of guardianship, as may be prescribed by the AMC from time to time.
	Date of birth of the minor along with photocopies of the supporting documents (viz. birth certificate, school leaving certificate/ Mark sheet issued by Higher Secondary Board of respective states, ICSE, CBSE etc., or, passport or any other document evidencing the date of birth of the minor) should be mandatorily provided

while opening the account.

Payment for investment by any mode shall be accepted from the bank account of the minor, parent or legal guardian of the minor, or from a joint account of the minor with parent or legal guardian.

Irrespective of the source of payment for subscription, all redemption proceeds shall be credited only in the verified bank account of the minor, i.e. the account the minor may hold with the parent/ legal guardian after completing all KYC formalities.

Upon attainment of majority by the minor, the account should be regularised forthwith, the minor in whose name the investment was made, shall be required to provide all the KYC details, updated bank account details including cancelled original cheque leaf of the new account. No further transactions shall be allowed till the status of the minor is changed to major. The AMC may specify such procedures for regularisation of the Folio, as may be deemed appropriate from time to time. Post attainment of majority by the minor, the Mutual Fund/AMC will not be obliged to accept any instruction or transaction application made under the signature of the guardian. In case of an application for registration of a systematic transaction facility (Systematic Investment Plan / Systematic Transfer Plan / Systematic Withdrawal Plan or Transfer of Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal), if the end date of the facility extends beyond the date of attainment of majority by the minor, such facility will be registered only up to the date of attaining majority.

Non applicability Minimum Application Amount (Lumpsum) and Minimum Redemption amount As per Para 6.10 of SEBI Master Circular on Mutual Funds dated June 27, 2024 Alignment of interest of Designated Employees of Asset Management Companies (AMCs) with the Unitholders of the Mutual Fund Schemes has, inter alia mandated that a certain percentage of gross annual CTC net of income tax and any statutory contributions of the Designated Employees of the AMCs shall be invested in units of the scheme(s) of the Fund in which they have a role/oversight.

In accordance with the regulatory requirement, the minimum application amount and minimum redemption amount will not be applicable for investment made in schemes of the Fund in compliance with the aforesaid circular(s).

The above-mentioned provisions shall override the	2
conflicting provisions, if any.	

III. OTHER DETAILS

- A. In case of Fund of Funds Scheme, Details of Benchmark, Investment Objective, Investment Strategy, TER, AUM, Year wise performance, Top 10 Holding/ link to Top 10 holding of the underlying fund should be provided: Not Applicable
- B. Periodic Disclosures such as Half yearly disclosures, half yearly results, annual report
- Half yearly disclosures/results: The Mutual Fund shall host half yearly disclosures of the Scheme's' unaudited financial results in the prescribed format on its website viz. www.franklintempletonindia.com and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) viz. www.amfiindia. com within one month from the close of each half year i.e. on 31st March and on 30th September and shall publish an advertisement in this regard in at least one English daily newspaper having nationwide circulation and, in a newspaper, having wide circulation published in the language of the region where the Head Office of the Mutual Fund is situated.
- Annual Report: Scheme Annual report in the format prescribed by SEBI, will be hosted the website of the Fund https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/reports and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI) viz. www.amfiindia.com as soon as may be but not later than four months from the date of closure of the relevant accounts year (i.e. 31st March each year). Mutual Fund/AMC will publish an advertisement every year, in the all India edition of at least two daily newspapers, one each in English and Hindi, disclosing the hosting of the Scheme wise Annual Report on the website of the Fund and on the website of Association of Mutual Funds in India (AMFI). Mutual Fund/AMC will e-mail the Scheme Annual Report or Abridged Summary thereof to those unitholders, whose email addresses are registered with the Mutual Fund. Investors who have not registered their email id will have an option of receiving a physical copy of the Annual Report or Abridged Summary thereof. Mutual Fund/ AMC will provide a physical copy of the abridged summary of the Annual Report, without charging any cost, on specific request received from a unitholder through any mode. A physical copy of the scheme wise annual report shall be made available for inspection to the investors at the registered office of the AMC.
- Other disclosures: To enhance investor awareness and information dissemination to investors, SEBI prescribes various additional disclosures to be made by Mutual Funds from time to time on its website/on the website of AMFI, stock exchanges, etc. These disclosures include Scheme Summary Documents, various activities of Mutual Funds with timelines, DOs and DON'Ts for Investors, Grievance Redressal Mechanism, etc.). Investors may refer to the same.
- C. Transparency/NAV Disclosure (Details with reference to information given in

Section I)

- The NAV will be calculated for every Business Day and can be viewed on www.franklintempletonindia.com and www.amfiindia.com. NAV will be calculated up to four decimal places using standard rounding criteria.
- The Fund would disclose the half-yearly and annual results as per the SEBI Regulations.
- The Mutual Fund shall disclose the scheme portfolios as on the last day of the month/ as on the last day of every half year ended March and September within 10 days from the close of each month / half-year respectively. The disclosure shall be on www.franklintempletonindia.com and www.amfiindia.com. The AMC shall send via email the monthly and half-yearly statement of scheme portfolio within 10 days from the close of each month / half-year respectively

D. Transaction charges and stamp duty-

- Transaction charges: The AMC/Mutual Fund shall deduct Transaction Charges
 on purchase/subscription applications received from investors that are routed
 through a distributor/agent/broker as follows, provided the
 distributor/agent/broker has opted to receive the transaction charges. The
 distributors have the option to either opt in or opt out of levying transaction charge
 based on type of the product:
 - o First time investor in Mutual Funds: Transaction Charge of Rs.150/- on purchase/subscription application of Rs.10,000 and above shall be deducted from the subscription amount and paid to the distributor/agent/broker of the investor. Units will be allotted for the balance subscription amount (net of the transaction charge deducted).
 - o Investors other than first time investor in mutual funds: Transaction Charge of Rs.100/- per purchase/subscription application of Rs.10,000 and above shall be deducted from the subscription amount and paid to the distributor/agent/broker of the investor. Units will be allotted for the balance subscription amount (net of the transaction charge deducted).
 - o Investments through Systematic Investment Plan (SIP) the Transaction Charge shall be deducted only if the total commitment through SIP (i.e. amount per SIP instalment x No. of SIP instalments) amounts to Rs.10,000/- and above. The Transaction Charge shall be deducted in 3 or 4 instalments, as may be decided by the AMC from time to time
- Stamp duty: Mutual fund units issued against Purchase transactions (whether through lump-sum investments or SIP or STP or switch-ins or reinvestment under IDCW Option) would be subject to levy of stamp duty @ 0.005% of the amount invested. Transfer of mutual fund units (such as transfers between demat accounts) are subject to payment of stamp duty @ 0.015%. The rate and levy of stamp duty may vary as amended from time to time.

Please refer SAI for further details.

E. **Associate Transactions-** Please refer to Statement of Additional Information (SAI)

F. Taxation-

For details on taxation please refer to the clause on Taxation in the SAI apart from the following:

This information is provided for general information only and is based on the prevailing tax laws, as applicable in case of this Scheme. However, in view of the individual nature of the implications, each investor is advised to consult his or her own tax advisors/ authorised dealers with respect to the specific amount of tax and other implications arising out of his or her participation in the schemes.

Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund is registered as a Mutual Fund with Securities and Exchange Board of India ('SEBI') under SEBI (Mutual Fund) Regulations, 1996. Any income earned by such mutual fund registered with SEBI is exempt from taxation as per section 10(23D) of the Income Tax Act, 1961 ('Act')

Category of this Scheme: 'Equity oriented' fund as currently defined under the Act as on March 31, 2025.

"Equity oriented fund" is defined to mean a fund set up under a scheme of a mutual fund specified under clause 23D of section 10 and

In case where the fund invests in the units of another fund which is traded on a recognised stock exchange –

- a minimum of 90% of the total proceeds of such fund is invested in the units of such other fund; and
- such other fund also invests a minimum of 90% of its total proceeds in the equity shares of domestic companies listed on a recognized stock exchange; and

In any other case, a minimum of 65% of the total proceeds of such fund is invested in the equity shares of domestic companies listed on a recognised stock exchange

Provided that the percentage of equity shareholding or unit held in respect of the fund, as the case may be, shall be computed with reference to the annual average of the monthly averages of the opening and closing figures.

"Specified mutual fund" means a mutual fund by whatever name called,

- i. which invests more that 65% or more of its total proceeds in debt and money market instruments or
- ii. which invests 65% or more of its total proceeds in units of fund referred to in clause (i) above.

Provided that the percentage of investment in debt and money market instruments or in units of a fund, as the case may be, in respect of the Specified Mutual Fund, shall be

computed with reference to the annual average of the daily closing figures:

Provided further that for the purposes of this clause, "debt and money market instruments" shall include any securities, by whatever name called, classified or regulated as debt and money market instruments by the Securities and Exchange Board of India.

Non-specified scheme means any scheme other than equity oriented and specified mutual fund is considered as non-specified scheme

Taxability in the hands of Investor

If the units are held as stock-in-trade of a business, the said income will be taxed at the rates at which the normal income of that investor is taxed.

If the units are held as investments, the said income will be taxed as capital gains. In such case, the tax rates applicable will depend on whether the gain on sale of units is classified as a short-term capital gain or a long-term capital gain.

Equity oriented fund:

Tax Rates

Nature of Income	Resident Individual	Domestic Corporate	Non-Resident
	& HUF		Investor
IDCW	As per applicable tax	As per applicable tax	20%
	rate	rate	
LTCG	12.5%*	12.5%*	12.5%*
Holding Period > 12 Months			
STCG	20%	20%	20%
Holding Period <= 12 Months			

^{*} where LTCG exceeds Rs. 1,25,000 in a financial year

Withholding Tax Rates (TDS)

Nature of Income	Resident Individual	Domestic Corporate	Non-Resident
	& HUF		Investor#
IDCW	10%**	10%**	20%
LTCG	Nil	Nil	12.5%
Holding Period > 12 Months			
STCG	Nil	Nil	20%
Holding Period <= 12 Months			

The above beneficial rates should be applicable only in a case of sale/redemption of units of equity-oriented fund where transaction is chargeable to STT.

Non-specified scheme:

Tax Rates

Nature of Income	Resident Individual & HUF	Domestic Corporate	Non-Resident Investor
IDCW	As per applicable tax	As per applicable tax	20%

	rate	rate	
LTCG	12.5% (without	12.5% (without	12.5% (without
Listed Units - Holding Period	indexation)	indexation)	indexation)
> 12 Months	,	,	,
Unlisted Units - Holding			
Period > 24 Months			
STCG	As per applicable tax	As per applicable tax	As per applicable
Listed Units - Holding Period	rate	rate	tax rate
<= 12 Months			FPIs - 30%
Unlisted Units - Holding			1113 3070
Period <= 24 Months			

Withholding Tax Rates (TDS)

Nature of Income		Domestic Corporate	Non-Resident
	& HUF		Investor#
IDCW	10%**	10%**	20%
LTCG	Nil	Nil	12.5% (without
Listed Units - Holding Period			indexation)
> 12 Months			indexaction)
Unlisted Units - Holding			
Period > 24 Months			
STCG	Nil	Nil	For non- corporates -
Listed Units - Holding Period			30%
<= 12 Months			For corporates – 35%
Unlisted Units - Holding			1 of corporates = 35 %
Period <= 24 Months			

IDCW - Income Distribution cum capital withdrawal

LTCG - Long Term Capital Gain

STCG - Short Term Capital Gain

** As per provision of section 194K of the Act, where the amount of income credited or paid in a financial year, in aggregate, does not exceed Rs. 10,000, no withholding is required to be carried out. However, the scheme shall be withholding tax when the aggregate amount in financial year at Permanent Account Number (PAN) level exceeds Rs. 9,000.

Tax rates mentioned above are further increased by surcharge and health and education cess as may be applicable for respective investor.

Surcharge and cess shall not be applied on basic tax while deducting TDS, if any, on income of resident investors.

Surcharge Rates

Total income	Individual /HUF ~~	Partnership Firms & Co-operative Societies		Foreign Companies
Less than or equal to 50 lakhs	NIL	NIL	NIL	NIL

[#] In case of a foreign portfolio investor, no TDS is required on LTCG and STCG

>50 lakhs <= 1 crore	10%	NIL	NIL	NIL
>1 crore <= 2 crores	15%	12%	7%	2%
>2 crores <= 5 crores	25%	12%	7%	2%
>5 crores <= 10 crores	37%	12%	7%	2%
>10 crores	37%	12%	12%	5%

~~ Surcharge rate shall not exceed 25% in case of individual and HUF being taxed under tax regime under section 115BAC of the Act. In case total income includes income by way of dividend on shares, short-term capital gains on units of equity oriented mutual fund schemes and long-term capital gains on mutual fund schemes, the rate of surcharge on the said type of income not to exceed 15% [refer clause on Taxation in the SAI for further details].

Tax plus surcharge shall be further increased by a health and education cess of 4 percent.

DTAA Benefits

Taxability in the hands of non-resident investor shall be subject to Double Taxation Avoidance Agreement ("DTAA" or "tax treaty") benefits which can be claimed in the return of income to be filed by such investors, as applicable. Further, such DTAA benefit may also be claimed at the time of withholding of taxes (subject to requisite documents for claiming DTAA benefit made available by investor to the Mutual Fund). The investors should obtain specific advice from their tax advisors regarding the availability of the tax treaty benefits.

PAN-AADHAR Linking

As per section 139AA of the Act read with rule 114AAA of the Income-tax Rules, 1962, in the case of a resident person, whose PAN has become inoperative due to non-linking of PAN with Aadhaar, it shall be deemed that he has not furnished the PAN and tax could be withheld at a higher rate of 20% as per section 206AA of the Act.

Securities Transaction Tax (STT)

STT at 0.001% is payable on sale (redemption) of unit of an equity-oriented fund to the mutual fund (except in case redemption by any person for, or on behalf of, the New Pension System Trust).

As per Rule 4 of the STT Rules 2004, where the STT payable is 50 paise and above, it shall be rounded off to the nearest rupee. Thereby, where the amount of STT payable is lower than 50 paise, no STT is deducted. Long-term capital gains arising on transfer of units of an equity-oriented fund chargeable to Securities Transaction tax (STT) are subject to tax in accordance with the provisions of section 112A of the Act. Therefore, as per provisions of the Act, if STT payable is NIL due to rounding off, the long-term capital gain shall be chargeable to tax in accordance with the provisions of section 112A and the concessional rate of tax shall be applicable.

DISCLAIMER: The information given here is neither a complete disclosure of every material

^{* 10%} basic surcharge (irrespective of taxable income) for domestic companies availing benefit under section 115BAA and section 115BAB of the Act.

fact of Income-tax Act 1961 nor does it constitute tax or legal advice. Investors are requested to review the prospectus carefully and obtain expert professional advice with regard to specific legal, tax and financial implications of the investment/participation in the scheme

- G. **Rights of Unitholders-** Please refer to SAI for details.
- H. List of official points of acceptance: Details are available on https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/download/en-in/odd-list-of-opats/c948bf89-5b6e-4e15-9b17-def6817a7fbd/List-of-official-points-of-acceptance.pdf
- I. Penalties, Pending Litigation or Proceedings, Findings of Inspections or Investigations for which action may have been taken or is in the process of being taken by any Regulatory Authority.

Please refer website Link: https://www.franklintempletonindia.com/download/en-in/odd-penalties/6e03f15a-bb96-4cfb-a3cf-ca14711b1a82/Penalties-and-Pending-Litigation-Section.pdf

Notwithstanding anything contained in the Scheme Information Document the provisions of the SEBI (Mutual Funds) Regulations, 1996 and the Guidelines thereunder shall be applicable.

The Scheme under this Scheme Information Document was approved by the Trustee vide its resolution dated May 8, 2025.

The Trustees have ensured that Franklin India Multi Asset Allocation Fund approved by them is a new product offered by Franklin Templeton Mutual Fund and is not a minor modification of the existing scheme/fund/product.

DIRECTORY

L	DIRECTORY		
	Sponsor	Investment Manager	Trustee
	Templeton International, Inc.	Franklin Templeton Asset	Franklin Templeton Trustee
	300 S.E. 2nd Street, 11th	Management (India) Pvt.	Services Pvt. Ltd.
	Floor, Fort Lauderdale, FL	Ltd.	One International Centre, Tower
	33301, USA.	One International Centre,	2, 12th and 13th Floor, Senapati
		Tower 2, 12th and 13th	Bapat Marg, Elphinstone Road
		Floor, Senapati Bapat Marg,	(West), Mumbai 400013
		Elphinstone Road (West),	
		Mumbai 400013	
	Registrars	Custodians	Auditors
	Computer Age Management	Hongkong and Shanghai	BSR & Co. LLP, Chartered
	Services Private Limited	Banking Corporation	Accountants - having its office
	No.10 (Old No.178), M.G.R.	Limited (HSBC)	at 5th Floor, Lodha Excelus,
	Salai, Nungambakkam,	52/60, Mahatma Gandhi	Appollo Mills Compound, N. M.
	Chennai - 600 034	Road,	Joshi Marg, Mahalaxmi,
	Website:	Fort,	Mumbai – 400 011
	www.camsonline.com	Mumbai 400 001	
	Email:		
	enq_fti@camsonline.com		
	*		

Franklin Templeton Branch Offices (Investor Service Centres)

Name of the	Address
Branch	
Ahmedabad	Ground Floor/Part, Achal Raj Building, Opp. Mayor's House, Law
	Garden, Ahmedabad - 380006.
Allahabad	S N Tower, 4C Maharishi Dayananad Marg, Opp. Radio Station,
	Civil Lines, Allahabad-211001
Bangalore	26-27, 1st floor, Northern Area West Wing, Raheja Towers MG Road,
	Bangalore - 560001. Fax-080-67149595
Bhubaneswar	77, Kharavel Nagar, Unit III, Janpath, Bhubaneswar 751001
	Fax: (0674) 2531026
Bhopal	Guru Arcade, 2nd Floor, Ramgopal Maheshwari Marg, Plot No.153, M P
	Nagar Zone 1, Bhopal - 462011
Chandigarh	S.C.O 413-414, 1st Floor, Sector 35-C, Chandigarh - 160022
	Fax: (0172)-2622341
Chennai	Century Centre, 75 T.T.K. Road, Alwarpet, Chennai 600018
	Fax: (044) 24987790
Cochin (Kochi)	41/418-C, Chicago Plaza, First Floor, Rajaji Road, Ernakulam, Cochin
	682035
	Fax: (0484) 2373076

Name of the Branch	Address
Coimbatore	424-C Red Rose Towers, Second Floor, D. B. Road, R. S. Puram, Coimbatore 641002 Fax: (0422) 2470277
Dehradun	Shop No. 5, 1st Floor, Swaraj Complex, Opp. Hotel Madhuban, Rajpur Road, Dehradun – 248001 Fax: (0135) 2719873
Guwahati	ITAG Plaza, 2nd Floor, Office No. 2C, G.S. Road, Main Road, ABC, Guwahati - 781005
Hyderabad	Unit No 402, 6-3-1085/1 4th Floor, Dega Towers Rajbhavan Road, Somajiguda, Hyderabad-500 082 Fax: (040) 23400030
Indore	Office No.101, 1st Floor, Vikram Heights, Opposite Rani Sati Gate,25/2, Yashwant Niwas Road, Indore - 452001
Jaipur	Office No.18, 2nd Floor, Laxmi Complex, M.I Road, Jaipur -302001, Rajasthan.
Jalandhar	Ground Floor, SCO- 15 PUDA Complex Ladowali Road Jalandhar - 144 001
Jamshedpur	Fair Deal Complex,1st Floor, Office Unit 1B, Main Road, Opp. Ram Mandir, Bistupur, Jamshedpur-831001
Kanpur	Office no 208, 209 & 210, 2nd floor KAN Chambers, Civil lines, Kanpur-208001
Kolkata	4th Floor, A Block, 22, Abanindra Nath Thakur Sarani (Known as Camac Street), Kolkata – 700016
Lucknow	Office no. 2, Ground Floor, Regency Plaza, Opposite Dr. Shyama Prasad Mukherji Hospital (Civil), 5 Park road, Hazratganj, Lucknow - 226001
Ludhiana	SCO-37, First Floor, Feroze Gandhi Market, Ludhiana 141001 Fax: (0161) 3012101
Madurai	Suriya Towers, 1st floor ,Door No 272 / 273 , Good Shed Street , Madurai 625001 Fax: (0452) 2350144
Mangalore	First Floor, Manasa Towers, M. G. Road, Kodialbail, Mangalore 575003 Fax: (0824) 2493749
Mumbai	(a) Unit No.202/203/204, 2nd Floor, Dalamal Tower, Plot No. 211, Free Press Journal Marg, Nariman Point, Mumbai - 400 021 Fax: (022) 22810923 (b) One International center, Tower 2, 13th Floor, Senapati Bapat Marg, Elphinstone (W), Mumbai - 400013
Nagpur	Shop No. 3 & 4, Ground Floor, Maharshi Shivpad Complex, Plot No. 262, West High Court Road, Bajaj Nagar, Nagpur 440010 Fax: (0712) 2242238
Nasik	Marvel Tanishq, Office No.402, 4th Floor, Sharanpur Road, New Pandit Colony, Nasik - 422002.

Name of the Branch	Address
New Delhi	707-710, 7th Floor, Ashoka Estate Building, 24 Barakhamba Road, New
	Delhi 110001
	Fax: (011) 23752019
Patna	Unit No.402, 4th Floor, Sai Tower, New Dak Bungalow Road, Patna - 800
	001
Panjim	Office Premises no.201, Unit No. PNJ B-O9, Level 2, 1st Floor, Nova Goa
	Building, Dr. Atmaram Borkar Road, Panaji, Goa- 403001.
Pune	401, Karan Selene, above Yes Bank, 187, Bhandarkar Road, Pune 411004
	Fax: (020) 25665221
Raipur	First Floor, Piyank tower, GE Road, Raja Talab, Raipur - 492001
	Fax: (0771) 4033614
Rajkot	408-409, 4th Floor, Sadhana Downtown, Jubilee Chowk, Jawahar Road,
	Rajkot - 360 001
Ranchi	Saluja Tower, 6th Floor, Peepe Compound, Sujata Chowk, Main Road,
	Ranchi – 834001
Salem	214/215, Second Floor, Kandaswarna Shopping Mall, Sarada College
	Road, Salem 636016
	Fax: (0427) 2446854
Surat	HG-29 International Trade Centre, Majura Gate Cross Road Signal, Ring
	Road, Surat 395002
m . 1	Fax: (0261) 2473744
Trichy	Arun Arcade, 75/1, First Floor, First Cross, North East Extension,
	Thillainagar, Trichy 620018
77 1 1	Fax: (0431) 2760013
Vadodara	Unit No 306, Third Floor, Golden Icon, Opp. BSNL, Bird Circle,
T7	Old Padra Road, Vadodara – 390007
Varanasi	D-64/127, C-H, Arihant Complex, 4th Floor, Sigra, Varanasi, Uttar Pradesh
Vijayawada	White House, III Floor, Room # 2, M. G. Road, Opposite All India
	Radio, Vijayawada 520010
	Fax: (0866) 6695550
Visakhapatnam	204, First Floor, Eswar Plaza, Dwaraka Nagar, Visakhapatnam
1	530016
	Fax: (0891) 6666806

National Call Centre:

1800 425 4255 or 1800 258 4255 (please prefix the city STD code if calling from a mobile phone, Local call rates apply to both the numbers) from 8:00 a.m. to 9:00 p.m., Monday to Saturday.

Collection Centres:

Branch Office of Computer Age Management Services Limited

Advisor Chowmuhani (Ground Floor), Krishnanagar Agartala, Tripura, 799001 No. 8, II Floor Maruti Tower Sanjay Place , Agra , Uttarpradesh-282002 111- 113,1 st Floor- Devpath Building Off C G Road Behind Lal Bungalow, Ellis Bridge, Ahmedabad Gujarat 380006 Office No. 3.1st Floor, Shree Parvati, Plot No. 1/175, Opp. Mauli Sabhagruh, Zopadi Canteen, Savedi, Ahmednagar-414003 AMC No. 423/30 Near ChurchOpp T B Hospital, Jaipur Road, Ajmer, Rajasthan, 305001 Akola (Maharashtra) Opp. RLT Science College Civil Lines, Akola, Maharashtra, 444001 City Enclave, Opp. Kumar Nursing Home Ramghat Road Aligarh Uttarpradesh-202001 30/2, A&B, Civil Lines Station Besides , Vishal Mega Mart Strachey Road, Allahabad, Uttarpradesh-211001 Doctor's Tower Building, Door No. 14/2562, 1st floor, North of Iorn Bridge, Near Hotel Arcadia Regency, Alleppey(Kerala) Alleppey(Kerala) AlleppeyKerala, 688001 Alwar(Rajasthan) 256A, Scheme No: 1, Arya Nagar, Alwar, Rajasthan, 301001 81, Gulsham Tower, 2nd Floor, Near Panchsheel Talkies, Amaravati, Maharashtra, 444601 Shop No. 4250, Near B D Senior Secondary School, Ambala Cantt., Ambala, Haryana 133001 Amritsar (Punjab) 3rd Floor, Bearing Unit No-313, Mukut House, Amritsar-143001 101, A.P. Tower, B/H, Sardhar Gunj, Next to Nathwani Chambers, AnandGujarat388001 Anand(Gujarat) 15-570-33, I FloorPallavi Towers, Subash RoadOpp: Canara Bank, Anantapur, AndhraPradesh, 515001 CAMS Pvt Ltd, No. 351, Icon, 501, 5th Floor, Western Express Highway, Andheri East, Mumbai-400069 Angul (Orissa) Similipada, Near Sidhi Binayak + 2 Science Collage, Angul-759122 Shop No - F -56First Floor, Omkar Complex Opp Old Colony, Nr Valia Char Rasta, GIDC, Ankleshwar, Gujarat)	Name of the branch	Address
No. 8, II Floor Maruti Tower Sanjay Place ,Agra ,Uttarpradesh-282002 111- 113,1 st Floor- Devpath Building Off C G Road Behind Lal Bungalow,Ellis Bridge, Ahmedabad Gujarat 380006 Office No.3.1st Floor,Shree Parvati,Plot No.1/175,Opp. Mauli Sabhagruh,Zopadi Canteen,Savedi,Ahmednagar-414003 AMC No. 423/30 Near ChurchOpp T B Hospital,Jaipur Road,Ajmer,Rajasthan,305001 Akola(Maharashtra) Opp. RLT Science CollegeCivil Lines,Akola,Maharashtra,444001 City Enclave, Opp. Kumar Nursing Home Ramghat Road Aligarh Uttarpradesh) Allahabad(Uttarpradesh) Allahabad (Uttarpradesh) Allahabad (Uttarpradesh) Optor's Tower Building,Door No. 14/2562, 1st floor,North of Iorn Bridge, Near Hotel Arcadia Regency, Alleppey(Kerala) Alwar(Rajasthan) 256A, Scheme No:1,Arya Nagar,Alwar,Rajasthan,301001 81, Gulsham Tower,2nd Floor,Near Panchsheel Talkies,Amaravati,Maharashtra,444601 Shop No.4250, Near B D Senior Secondary School, Ambala Cantt., Ambala, Haryana 133001 Amritsar(Punjab) 3rd Floor,Bearing Unit No-313,Mukut House,Amritsar-143001 101, A.P. Tower,B/H, Sardhar Gunj,Next to Nathwani Chambers,AnandGujarat388001 15-570-33, I Floor,Balashan, 10699 CAMS Pvt Ltd,No.351,Icon,501,5th Floor,Western Express Highway,Andheri East,Mumbai-400069 Angul(Orissa) Similipada,Near Sidhi Binayak +2 Science Collage,Angul-759122 Shop No - F -56First Floor,Omkar ComplexOpp Old Colony,Nr Valia Char Rasta,GIDC,Ankleshwar,Gujarat,393002		`
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Amaravati(Maharashtra) Talkies, Amaravati, Maharashtra, 444601 Shop No.4250, Near B D Senior Secondary School, Ambala Cantt., Ambala(Haryana) Amritsar(Punjab) 3rd Floor, Bearing Unit No-313, Mukut House, Amritsar-143001 101, A.P. Tower, B/H, Sardhar Gunj, Next to Nathwani Chambers, Anand Gujarat 388001 15-570-33, I Floor Pallavi Towers, Subash Road Opp: Canara Bank, Anantapur, Andhra Pradesh, 515001 CAMS Pvt Ltd, No.351, Icon, 501, 5th Floor, Western Express Highway, Andheri East, Mumbai-400069 Angul (Orissa) Similipada, Near Sidhi Binayak +2 Science Collage, Angul-759122 Shop No - F -56 First Floor, Omkar Complex Opp Old Colony, Nr Valia Char Rasta, GIDC, Ankleshwar, Gujarat, 393002	Alwar(Rajasthan)	
Shop No.4250, Near B D Senior Secondary School, Ambala Cantt., Ambala(Haryana) Ambala, Haryana 133001 3rd Floor, Bearing Unit No-313, Mukut House, Amritsar-143001 101, A.P. Tower, B/H, Sardhar Gunj, Next to Nathwani Chambers, Anand Gujarat 388001 15-570-33, I Floor Pallavi Towers, Subash Road Opp: Canara Bank, Anantapur, Andhra Pradesh, 515001 CAMS Pvt Ltd, No.351, Icon, 501, 5th Floor, Western Express Highway, Andheri East, Mumbai-400069 Angul (Orissa) Similipada, Near Sidhi Binayak + 2 Science Collage, Angul-759122 Shop No - F -56 First Floor, Omkar Complex Opp Old Colony, Nr Valia Char Rasta, GIDC, Ankleshwar, Gujarat, 393002		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
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Amritsar(Punjab) 3rd Floor, Bearing Unit No-313, Mukut House, Amritsar-143001 101, A.P. Tower, B/H, Sardhar Gunj, Next to Nathwani Chambers, Anand Gujarat 388001 15-570-33, I Floor Pallavi Towers, Subash Road Opp: Canara Bank, Anantapur, Andhra Pradesh, 515001 CAMS Pvt Ltd, No.351, Icon, 501, 5th Floor, Western Express Highway, Andheri East, Mumbai-400069 Angul (Orissa) Similipada, Near Sidhi Binayak +2 Science Collage, Angul-759122 Shop No - F -56 First Floor, Omkar Complex Opp Old Colony, Nr Valia Char Rasta, GIDC, Ankleshwar, Gujarat, 393002		Shop No.4250, Near B D Senior Secondary School, Ambala Cantt.,
101, A.P. Tower,B/H, Sardhar Gunj,Next to Nathwani Chambers,AnandGujarat388001 15-570-33, I FloorPallavi Towers,Subash RoadOpp:Canara Bank,Anantapur,AndhraPradesh,515001 CAMS Pvt Ltd,No.351,Icon,501,5th Floor,Western Express Highway,Andheri East,Mumbai-400069 Angul(Orissa) Similipada,Near Sidhi Binayak +2 Science Collage,Angul-759122 Shop No - F -56First Floor,Omkar ComplexOpp Old Colony,Nr Valia Char Rasta,GIDC,Ankleshwar,Gujarat,393002	Ambala(Haryana)	į
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Anantapur(Andhra Pradesh) 15-570-33, I FloorPallavi Towers,Subash RoadOpp:Canara Bank,Anantapur,AndhraPradesh,515001 CAMS Pvt Ltd,No.351,Icon,501,5th Floor,Western Express Highway,Andheri East,Mumbai-400069 Angul(Orissa) Similipada,Near Sidhi Binayak +2 Science Collage,Angul-759122 Shop No - F -56First Floor,Omkar ComplexOpp Old Colony,Nr Valia Char Rasta,GIDC,Ankleshwar,Gujarat,393002		·
Anantapur(Andhra Pradesh) Bank, Anantapur, Andhra Pradesh, 515001 CAMS Pvt Ltd, No.351, Icon, 501, 5th Floor, Western Express Highway, Andheri East, Mumbai-400069 Angul(Orissa) Similipada, Near Sidhi Binayak +2 Science Collage, Angul-759122 Shop No - F -56 First Floor, Omkar Complex Opp Old Colony, Nr Valia Char Rasta, GIDC, Ankleshwar, Gujarat, 393002	Anand(Gujarat)	Chambers, Anand Gujarat 388001
Andheri(Maharashtra) CAMS Pvt Ltd,No.351,Icon,501,5th Floor,Western Express Highway,Andheri East,Mumbai-400069 Angul(Orissa) Similipada,Near Sidhi Binayak +2 Science Collage,Angul-759122 Shop No - F -56First Floor,Omkar ComplexOpp Old Colony,Nr Valia Char Rasta,GIDC,Ankleshwar,Gujarat,393002		
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Andheri (Maharashtra) Highway, Andheri East, Mumbai-400069 Angul (Orissa) Similipada, Near Sidhi Binayak +2 Science Collage, Angul-759122 Shop No - F -56First Floor, Omkar ComplexOpp Old Colony, Nr Valia Char Rasta, GIDC, Ankleshwar, Gujarat, 393002		CAMS Pvt Ltd,No.351,Icon,501,5th Floor,Western Express
Angul(Orissa) Similipada,Near Sidhi Binayak +2 Science Collage,Angul-759122 Shop No - F -56First Floor,Omkar ComplexOpp Old Colony,Nr Ankleshwar(Gujarat) Valia Char Rasta,GIDC,Ankleshwar,Gujarat,393002	Andheri(Maharashtra)	<u> </u>
Shop No - F -56First Floor,Omkar ComplexOpp Old Colony,Nr Valia Char Rasta,GIDC,Ankleshwar,Gujarat,393002		
Ankleshwar(Gujarat) Valia Char Rasta,GIDC,Ankleshwar,Gujarat,393002	Angul(Orissa)	Similipada, Near Sidhi Binayak +2 Science Collage, Angul-759122
Ankleshwar(Gujarat) Valia Char Rasta, GIDC, Ankleshwar, Gujarat, 393002		
	Ankleshwar(Gujarat)	
	Arrah(Bihar)	Old NCC Office, Ground Floor, Club Road, Arrah-802301

Name of the branch	Address
	Block - G 1st Floor,P C Chatterjee Market Complex Rambandhu
Asansol(West Bengal)	Talab PO, Ushagram Asansol Westbengal Pin No 713303
	2nd Floor, Block No.D-21-D-22, Motiwala Trade Centre, Nirala
Aurangabad(Maharashtra)	Bazar, New Samarth Nagar, Opp. HDFC Bank, Aurangabad-431001
Balasore(Orissa)	B C Sen Road, Balasore, Orissa, 756001
	No.18/47/A,Govind Nilaya,Ward No.20,Sangankal Moka
Ballari(Karnataka)	Road, Gandhinagar, Ballari-583102
D 1 (I((1)	Trade Centre,1st Floor45, Dikensen Road (Next to Manipal Centre)
Bangalore (Karnataka) Bangalore (Wilson	Bangalore,Karnataka,560042 First Floor, No.17/1, (272) 12Th Cross Road,Wilson
Garden)(Karnataka)	Garden, Bangalore-560027
Garacii)(Ramataka)	1st Floor, Central Bank Building, Machantala, P.O. & District-
Bankura(West Bengal)	Bankura, West Bengal- 722101
Bagalkot	Shop No. 2, 1st floor, Shreyas Complex, Near Old Bus Stand,
(Karnataka)	Bagalkot - 587 101
	N/39, K.N.C Road, 1st Floor, Shrikrishna Apartment, (Behind
	HDFC Bank Barasat Branch) Dist :24PGS (North) Barasat -700 124
Barasat(West Bengal)	West Bengal
	F-62-63,2nd Floor, Butler Plaza Commercial Complex Civil Lines
Bareilly(Uttarpradesh)	Bareilly Uttarpradesh-243001
	CAMS C/O RAJESH MAHADEV & CO SHOP NO 3,1st Floor
	JAMIA COMLEX STATION ROAD
Basti(Uttarpradesh)	BASTI PIN 272002
D 1 (1/2 (1)	Classic Complex, Block No. 104,1st Floor, Saraf Colony, Khanapur
Belgaum(Karnataka)	Road, Tilakwadi, Belgaum-590006 Kalika temple Street, Ground Floor, Beside SBI BAZAR
Berhampur(Orissa)	Branch, Berhampur-760002
Dermanip ar (Oriosa)	Das & Das Complex, 1st Floor, By Pass Road, Opposite to Vishal
Bhadrak(Orissa)	Mega Mart, Chhapulia, Bhadrak-756100, Odisha
, ,	Ground Floor, Gurudwara Road, Near Old Vijaya Bank, Bhagalpur
Bhagalpur(Bihar)	- 812001
	A-111,First Floor,R K Casta,Behind Patel Super Market,Station
Bharuch(Gujarat)	Road, Bharuch-392001
Bhatinda(Punjab)	2907 GH,GT Road,Near Zila Parishad,Bhatinda,Punjab,151001
Rhaymagar(Cuiarat)	501 – 503, Bhayani Skyline, Behind Joggers Park, Atabhai Road,
Bhavnagar(Gujarat)	Bhavnagar - 364001 1st Floor,Plot No.3,Block No.1,Priyadarshini Pariswar west,Behind
Bhilai(Chattisgarh)	ISt Floor, Plot No.3, block No.1, Priyadarshini Pariswar West, benind IDBI Bank, Nehru Nagar, Bhilai-490020
Dimui(Ciutusguii)	C/o Kodwani Associtates Shope No 211-213 2nd floor Indra Prasth
	Tower syam Ki Sabji Mandi Near Mukerjee Garden Bhilwara-
Bhilwara(Rajasthan)	311001 (Rajasthan)
	Plot no 10, 2nd Floor, Alankar Complex, Near ICICI Bank, MP
Bhopal(Madhyapradesh)	Nagar, Zone II,Bhopal,MadhyaPradesh462011

Name of the branch	Address
	Plot No -111, Varaha Complex Building3rd Floor, Station
Bhubaneswar(Orissa)	Square,Kharvel Nagar,Unit 3-Bhubaneswar-Orissa-751001
	Office No.4-5, First Floor, RTO Relocation Commercial Complex-
Bhuj(Gujarat)	B,Opp.Fire Station,Near RTO Circle,Bhuj-Kutch-370001
Bhusawal (Parent: Jalgaon	3, Adelade Apartment, Christain Mohala, Behind Gulshan-E-Iran
TP)(Maharashtra)	Hotel, Amardeep Talkies Road, Bhusawal, Maharashtra, 425201
Bijapur	Padmasagar Complex,1st floor, 2nd Gate,Ameer Talkies Road,
(Karnataka)	Vijayapur(Bijapur) - 586101
	Behind rajasthan patrika In front of vijaya bank 1404,amar singh
Bikaner(Rajasthan)	pura Bikaner.334001
	Shop No.B-104, First Floor, Narayan Plaza, Link
Bilaspur(Chattisgarh)	Road,Bilaspur(C.G)-495001
D 1 (III A D 1)	No.107/1, A C Road, Ground
Bohorompur(West Bengal)	Floor, Bohorompur, Murshidabad, West Bengal-742103
D-1(II111)	1st Floor, Plot No. HE-7 City Centre, Sector 4, Bokaro Steel City
Bokaro(Jharkhand)	Bokaro- 827004
Bolpur (West Bengal)	Netaji Market, 1st Floor Room No Fb 28, Bolpur Birbhum Birbhum Pin No 731204
(West bengar)	501 – TIARA, CTS 617, 617/1-4, off Chandavarkar Lane,
Borivali(Maharashtra)	Maharashtra Nagar, Borivali – West, Mumbai – 400092
borrvan(wartarasitra)	399 G T Road, Basement, Building Name: - Talk of the Town,
Burdwan(West Bengal)	Burdwan-713101.West- Bengal
zarawan(vest zengar)	29/97G 2nd Floor,S A Arcade,Mayoor
Calicut(Kerala)	Road, Arayidathupalam, Calicut Kerala-673016
	Deepak TowerSCO 154-155,1st Floor-Sector 17-Chandigarh-
Chandigarh(Punjab)	Punjab-160017
	Opp Mustafa décor, Behind Bangalore, Bakery Kasturba
Chandrapur(Maharashtra)	Road, Chandrapur, Maharashtra, 442402
• .	Ground Floor No.178/10,Kodambakkam High RoadOpp. Hotel
Chennai(Tamilnadu)	Palmgrove, Nungambakkam-Chennai-Tamilnadu-600034
Chennai-Satelite	
ISC(Tamilnadu)	No.158,Rayala Tower-1,Anna salai,Chennai-600002
	2nd Floor, Parasia Road, Near Surya Lodge, Sood Complex, Above
Chhindwara(Madhyapradesh)	Nagpur CT Scan, Chhindwara, Madhya Pradesh 480001
Chittorgarh(Rajasthan)	3, Ashok Nagar, Near Heera Vatika, Chittorgarh, Rajasthan 312001
	Building Name Modayil, Door No. 39/2638 DJ, 2nd Floor 2A M.G.
Cochin(Kerala)	Road, Cochin - 682 016
	No.1334,Thadagam Road,Thirumurthy Layout,R.S.Puram,Behind
Coimbatore(Tamilnadu)	Venketeswara Bakery, Coimbatore-641002
Coochbehar	Nipendra Narayan Road (N.N Road) Opposite Udichi Market,
(West Bengal)	Near Banik Decorators, PO & Dist: Coochbehar. Pin 736101
	Near Indian Overseas BankCantonment Road,Mata
Cuttack(Orissa)	Math, Cuttack, Orissa, 753001

Name of the branch	Address
	Ground Floor , Belbhadrapur, Near Sahara Office, Laheriasarai
Darbhanga(Bihar)	Tower Chowk, Laheriasarai, Darbhanga- 846001.
	13, Ist Floor, Akkamahadevi Samaj Complex Church
Davangere(Karnataka)	Road, P.J. Extension, Davangere, Karnataka, 577002
	204/121 Nari Shilp Mandir Marg(Ist Floor) Old Connaught
Dehradun(Uttarkhand)	Place, Chakrata Road, Dehradun, Uttarakhand, 248001
	S S M Jalan RoadGround floorOpp. Hotel Ashoke,Caster
Deoghar(Jharkhand)	Town,Deoghar,Jharkhand,814112
	Urmila Towers,Room No: 111(1st Floor) Bank
Dhanbad(Jharkhand)	More,Dhanbad,Jharkhand,826001
	16A/63A, Pidamaneri Road, Near Indoor
Dharmapuri(Tamilnadu)	Stadium, Dharmapuri, Tamilnadu 636701
DI 1 0/1	House No 3140, Opp Liberty Furniture, Jamnalal Bajaj Road, Near
Dhule(Maharashtra)	Tower Garden, Dhule, Maharashtra 424001
Dibrugarh(Assam)	Amba Complex, Ground Floor, HS Road, Dibrugarh-786001
	H/NO-2/2, SKK Building,OPP SUB-Urban Police Station,Dr
Dimapur(Nagaland)	Hokishe Sema Road, Signal Point, Dimapur-797112
Durgapur(West Bengal)	Plot No.3601, Nazrul Sarani, City Centre, Durgapur-713216
	No.197, Seshaiyer Complex, Agraharam
Erode(Tamilnadu)	Street, Erode, Tamilnadu, 638001
Esizahad/Httawaradash)	9/1/51, Rishi Tola, Fatehganj, Ayodhya (Faizabad), Uttar
Faizabad(Uttarpradesh)	Pradesh-224001
Equidahad(Hamrana)	IC2 CCO 12 Coston 16 Pohind Conorm Ponts Foundation 121002
Faridabad(Haryana)	LG3, SCO 12 Sector 16, Behind Canara Bank, Faridabad - 121002 53,1st Floor ,Shastri Market, Sadar Bazar, Firozabad, Uttarpradesh-
Firozabad(Uttarpradesh)	283203
Thozabad (Cital pracesit)	No.507,5Th Floor,Shree Ugati Corporate Park,Opp Pratik Mall,Nr
Gandhi Nagar(Gujarat)	Hdfc Bank, Kudasan, Gandhinagar-382421
Canan ragar (Cajarar)	Shyam Sadan,First Floor,Plot No.120,Sector 1/A,Gandhidham-
Gandhidham(Gujarat)	370201
	House No: GTK /006/D/20(3), (Near Janata Bhawan)
Gangtok(Sikkim)	D.P.H. road, Gangtok-737101, Sikkim
	C/o Sri Vishwanath Kunj, Ground Floor, Tilha Mahavir Asthan,
D(Bihar)	Gaya - 823001
	Platinum Mall,Office No.307,3rd Floor,Jawahar Road,Ghatkopar
Ghatkopar(Maharashtra)	East,Mumbai-400077
	1st Floor,C-10 RDC Rajnagar,Opp Kacheri Gate No.2,Ghaziabad-
Ghaziabad(Uttarpradesh)	201002
	Office No.103,1st Floor,Unitech City Centre,M.G.Road,Panaji
Goa(Goa)	Goa,Goa-403001
Gondal (Parent	A/177, Kailash Complex Opp. Khedut Decor
Rajkot)(Gujarat)	Gondal, Gujarat, 360311

Name of the branch	Address
	Shop No.5 & 6,3Rd Floor, Cross Road The Mall, A D Tiraha, bank
Gorakhpur(Uttarpradesh)	Road, Gorakhpur-273001
	Pal Complex, Ist Floor, Opp. City Bus
Gulbarga(Karnataka)	Stop,SuperMarket,Gulbarga,Karnataka 585101
	D No.31-13-1158,1st Floor,13/1 Arundelpet,Ward No.6,Guntur-
Guntur(Andhra Pradesh)	522002
	Unit No-115, First Floor Vipul Agora Building Sector-28, Mehrauli
Gurgaon(Haryana)	Gurgaon Road Chakkar Pur, Gurgaon - 122001 Haryana
	Piyali Phukan Road, K.C. Path, House No.1, Rehabari, Guwahati-
Guwahati(Assam)	781008
	G-6 Global Apartment, Kailash Vihar Colony, Opp. Income Tax
	Office, City Centre
Gwalior(Madhyapradesh)	Gwalior Madhya Pradesh-474002
	Mouza-Basudevpur, J.L. No. 126, Haldia Municipality, Ward No
	10, Durgachak,
Haldia(West Bengal)	Haldia Pin Code :- 721602
Haldwani(Uttarpradesh)	Durga City Centre, Nainital Road, Haldwani, Uttarakhand-263139
Haridwar(Uttarpradesh)	F-3, Hotel Shaurya, New Model Colony, Haridwar-249 408
Hazaribag(Jharkhand)	Municipal Muktananda Chowk, Hazaribag, Jharkhand, 825301
	Unit No. 326, Third Floor, One World - 1, Block - A,
Himmatnagar(Gujarat)	Himmatnagar, Gujarat - 383001
	No-12, Opp. HDFC Bank,Red Square
Hisar(Haryana)	Market, Hisar, Haryana, 125001
	Near Archies Gallery, Shimla Pahari Chowk, Hoshiarpur , Punjab
Hoshiarpur(Punjab)	146001
Hassan	Pankaja,2nd floor,Near Hotel Palika, Race Course Road,Hassan -
(Karnataka)	573201
	Survey No.25/204, Attibele Road, HCF Post, Mathigiri, Above Time
Hosur(Tamilnadu)	Kids School, Oppsite To Kuttys Frozen Foods, Hosur-635110
	No.204 - 205,1st Floor' B ' Block, Kundagol ComplexOpp. Court,
Hubli(Karnataka)	Club Road, Hubli, Karnataka, 580029
	208, II FloorJade ArcadeParadise
Hyderabad(Telangana)	Circle, Hyderabad, Telangana, 500003
	101, Shalimar Corporate Centre8-B, South
Indore(Madhyapradesh)	Tukogunj,Opp.Greenpark, Indore,MadhyaPradesh,452001
	8, Ground Floor, Datt Towers, Behind Commercial
Jabalpur(Madhyapradesh)	Automobiles, Napier Town, Jabalpur, Madhya Pradesh, 482001
	R-7, Yudhisthir Marg C-SchemeBehind Ashok Nagar Police
Jaipur(Rajasthan)	Station, Jaipur, Rajasthan, 302001
	144, Vijay Nagar, Near Capital Small Finance Bank, Football
Jalandhar(Punjab)	Chowk, Jalandar City-144001
	Rustomji Infotech Services70, NavipethOpp. Old Bus
Jalgaon(Maharashtra)	StandJalgaon, Maharashtra, 425001
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Name of the branch	Address
	Shop No 6, Ground Floor, Anand Plaza Complex, Bharat
Jalna(Maharashtra)	Nagar,Shivaji Putla Road,Jalna,Maharashtra,431203
	Babu Para, Beside Meenaar Apartment ,Ward No VIII, Kotwali
Jalpaiguri(West Bengal)	Police Station, Jalpaiguri-735101 West Bengal
	JRDS Heights, Lane Opp. S&S Computers Near RBI Building, Sector
Jammu(Jammu & Kashmir)	14, Nanak Nagar Jammu, Jammu & Kashmir, 180004
Jamnagar(Gujarat)	207, Manek Centre, PN Marg, Jamnagar, Gujarat, 361001
	Tee Kay Corporate Towers
	3rd Floor,S B Shop Area,
T 1 1 (TI 11 1)	Main Road, Bistupur,
Jamshedpur(Jharkhand)	Jamshedpur-831001
	Office Number 112, 1st Floor Mahatta Tower, B Block Community
Janakpuri(New Delhi)	Centre, Janakpuri, New Delhi -110058 Phone- 011-41254618
Jaunpur(Uttarpradesh)	248, Fort Road Near Amber Hotel, Jaunpur Uttarpradesh-222001
T	No.372/18D,1st Floor Above IDBI Bank,Beside V-Mart,Near
Jhansi(Uttarpradesh)	RAKSHAN,Gwalior Road,Jhansi-284001
Jodhpur(Rajasthan)	1/5, Nirmal Tower,1st Chopasani Road,Jodhpur,Rajasthan,342003
	Singh Building, Ground Floor, C/o Prabhdeep Singh, Punjabi
Jorhat(Assam)	Gali, Opp V-Mart, Gar Ali, Po & Ps-Jorhat, Jorhat 785001
	"Aastha Plus", 202-A, 2nd FloorSardarbag Road, Nr. AlkapuriOpp.
11 (0)	Zansi Rani Statue
Junagadh(Gujarat)	Junagadh Gujarat-362001
	Bandi Subbaramaiah Complex, D.No:3/1718, Shop No: 8, Raja
Kadapa(Andhra Pradesh)	Reddy Street, Kadapa, Andhra Pradesh, 516001
	D No.25-4-29,1St floor,Kommireddy vari street,Beside Warf
Kakinada(Andhra Pradesh)	Road,Opp swathi medicals,Kakinada-533001
Kalyani(West Bengal)	A-1/50,Block A,Kalyani,Dist Nadia,Westbengal-741235
	Room No.PP.14/435Casa Marina Shopping
Kannur(Kerala)	Centre Talap, Kannur, Kerala, 670004
Kangra (Himachal Pradesh)	College Road Kangra, Opp. Vishal Mega Mart, Tehsil & Distt. Kangra Himachal Pardesh -176001
(Tilliacital Fracesit)	I Floor 106 to 108City Centre Phase II,63/ 2, The Mall Kanpur
Kanpur(Uttarpradesh)	Uttarpradesh-208001
Ranpar(Ctarpracest)	HNo.7-1-257, Upstairs S B H
Karimnagar(Telangana)	mangammathota,Karimnagar,Telangana,505001
Karnal (Parent :Panipat	
TP)(Haryana)	No.29, Avtar Colony, Behind vishal mega mart, Karnal-132001
	126 G, V.P.Towers, Kovai Road, Basement of Axis
Karur(Tamilnadu)	BankKarur,Tamilnadu,639002
	1st Floor, Gurunanak dharmakanta, Jabal pur

Name of the branch	Address	
	Shop No: 11 - 2 - 31/3, 1st floor, Philips Complex, Balajinagar, Wyra	
Khammam(Telangana)	Road, Near Baburao Petrol Bunk, Khammam, Telangana 507001	
	"Silver Palace" OT Road,Inda-Kharagpur,G-P-	
Kharagpur(West Bengal)	Barakola, P.S. Kharagpur Local, Dist West Midnapore-721305	
	2 B, 3rd Floor, Ayodhya Towers, Station	
Kolhapur(Maharashtra)	Road,Kolhapur,Maharashtra,416001	
Kolkata(West Bengal)	2/1,Russell Street,2nd Floor,Kankaria Centre,Kolkata-700071	
Kolkata (West Bengal)	3/1,R.N. Mukherjee Road, 3rd Floor, Office space -3C, Shreeram	
	Chambers, Kolkata -700 001	
Kollam(Kerala)	Uthram Chanmbers(Ground Floor), Thamarakulam, Kollam-691006	
Korba(Chattisgarh)	KH. No. 183/2G, Opposite Hotel Blue Diamond, T.P. Nagar, Korba- 495677	
Kota(Rajasthan)	B-33 'Kalyan Bhawan,Triangle Part,Vallabh Nagar,Kota,Rajasthan,324007	
Kottayam(Kerala)	1307 B,Puthenparambil Building,KSACS Road,Opp.ESIC Office,Behind Malayala Manorama Muttambalam P O,Kottayam-686501	
Trottay arrificerata)	No.15-31-2M-1/4,1st floor,14-A,MIG,KPHB	
Kukatpally(Telangana)	colony,Kukatpally,Hyderabad-500072	
	No.28/8, 1st Floor, Balakrishna Colony, Pachaiappa Street, Near	
Kumbakonam(Tamilnadu)	VPV Lodge, Kumbakonam – 612001	
Krishnanagar	Municipility More, Opposite Kotwali Thana. Pin 741101	
(West Bengal)		
	Shop No.26 and 27,Door No.39/265A and 39/265B,Second	
	Floor, Skanda Shopping Mall, Old Chad Talkies, Vaddageri, 39th	
Kurnool(Andhra Pradesh)	Ward, Kurnool-518001	
	Office No.107,1St Floor, Vaisali Arcade Building, Plot No 11, 6 Park	
Lucknow(Uttarpradesh)	Road,Lucknow-226001	
Ludhiana(Punjab)	U/ GF, Prince Market, Green Field, Near Traffic Lights, Sarabha Nagar Pulli, Pakhowal Road, Ludhiana, Punjab, 141002	
	Shop No 3 2nd Floor, Suriya Towers, 272/273 - Goodshed Street,	
Madurai(Tamilnadu)	Madurai -625001	
Malappuram(Kerala)	Kadakkadan Complex,Opp central school,Malappuram-676505	
	Daxhinapan Abasan,Opp Lane of Hotel Kalinga,SM	
Malda(West Bengal)	Pally,Malda,Westbangal 732101	
	14-6-674/15(1), Shop No -UG11-2, Maximus Complex, Light	
Mangalore(Karnataka)	House Hill Road, Mangalore- 575001	
Mandi	1st Floor, Above Ram Traders, 328/12, Ram Nagar, Mandi,	
(Himachal Pradesh)	Himachal Pradesh – 175001	
	Shop No-A2,Basement floor, Academy Tower,Opposite	
Manipal(Karnataka)	Corporation Bank, Manipal, Karnataka 576104	
Mapusa (Parent ISC :	CAMS COLLECTION CENTRE, Office No. 503, Buildmore Business	
Goa)(Goa)	Park,New Canca By pass Road,Ximer,Mapusa Goa-403507	

Name of the branch	Address
	F4-Classic Heritage, Near Axis Bank, Opp. BPS
Margao(Goa)	Club,Pajifond,Margao,Goa-403601
Mathura(Uttarpradesh)	159/160 Vikas Bazar Mathura Uttarpradesh-281001
-	108 Ist Floor Shivam Plaza, Opp: Eves Cinema, Hapur
Meerut(Uttarpradesh)	Road, Meerut, Uttarpradesh, 250002
	1st Floor,Subhadra ComplexUrban Bank
Mehsana(Gujarat)	RoadMehsana,Gujarat,384002
Mirzapur(Uttarpradesh)	1st Floor, Canara Bank Building, Dhundhi Katra, Mirzapur-231001
	Street No 8-9 Center, Aarya Samaj Road. Near Ice Factory. Moga -
Moga(Punjab)	142 001
	H 21-22, Ist Floor
	Ram Ganga Vihar Shopping Complex,
	Opposite Sale Tax Office,
Moradabad(Uttarpradesh)	Moradabad-244001
	Rajabahdur Compound,Ground FloorOpp Allahabad Bank,
	Behind ICICI Bank30, Mumbai Samachar Marg,
Mumbai(Maharashtra)	FortMumbai,Maharashtra,400023
	No.235,Patel Nagar,Near Ramlila Ground,New
Muzaffarnagar(Uttarpradesh)	Mandi, Muzaffarnagar
Muzaffarpur(Bihar)	Brahman Toli, Durgasthan Gola Road, Muzaffarpur, Bihar, 842001
	No.1,1st Floor,CH.26 7th Main, 5th Cross (Above Trishakthi
Mysore(Karnataka)	Medicals),Saraswati Puram,Mysore,Karnataka,570009
,	F 134, First Floor, Ghantakarna Complex Gunj
Nadiad(Gujarat)	Bazar, Nadiad, Gujarat, 387001
Nagpur(Maharashtra)	145 ,Lendra,New Ramdaspeth,Nagpur,Maharashtra,440010
	156A / 1, First Floor, Lakshmi Vilas BuildingOpp. To District
Namakkal(Tamilnadu)	Registrar Office, Trichy Road, Namakkal, Tamilnadu 637001
	Shop No.8,9 Cellar "Raj Mohammed Complex" Main Road Shri
Nanded(Maharashtra)	Nagar,Nanded-431605
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	1st Floor, "Shraddha Niketan", Tilak Wadi, Opp Hotel City
Nasik(Maharashtra)	Pride,Sharanpur Road,Nasik-422002
,	214-215,2nd floor, Shivani Park,
Navsari(Gujarat)	Opp.Shankheswar Complex,Kaliawadi,Navsari –396445,Gujarat
Travsari(Cajarat)	Shop No. 2, 1st Floor, NSR Complex, James Garden, Near Flower
Nellore(Andhra Pradesh)	Market, Nellore - 524001
TVenore(Tinama Tradesh)	7-E, 4th FloorDeen Dayaal Research Institute BuildingSwami Ram
	Tirath Nagar, Near Videocon Tower Jhandewalan Extension, New
New Delhi(New Delhi)	Delhi,NewDelhi,110055
Tien Dennitiew Denni)	Flat no.512, Narian Manzil, 23 Barakhamba Road Connaught
New Delhi-CC(New Delhi)	Place, New Delhi, 110001
Tien benn benn)	5-6-208, Saraswathi nagar, Opposite Dr.Bharathi rani nursing
Nizamabad(Telangana)	home, Nizamabad, AndhraPradesh503001
TVIZailiavau(Telaligalia)	nome, mzamavau, Anumai faueshououu

Name of the branch	Address
	Commercial Shop No.GF 10 & GF 38, Ground Floor, Ansal
Noida(Uttarpradesh)	Fortune Arcade, Plot No. K-82, Sector -18, Noida-201301
Ongole	Shop No 1128, 1st Floor, 3rd Line, Sri Bapuji Market complex,
(Andhra Pradesh)	Ongole- 523001
	10 / 688, Sreedevi Residency, Mettupalayam
Palakkad(Kerala)	Street,Palakkad,Kerala,678001
Palanpur(Gujarat)	Gopal Trade center, Shop No.13-14,3Rd Floor, Nr.BK Mercantile bank, Opp.Old Gunj, Palanpur-385001
Panipat(Haryana)	SCO 83-84, First Floor, Devi Lal Shopping Complex, Opp RBL Bank, G.T.Road , Panipat, Haryana, 132103
Pathankot(Punjab)	13 - A, Ist Floor, Gurjeet Market, Dhangu Road, Pathankot, Punjab 145001
Patiala(Punjab)	No.35 New Lal Bagh, Opp. Polo Ground, Patiala-147001
Patna(Bihar)	301B, Third Floor, Patna One Plaza, Near Dak Bunglow Chowk Patna 800001
Pitampura(New Delhi)	Number G-8, Ground Floor, Plot No C-9, Pearls Best Height -II, Netaji Subhash Place, Pitampura, New Delhi - 110034
	S-8, 100, Jawaharlal Nehru Street (New Complex, Opp. Indian
Pondicherry(Pondicherry)	Coffee House), Pondicherry, Pondicherry, 605001
	Vartak Pride,1st Floor,Survey No.46,City Survey No.1477,Hingne
	budruk,D.P.Road,Behind Dinanath mangeshkar
Pune(Maharashtra)	Hospital,Karvenagar,Pune-411052
	17, Anand Nagar Complex Opposite Moti Lal Nehru Stadium SAI
Rae Bareli(Uttarpradesh)	Hostel Jail Road Rae Bareilly Uttar pradesh -229001
Raipur(Chattisgarh)	HIG,C-23 Sector - 1Devendra Nagar,Raipur,Chattisgarh,492004
Rajahmundry(Andhra Pradesh)	Door No: 6-2-12, 1st Floor,Rajeswari Nilayam,Near Vamsikrishna Hospital,Nyapathi Vari Street, T Nagar,Rajahmundry,AndhraPradesh,533101
Rajapalayam(Tamilnadu)	No 59 A/1, Railway Feeder Road(Near Railway Station)RajapalayamTamilnadu626117
Rajkot(Gujarat)	Office 207 - 210, Everest BuildingHarihar ChowkOpp Shastri Maidan,Limda Chowk,Rajkot,Gujarat,360001
	4,HB RoadNo: 206,2nd Floor Shri Lok ComplexH B Road Near
Ranchi(Jharkhand)	Firayalal,Ranchi,Jharkhand,834001
	Dafria & Co,No.18, Ram Bagh, Near Scholar's School,Ratlam,
Ratlam(Madhyapradesh)	MadhyaPradesh 457001
	Orchid Tower, Gr Floor, Gala No.06, S.V. No.301/Paiki 1/2, Nachane
D	Municiple Aat, Arogya Mandir, Nachane Link
Ratnagiri(Maharashtra)	Road, At, Post, Tal. Ratnagiri Dist. Ratnagiri-415612
D 1 (1 / II)	SCO 06,Ground Floor,MR Complex,Near Sonipat Stand Delhi
Rohtak(Haryana)	Road, Rohtak-124001
Roorkee(Uttarkhand)	22, Civil Lines, Ground Floor, Hotel Krish Residency, Roorkee, Uttarakhand 247667
Moorkee (Ottarkilariu)	Residency, Nootkee, Ottatakitatid 24/00/

Name of the branch	Address
Rourkela(Orissa)	2nd Floor, JB S Market Complex, Udit Nagar, Rourkela-769012
	Opp. Somani Automobile,s Bhagwanganj Sagar, MadhyaPradesh
Sagar(Madhyapradesh)	470002
	I Floor, Krishna ComplexOpp. Hathi GateCourt
Saharanpur(Uttarpradesh)	Road, Saharanpur, Uttarpradesh, 247001
Calom(Tamilnadu)	No.2, I Floor Vivekananda Street,New Fairlands,Salem,Tamilnadu,636016
Salem(Tamilnadu)	
Sambalpur(Orissa)	C/o Raj Tibrewal & AssociatesOpp.Town High School,Sansarak Sambalpur,Orissa,768001
Sambaipur(Offssa)	Jiveshwar Krupa BldgShop. NO.2, Ground Floor, Tilak
Sangli(Maharashtra)	ChowkHarbhat Road,Sangli,Maharashtra-416416
Sarigii(Wariarasitra)	117 / A / 3 / 22, Shukrawar Peth, Sargam ,
Satara(Maharashtra)	Apartment, Satara, Maharashtra, 415002
	47/5/1, Raja Rammohan Roy SaraniPO. Mallickpara,Dist.
Seerampur(West Bengal)	Hoogly,Seerampur,Westbangal,712203
	Bijlipura, Near Old Distt Hospital, Jail Road ,Shahjahanpur
Shahjahanpur(Uttarpradesh)	Uttarpradesh-242001
Shillong(Meghalaya)	3rd FloorRPG Complex, Keating Road, Shillong, Meghalaya, 793001
	I Floor, Opp. Panchayat Bhawan Main gateBus
Shimla(Himachal Pradesh)	
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	1
(Kajastilali)	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
Silchar	,
(Assam)	1
	No.78, Haren Mukherjee Road, 1st Floor, Beside SBI
Siliguri(West Bengal)	Hakimpara, Siliguri-734001
	M G Complex, Bhawna marg , Beside Over Bridge, Sirsa
Sirsa(Haryana)	
Sitapur(Uttarpradesh)	
Solan(Himachal Pradesh)	
Solapur(Maharashtra)	V V I
Sonepat (Harvana)	Chown, Soliepat - 151001, Halyana
* '	18 I. BlockSri Ganganagar Rajasthan 335001
or ourgangan(ragaoman)	6 6 7
Srikakulam(Andhra Pradesh)	7 7 1
Shimla(Himachal Pradesh) Shimoga(Karnataka) Sikar (Rajasthan) Silchar (Assam) Siliguri(West Bengal)	I Floor, Opp. Panchayat Bhawan Main gateBus stand,Shimla,HimachalPradesh,171001 No.65 1st FloorKishnappa Compound1st Cross, Hosmane Extn,Shimoga,Karnataka,577201 CAMS, C/O Gopal Sharma & Company, Third Floor Sukhshine Complex, Near Geetanjali Book depot, Tapadia Bagichi, Sikar - 332001, Rajasthan House No 18B , 1st Fllor , C/o Lt. Satyabrata Purkayastha Ambicapatty , Silchar 788004 No.78,Haren Mukherjee Road,1st Floor,Beside SBI Hakimpara,Siliguri-734001

Name of the branch	Address
	Shop No.G-5,International Commerce Center,Nr.Kadiwala
Surat(Gujarat)	School, Majura Gate, Ring Road, Surat-395002
	2 M I Park, Near Commerce College, Wadhwan
Surendranagar(Gujarat)	City, Surendranagar Gujarat 363035
Suri	Police Line, Ramkrishna Pally, Suri, Birbhum 731101
(West Bengal)	
	3rd Floor, B R Complex, No.66, Door No.11A, Ramakrishna Iyer
Tambaram(Tamilnadu)	Street,Opp.National Cinema Theatre,West Tambaram,Chennai-600045
Tambaram (Tammaca)	Kanak Tower -1st Floor Opp. IDBI Bank/ ICICI Bank C.K. Das
Tezpur(Assam)	Road, Tezpur Sonitpur, Assam - 784001
Tezpui(133uii)	Dev Corpora,1st Floor,Office No.102,Cadbury Junction,Eastern
Thane(Maharashtra)	Express Way, Thane-400601
Thane(Managarita)	CAMS Transaction Point, Bhowal Complex Ground Floor, Near
	Dena Bank, Rongagora Road PO / Dist - Tinsukia Assam PIN -786
Tinsukia(Assam)	125
, ,	No.F4,Magnam Suraksaa Apatments,Tiruvananthapuram
Tirunelveli(Tamilnadu)	Road, Tirunel veli-627002
	Shop No: 6,Door No: 19-10-8,(Opp to Passport Office),AIR Bypass
Tirupati(Andhra Pradesh)	Road, Tirupati-517501, Andhra Pradesh
	1(1), Binny Compound,II Street,Kumaran
Tirupur(Tamilnadu)	Road, Tirupur, Tamilnadu, 641601
	1st Floor,Room No-61(63),International shopping Mall,Opp.ST Thomas Evangelical Church,Above Thomsan
Tiruvalla(Kerala)	Thomas Evangelical Church, Above Thomsan Bakery, Manjady, Thiruvalla-689105
Trichur(Kerala)	Room No. 26 & 27Dee Pee Plaza, Kokkalai, Trichur, Kerala, 680001
Thenur(Reraia)	No 8, I Floor, 8th Cross West
Trichy(Tamilnadu)	Extn,Thillainagar,Trichy,Tamilnadu,620018
	TC No: 22/902, 1st - Floor "Blossom" Bldg, Opp.Nss Karayogam,
	Sasthamangalam Village P.O, Thiruvananthapuram, Trivandrum-
Trivandrum(Kerala)	695010
,	4B/A16, Mangal Mall Complex, Ground Floor, Mani
Tuticorin(Tamilnadu)	Nagar, Tuticorin Tamilnadu 628003
Udaipur(Rajasthan)	No.32, Ahinsapuri, Fatehpura Circle, Udaipur-313001
Ujjain(Madhyapradesh)	109, 1st Floor, Siddhi Vinayak Trade Center, , Shahid Park, Ujjain -
	456010
W 1 1 (O : .)	103 Aries Complex,Bpc Road, Off R.C.Dutt
Vadodara(Gujarat)	Road, Alkapuri, Vadodara, Gujarat, 390007
Valead(Cujarat)	3rd floor,Gita Nivas, opp Head Post Office,Halar Cross
Valsad(Gujarat)	LaneValsad, Gujarat, 396001
Vani(Cuiarat)	208, 2nd Floor HEENA ARCADE,Opp. Tirupati TowerNear
Vapi(Gujarat)	G.I.D.C. Char Rasta, Vapi, Gujarat, 396195

Name of the branch	Address
	Office no 1, Second floor, Bhawani Market, Building No. D-58/2-
	A1, Rathyatra Beside Kuber Complex, Varanasi, Uttarpradesh-
Varanasi(Uttarpradesh)	221010
	No DU 8, Upper Ground Floor, Behind Techoclean Clinic, Suvidha
Vasco(Parent Goa)(Goa)	Complex Near ICICI Bank, Vasco, Goa, 403802
	BSEL Tech Park, B-505, Plot No.39/5 & 39/5A, Sector
Vashi(Maharashtra)	30A,Opp.Vashi Railway StationmVashi,Navi Mumbai-400705
	Door No. 86, BA Complex, 1st Floor, Shop No.3, Anna Salai (Officer
Vellore(Tamilnadu)	Line), Tollgate, Vellore - 632 001
	40-1-68, Rao & Ratnam Complex, Near Chennupati Petrol
Vijayawada(Andhra Pradesh)	Pump,M.G Road, Labbipet,Vijayawada,AndhraPradesh,520010
Vijaynagaram (Andhra	Door No. 4-8-73, Beside Sub Post Office, Kothagraharam,
Pradesh)	Vizianagaram - 535001, Andhra Pradesh
Visakhapatnam (Andhra	Flat No GF2, D NO 47-3-2/2, Vigneswara Plaza, 5th Lane,
Pradesh)	Dwarakanagar, Visakhapatnam- 530 016
	Hno. 2-4-641, F-7, 1st Floor, A.B.K Mall, Old Bus Depot Road,
Warangal(Telangana)	Ramnagar, Hanamkonda, Warangal.Telangana- 506001
	124-B/R,Model TownYamunanagar,Yamuna
Yamuna Nagar(Haryana)	Nagar,Haryana,135001
	Pushpam, Tilakwadi,Opp. Dr. Shrotri
Yavatmal(Maharashtra)	Hospital,Yavatmal,Maharashtra 445001